

Exposure to indoor air pollution across socio-economic groups in high-income countries: A scoping review of the literature and a modelling methodology

Disparities in outdoor air pollution exposure between individuals of differing socio-economic status is a growing area of research, widely explored in the environmental health literature. However, in developed countries, around 80% of time is spent indoors, meaning indoor air pollution may be a better proxy for personal exposure. Building characteristics - such as build quality, volume and ventilation - and occupant behaviour, mean indoor air pollution may also vary across socio-economic groups, leading to health inequalities. Much of the existing literature has focused on inequalities in exposure to outdoor air pollution, and there is thus a lack of an evidence base reviewing data for indoor environments. In this study, a scoping review of the literature on indoor air pollution exposures across different socio-economic groups is performed, examining evidence from both monitoring and modelling studies in the developed world. The literature was reviewed, identifying different indoor pollutants, definitions for socio-economic status and pre- and post- housing interventions. Based on the review, the study proposes a modelling methodology for evaluating the effects of environmental policies on different socio-economic populations. Using a sample size calculation, obstacles in obtaining sufficiently large samples of monitored data are demonstrated. A modelling framework for the rapid quantification of daily home exposure is then outlined as a proof of concept. While significant additional research is required to examine inequalities in indoor exposures, modelling approaches may provide opportunities to quantify exposure disparities due to housing and behaviours across populations of different socio-economic status.

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Organisations: UCL Energy Institute, UCL Institute for Environmental Design & Engineering, University College London, London, UK., PHE, University College London, Public Health England, University College of London

Contributors: Ferguson, L., Taylor, J., Davies, M., Shrubsole, C., Symonds, P., Dimitroulopoulou, C.

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Are there environmental or agricultural benefits in using forest residue biochar in boreal agricultural clay soil?

Short-term agronomic and environmental benefits are fundamental factors in encouraging farmers to use biochar on a broad scale. The short-term impacts of forest residue biochar (BC) on the productivity and carbon (C) storage of arable boreal clay soil were studied in a field experiment. In addition, rain simulations and aggregate stability tests were carried out to investigate the potential of BC to reduce nutrient export to surface waters. A BC addition of 30 t ha⁻¹ increased soil test phosphorus and decreased bulk density in the surface soil but did not significantly change pH or water retention properties, and most importantly, did not increase the yield. There were no changes in the bacterial or fungal communities, or biomasses. Soil basal respiration was higher in BC-amended plots in the spring, but no differences in respiration rates were detected in the fall two years after the application. Rain simulation experiments did not support the use of BC in reducing erosion or the export of nutrients from the field. Of the C added, on average 80% was discovered in the 0–45 cm soil layer one year after the application. Amendment of boreal clay soil with a high rate of BC characterized by a moderately alkaline pH, low surface functionalities, and a recalcitrant nature, did not induce such positive impacts that would unambiguously motivate farmers to invest in BC. BC use seems unviable from the farmer's perspective but could play a role in climate change mitigation, as it will likely serve as long-term C storage.

General information

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Organisations: Research group: Computational Biophysics and Imaging Group, BioMediTech, Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke), HAMK University of Applied Sciences

Contributors: Soinne, H., Keskinen, R., Heikkinen, J., Hyväluoma, J., Uusitalo, R., Peltoniemi, K., Velmala, S., Pennanen, T., Fritze, H., Kaseva, J., Hannula, M., Rasa, K.

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Ministry of the Environment announces a Guide on Renovation and Repair of Buildings with Moisture and Microbial Damage - From theory to practice

In 2015, the Ministry of the Environment in Finland renewed the legislation and the National Building Code of Finland. It released completely new legislation concerning repair design. This was due to widely known issues relating to the indoor air quality of private and public buildings. In the autumn of 2019, the Ministry of the Environment in Finland published a guide concerning the repairs of moisture and microbial damage. It is available in Finnish and Swedish. This guide is a follow-up of the Environmental Guide "Building Moisture and Indoor Air Quality Assessment", published 2016. It completes the series of guides for the execution of a project repairing indoor air quality issues, from a condition assessment to the completion of repairs and the implementation of the building. These guides lead through common practices and how these issues shall be dealt with in Finland.

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Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Service Life Engineering of Structures, Ramboll Finland Ltd., Aalto University

Contributors: Weijo, I., Turunen, T., Lahdensivu, J., Sistonen, E., Annala, P.

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EXT="Weijo, Inari"

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Research output: Contribution to journal › Conference article › Scientific › peer-review

Utilizing Gelatinized Starchy Waste from Rice Noodle Factory as Substrate for L(+)-Lactic Acid Production by Amyolytic Lactic Acid Bacterium *Enterococcus faecium* K-1

To valorize starchy waste from rice noodle factory, bioconversion of gelatinized starchy waste (GSW) to value-added product as L(+)-lactic acid, the monomer for polylactate synthesis, was investigated using amyolytic lactic acid bacterium, *Enterococcus faecium* K-1. Screening for appropriate nitrogen source to replace expensive organic nitrogen sources revealed that corn steep liquor (CSL) was the most suitable regarding high efficacy for L(+)-LA achievement and low-cost property. The successful applying statistic experimental design, Plackett-Burman design incorporated with central

composite design (CCD), predicted the maximum L(+)-LA of 93.07 g/L from the optimized medium (OM) containing 125.7 g/L GSW and 207.3 g/L CSL supplemented with CH_3COONa , MgSO_4 , MnSO_4 , K_2HPO_4 , CaCl_2 , $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{HC}_6\text{H}_5\text{O}_7$, and Tween80. Minimizing the medium cost by removal of all inorganic salts and Tween80 from OM was not an effect on L(+)-LA yield. Fermentation using the optimized medium without minerals (OM-Mi) containing only GSW (125.7 g/L) and CSL (207.3 g/L) in a 10-L fermenter was also successful. Thinning GSW with α -amylase from *Lactobacillus plantarum* S21 increased L(+)-LA productivity in the early stage of 24-h fermentation. Not only showing the feasible bioconversion process for GSW utilizing as a substrate for L(+)-LA production, this research also demonstrated the efficient model for industrial starchy waste valorization.

General information

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Contributors: Unban, K., Khanongnuch, R., Kanpiengjai, A., Shetty, K., Khanongnuch, C.

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Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Spatial variations in bacterial and archaeal abundance and community composition in boreal forest pine mycorrhizospheres

Mycorrhizal fungi have a strong impact on soil biota. In this study, bacterial and archaeal populations in different parts of *Suillus bovinus* - *Pinus sylvestris* mycorrhizospheres in boreal forest were quantified and identified by DNA analysis. The numbers of bacterial and archaeal 16S rRNA gene copies were highest in uncolonized humus and lowest in fruiting bodies. The numbers of bacterial 16S rRNA gene copies varied from 1.3×10^7 to 3.1×10^9 copies g^{-1} fw and archaeal copies from 4.1×10^7 to 9.6×10^8 copies g^{-1} fw. The relatively high number of archaeal 16S rRNA gene copies was likely due to the cold and highly organic habitat. The presence of hyphae appeared to further promote archaeal numbers and the archaea:bacteria ratio was over one in samples containing only fungal material. Most detected archaea belonged to terrestrial Thaumarchaeota. Proteobacteria, Actinobacteria and Acidobacteria were predictably the dominating bacterial taxa in the samples with clear trend of Betaproteobacteria preferring the pine root habitats.

General information

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Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, University of Helsinki

Contributors: Rinta-Kanto, J. M., Timonen, S.

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Low concentration of zeolite to enhance microalgal growth and ammonium removal efficiency in a membrane photobioreactor

The aim of this work was to study the growth and nutrient removal efficiency of a mixed microalgal culture with and without the addition of low concentrations (0.5, 1, and 5 g L⁻¹ of total liquid volume in the reactor) of natural zeolite. A control test in which only zeolite was added into a similar membrane photobioreactor was also conducted. The addition of 0.5 g L⁻¹ zeolite to a continuously-fed membrane photobioreactor increased the microalgal biomass concentration from 0.50 to 0.90–1.17 g particulate organic carbon per L while the average ammonium removal efficiency increased from 14% to 30%. Upon microscopic inspection, microalgal cells were observed growing on the surface of zeolite particles, which indicates that zeolite can support attached microalgal growth. With higher zeolite doses (1 and 5 g L⁻¹) inside the reactor, however, the breaking apart of added zeolite particles into finer particles dramatically increased solution turbidity, which likely was not beneficial for microalgal growth and ammonium removal due to reduced light penetration. This work shows that low doses of zeolite can be used as microcarriers to enhance microalgal biomass concentration and ammonium removal efficiency, while minimizing zeolite dose would likely reduce the turbidity effects.

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Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, University of South Florida Tampa, UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education, Delft, Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris

Contributors: Tao, R., Bair, R., Pickett, M., Calabria, J. L., Lakaniemi, A., van Hullebusch, E. D., Rintala, J. A., Yeh, D. H.

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ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Chemistry, Water Science and Technology, Waste Management and Disposal

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Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) > [Article](#) > [Scientific](#) > [peer-review](#)

Adjoint-based optimization in the development of low-emission industrial boilers

A gradient-based method has been developed and programmed to optimize the NH (Formula presented.) injections of an existing biomass-fired bubbling fluidized bed boiler, the targets being to minimize both the NO and the NH (Formula presented.) emissions. In this context, the reactive flow inside the boiler is modelled using a custom-built OpenFOAM (Formula presented.) solver, and then the NO and NH (Formula presented.) species are calculated using a post-processing technique. The multiobjective optimization problem is solved by optimizing several weight combinations of the objectives using the gradient-projection method. The required sensitivities were calculated by differentiating the post-processing solver according to the discrete adjoint method. The adjoint-based sensitivities are validated against finite differences calculations. Moreover, in order to evaluate the optimization results, the optimization problem is solved using evolutionary algorithms software. Finally, the optimization results are physically interpreted and the strengths and weaknesses of the proposed method are discussed.

General information

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Contributors: Kanellis, G., Oksanen, A., Kontinen, J.

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Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) › [Article](#) › [Scientific](#) › [peer-review](#)

Towards bioproduction of poly- α -olefins from lignocellulose

Bioprocesses involving more than one species can alleviate restrictions posed by limited substrate range of single species. Coupled, multistage cultures can be useful when heterogeneous substrates, such as lignocellulosic biomass, are exploited. Here, microbial production of α -olefins (C11) from lignocellulosic substrates, namely cellulose and technical lignin, was investigated. A two-stage culture with cellulose fermentation to organic acids by *Clostridium cellulolyticum* and subsequent upgrading of the organic acids to 1-undecene by engineered *Acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1 was established. As a result, *A. baylyi* ADP1 synthesised 107 $\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$ of 1-undecene from cellulose. Additionally, ligninolytic effects by *A. baylyi* ADP1 on softwood were confirmed and downstream processing for continuous 1-undecene collection was introduced. In addition, the synthesis of poly- α -olefin trimers (C33) by the oligomerization of 1-undecene was demonstrated. This study demonstrates the potential of integrated multistage processes in treating challenging substrates.

General information

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Contributors: Salmela, M., Lehtinen, T., Efimova, E., Santala, S., Santala, V.

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Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) › [Article](#) › [Scientific](#) › [peer-review](#)

Particle growth with photochemical age from new particle formation to haze in the winter of Beijing, China

Secondary aerosol formation in the aging process of primary emission is the main reason for haze pollution in eastern China. Pollution evolution with photochemical age was studied for the first time at a comprehensive field observation station during winter in Beijing. The photochemical age was used as an estimate of the timescale attributed to the aging process and was estimated from the ratio of toluene to benzene in this study. A low photochemical age indicates a fresh emission. The photochemical age of air masses during new particle formation (NPF) days was lower than that on haze days. In general, the strongest NPF events, along with a peak of the formation rate of 1.5 nm ($J_{1.5}$) and 3 nm particles (J_3), were observed when the photochemical age was between 12 and 24 h while rarely took place with photochemical ages less than 12 h. When photochemical age was larger than 48 h, haze occurred and NPF was suppressed. The sources and sinks of nanoparticles had distinct relation with the photochemical age. Our results show that the condensation sink (CS) showed a valley with photochemical ages ranging from 12 to 24 h, while H_2SO_4 concentration showed no obvious trend with the photochemical age. The high concentrations of precursor vapours within an air mass lead to persistent nucleation with photochemical age ranging from 12 to 48 h in winter. Coincidentally, the fast increase of $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ mass was also observed during this range of photochemical age. Noteworthy, CS increased with the photochemical age on NPF days only, which is the likely reason for the observation that the $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ mass increased faster with photochemical age on NPF

days compared with other days. The evolution of particles with the photochemical age provides new insights into understanding how particles originating from NPF transform to haze pollution.

General information

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Organisations: Physics, Research group: The Instrumentation, Emissions, and Atmospheric Aerosols Group, Beijing University of Chemical Technology, University of Helsinki, Shanghai Institute of Ceramics Chinese Academy of Sciences, Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences Chinese Academy of Sciences, Tsinghua University, Nanjing University
Contributors: Chu, B., Dada, L., Liu, Y., Yao, L., Wang, Y., Du, W., Cai, J., Dällenbach, K. R., Chen, X., Simonen, P., Zhou, Y., Deng, C., Fu, Y., Yin, R., Li, H., He, X. C., Feng, Z., Yan, C., Kangasluoma, J., Bianchi, F., Jiang, J., Kujansuu, J., Kerminen, V. M., Petäjä, T., He, H., Kulmala, M.

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The most difficult at-fault fatal crashes to avoid with current active safety technology

Objective: We studied which current fatal at-fault crashes would occur despite the most advanced current active safety devices (up to SAE level 2 of driving automation) and how frequent these crashes would be.

Methods: We carried out a cross-sectional study of passenger cars that were first registered during the period 1st January 2010 to 31st December 2017 in Finland. To gain the true exposure for these cars, we accessed the national Vehicular and Driver Data Register to obtain the mileage information and the registration count for the study period of 2010-17. Similarly, we accessed the registry of Finnish road accident investigation teams and included all fatal at-fault crashes among the cars in our study for the same period. We used a real world reference technology for each active safety system in our analysis and chose one car brand as an example. This gave us exact system specifications and enabled testing the operation of the systems on the road. We performed field tests to gain further information on the precise operation of the safety systems in different operating conditions. Finally, we gathered all information on the studied active safety systems and analyzed the investigated at-fault fatal crashes case-by-case using our four level method.

Results: Cars in our study were the primary party in 113 investigated fatal accidents during the years 2010-17. In 87 of the accidents, the leading cause of death was the injuries due to the crash, and these cases were classified as “unavoidable” (n = 58, 67 %), “avoidable” (n = 26, 30 %) or unsolved (n = 3, 3 %). Of the 58 “unavoidable” crashes 21 (36 %) were suicides, 21 (36%) involved active driver input which would have prevented the safety system operation, 15 (17 %) featured circumstances beyond the safety system performance and in one loss-of-control crash the driver had disabled the relevant safety system (electronic stability control). The registration years of the cars in our study (2010-17) totaled 3,772,864 and during this period, the cars travelled 75.9 billion kilometers. The crash incidence of the “unavoidable” at-fault fatal crashes was 0.76-0.80 fatal crashes per billion kilometers and 15-16 fatal crashes per million registration years.

Conclusions: We calculated a crash incidence for the “unavoidable” crashes which was 20–27% smaller than the observed crash rate of ESC-fitted passenger cars in our previous study. We concluded that suicides, active driver input until the crash, and challenging weather and road conditions are the most difficult factors for current active safety systems. Our analysis did not account for issues such as system usability or driver acceptance and therefore our results should be regarded as something that is currently theoretically achievable. However, the observed incidence is a good reference for automated driving development and the crash rate of automated cars.

General information

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Contributors: Koisaari, T., Utriainen, R., Kari, T., Tervo, T.

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Highly ductile amorphous oxide at room temperature and high strain rate

Oxide glasses are an integral part of the modern world, but their usefulness can be limited by their characteristic brittleness at room temperature. We show that amorphous aluminum oxide can permanently deform without fracture at room temperature and high strain rate by a viscous creep mechanism. These thin-films can reach flow stress at room temperature and can flow plastically up to a total elongation of 100%, provided that the material is dense and free of geometrical flaws. Our study demonstrates a much higher ductility for an amorphous oxide at low temperature than previous observations. This discovery may facilitate the realization of damage-tolerant glass materials that contribute in new ways, with the potential to improve the mechanical resistance and reliability of applications such as electronic devices and batteries.

General information

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Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Physics, Research group: Nanophotonics, Italian Institute of Technology, Erich Schmid Institute of Materials Science, Bruker, Norwegian Univ. of Sci. and Technol., University of Lyon

Contributors: Frankberg, E. J., Kalikka, J., Ferré, F. G., Joly-Pottuz, L., Salminen, T., Hintikka, J., Hokka, M., Koneti, S., Douillard, T., Le Saint, B., Kreiml, P., Cordill, M. J., Epicier, T., Stauffer, D., Vanazzi, M., Roiban, L., Akola, J., Fonzo, F. D., Levänen, E., Masenelli-Varlot, K.

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Increasing oxygen deficiency changes rare and moderately abundant bacterial communities in coastal soft sediments

Coastal hypoxia is a major environmental problem worldwide. Hypoxia-induced changes in sediment bacterial communities harm marine ecosystems and alter biogeochemical cycles. Nevertheless, the resistance of sediment bacterial communities to hypoxic stress is unknown. We investigated changes in bacterial communities during hypoxic-anoxic disturbance by artificially inducing oxygen deficiency to the seafloor for 0, 3, 7, and 48 days, with subsequent molecular biological analyses. We further investigated relationships between bacterial communities, benthic macrofauna and nutrient effluxes across the sediment-water-interface during hypoxic-anoxic stress, considering differentially abundant operational taxonomic units (OTUs). The composition of the moderately abundant OTUs changed significantly after seven days of oxygen deficiency, while the abundant and rare OTUs first changed after 48 days. High bacterial diversity maintained the resistance of the communities during oxygen deficiency until it dropped after 48 days, likely due to anoxia-induced loss of macrofaunal diversity and bioturbation. Nutrient fluxes, especially ammonium, correlated positively with the moderate and rare OTUs, including potential sulfate reducers. Correlations may reflect bacteria-mediated nutrient effluxes that accelerate eutrophication. The study suggests that even slightly higher bottom-water oxygen concentrations, which

could sustain macrofaunal bioturbation, enable bacterial communities to resist large compositional changes and decrease the harmful consequences of hypoxia in marine ecosystems.

General information

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Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Helsinki University, Karolinska Institutet, Univ Helsinki, University of Helsinki, Dept Geog, Stockholm University

Contributors: Sinkko, H., Hepolehto, I., Lyra, C., Rinta-Kanto, J. M., Villnäs, A., Norkko, A., Timonen, S.

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Municipal challenges in managing a building with noted health symptoms

Purpose

This study aims to present property management challenges that municipalities have encountered regarding a public building with noted building-related symptoms. The study goes on to provide reasons for the failure of attempts to manage the symptoms and discusses the current challenges concerning the process.

Design/methodology/approach

A participatory case study was used as the research methodology to identify the current challenges concerning a municipal approach to managing the building-related symptoms in a case-study building. The researchers scrutinised the history of the health symptom management process and attended the project planning meetings focused on the investigation of the condition of the building.

Findings

Multiple challenges concerning maintenance and omitted or postponed repair actions, as well as vagueness in the management process were found. In addition to this, it was noted that the complexity of the initial design of the building and vandalism have resulted in challenges for the maintenance and moisture performance of the building structures. According to the study, more orderliness and a more systematic process is needed when managing a municipal property.

Practical implications

The identified property management challenges may be of practical value for the facility managers and the property owners, especially when managing the building-related symptoms and a damaged building.

Originality/value

This study highlights the importance of having an in-depth understanding of condition assessments as well as proper maintenance and timely repairs for the successful management of the building-related symptoms in a municipal building. This is a pilot project in a larger project of management of building refurbishment.

General information

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Contributors: Uotila, U., Saari, A., Junnonen, J.
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Improved water services cooperation through clarification of rules and roles

Water services face global challenges, many of which are institutional by nature. While technical solutions may suit several situations, institutional frameworks are likely to vary more. On the basis of constructive research approach and new institutional economics we analyze and illustrate water services and the roles of various water sector actors in Finnish water utility setting using the "soccer analogy" by the Nobel Laureate D.C. North: Institutions are the "formal and informal rules of the game" while organizations are the "players". Additionally, we assess the Finnish water governance system and discuss issues of scale and fragmentation and distinguish terms water provision and production. Finally, we elaborate the limitations of the soccer analogy to water services through ownership of the systems. According to the soccer analogy, inclusive institutional development requires skillful players (competent staff), team play (collaboration), proper coaching (education), supporters (citizens, media), managers (policymakers), and referees (authorities). We argue that institutional diversity and player/stakeholder collaboration are the foundation for enhancing good multi-level water governance, and that water management, although fragmented, should be seen as a connector of different sectors. For successful outcomes, scientific results should be communicated to public in more common language.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Inha, L. M., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R. P.

Publication date: 19 Oct 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water (Switzerland)

Volume: 11

Issue number: 10

Article number: 2172

ISSN (Print): 2073-4441

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3 SJR 0.657 SNIP 1.074

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Biochemistry, Geography, Planning and Development, Aquatic Science, Water Science and Technology

Keywords: Good governance, Institutional diversity, Institutions, Rules and roles, Soccer analogy, Stakeholder collaboration

Electronic versions:

water-11-02172

DOIs:

10.3390/w11102172

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201911186009>

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85074329077

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Transient-state operation of an anoxic biotrickling filter for H₂S removal

The application of an anoxic biotrickling filter (BTF) for H₂S removal from contaminated gas streams is a promising technology for simultaneous H₂S and NO₃⁻ removal. Three transient-state conditions, i.e. different liquid flow rates, wet-dry bed operations and H₂S shock loads, were applied to a laboratory-scale anoxic BTF. In addition, bioaugmentation of the BTF with a H₂S removing-strain, *Paracoccus* MAL 1HM19, to enhance the biomass stability was investigated. Liquid flow rates (120, 60 and 30 L d⁻¹) affected the pH and NO₃⁻ removal efficiency (RE) in the liquid phase. Wet-dry bed operations at 2–2 h and 24–24 h reduced the H₂S elimination capacity (EC) by 60–80%, while the operations at 1–1 h and 12–12 h had a lower effect on the BTF performance. When the BTF was subjected to H₂S shock loads by instantly increasing the gas flow rate (from 60 to 200 L h⁻¹) and H₂S inlet concentration (from 112 (± 15) to 947 (± 151) ppmv), the BTF still showed a good H₂S RE (>93%, EC of 37.8 g S m⁻³ h⁻¹). Bioaugmentation with *Paracoccus* MAL 1HM19 enhanced the oxidation of the accumulated S₀ to sulfate in the anoxic BTF.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Department of Civil, Architectural and Environmental Engineering (DICEA), University of Naples Federico II, Wageningen University and the UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education, Delft, The Netherlands, 18.10.2013, Hydraulic and Environmental Engineering (IHE) Inst. for Water Education

Contributors: Khanongnuch, R., Di Capua, F., Lakaniemi, A., Rene, E. R., Lens, P.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 42-51

Publication date: 5 Sep 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Hazardous Materials

Volume: 377

ISSN (Print): 0304-3894

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 13.1 SJR 2.01 SNIP 2.159

Original language: English

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<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201906171892>. Embargo ends: 26/05/21

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

The potential of biomethane in replacing fossil fuels in heavy transport-a case study on Finland

Electrification is a frequently discussed solution for reducing transport related carbon dioxide emissions. However, transport sectors such as aviation and heavy-duty vehicles remain dependent on on-board fuels. Here, biomethane is still a little exploited solution, and the case of heavy-duty vehicles is particularly underappreciated despite the recent technical advances and potentially notable emission reductions. This paper discusses the potential of biomethane in heavy-duty road transport in the case of Finland, where the utilization rate is low compared to the technical potential. To this end, the potential of biomethane production through both anaerobic digestion and gasification was calculated in three scenarios for the heavy-duty transport fleet, based on the literature values of biomethane potential and truck class fuel consumption. The authors find that approximately half of the heavy-duty transport in Finland could be biomethane fueled by 2030. The estimated production costs for biomethane (81-190 €/MWh) would be competitive with the current consumer diesel price (152 €/MWh). Utilizing the total biomethane potential in heavy-duty transport would furthermore decrease the respective carbon dioxide emissions by 50%. To accelerate the transition in the heavy-duty transport sector, a more comprehensive political framework is needed, taking into account both production and consumption.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, MAB Powertec Oy, Tampere University

Contributors: Pääkkönen, A., Aro, K., Aalto, P., Konttinen, J., Kojo, M.

Publication date: 1 Sep 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Sustainability

Volume: 11

Issue number: 17
Article number: 4750
ISSN (Print): 2071-1050
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3.2 SJR 0.581 SNIP 1.165

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Geography, Planning and Development, Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law

Keywords: Anaerobic digestion, Biomethane, Carbon emission reduction, Finland, Heavy-duty transport, Renewable transport fuels, Transition, Wood gasification

Electronic versions:

sustainability-11-04750-v2

DOIs:

10.3390/su11174750

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201909193417>

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85071977101

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Cracking of the End Diaphragm of a Post-tensioned Beam Bridge

In concrete beam bridges, the end diaphragm at the end of the bridge is a common structural component that connects the main beams and transfers the beam loads to the bridge bearings. In integral bridges the end diaphragm also retains the soil of embankments due to the absence of abutments. Cracking of the front surface on the end diaphragm has been detected in post-tensioned beam bridges in Finland and Sweden. Presumably the post-tensioning of the bridge and the shaping and detailing of the connection of the end diaphragm and main beam have an effect on cracking tendency. The aim of this study is to examine the structural behaviour and the cracking potential of end diaphragms using linear analysis of the post-tensioned bridge and to find measures to prevent the cracking.

The observations collected through field surveys are compared to results of linear FE analysis to clarify the cause of the cracking. The verification of model is performed by comparison of patterns of cracking observed in field surveys and the distribution of maximum tensile stresses in the FE model. With model variations, the effectiveness of measures for the prevention of cracking are observed.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research group: Vaativat rakenteet, A-Insinöörit Civil Oy

Contributors: Kuusela, M., Asp, O., Laaksonen, A.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 89-104

Publication date: 28 Aug 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Nordic Concrete Research

Volume: 60

Issue number: 1

Article number: 6

ISSN (Print): 0800-6377

Original language: English

Keywords: Bridge,, post-tensioning,, cracking,, concrete,, end diaphragm,

Electronic versions:

Cracking of the End Diaphragm of a Post-tensioned Beam Bridge

DOIs:

10.2478/ncr-2019-0001

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201911286406>

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kuusela, Mikko"

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Denitrifying microbial communities along a boreal stream with varying land-use

Streams have an important role in regulating nitrogen (N) transportation from terrestrial ecosystems to downstream waters. Here, we examined how catchment land-use affects potential denitrification rates and the function and composition of denitrifier communities in boreal stream sediments, using stable isotope incubations and qPCR and 454-pyrosequencing targeted on *nirS*, *nirK* and *nosZ* genes. Although land-use influenced the water chemistry as higher nitrite + nitrate (NO_x^-) concentration at the agriculture-affected sampling point, sediment organic matter content was found to be the key factor in regulating potential denitrification rates. However, the abundance as well as the diversity and community composition of denitrifying microbes, and genetic N_2O production potential (the ratio between *nirS*+*nirK* and *nosZ* gene abundances) were connected to both NO_x^- and sediment quality. Overall, our results suggest that catchment land-use-driven changes in N and carbon availability affect the denitrification rates, and possibly $\text{N}_2:\text{N}_2\text{O}$ production ratio, in boreal streams, through altering denitrifier abundance and community composition.

General information

Publication status: E-pub ahead of print

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, University of Jyväskylä, University of Eastern Finland, University of Helsinki, University of Jyväskylä

Contributors: Aalto, S. L., Saarenheimo, J., Arvola, L., Tirola, M., Huotari, J., Rissanen, A. J.

Publication date: 24 Jul 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Aquatic Sciences

Volume: 81

Issue number: 59

ISSN (Print): 1015-1621

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 4.7 SJR 0.981 SNIP 1.058

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Aalto2019_Article_DenitrifyingMicrobialCommuniti

DOIs:

10.1007/s00027-019-0654-z

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201909052066>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Co-production of 1,3 propanediol and long-chain alkyl esters from crude glycerol

Crude glycerol is an excellent carbon source for bacterial production systems. Bacterial fermentation often generates by-products that can offer an additional carbon pool to improve the product profile for optimal valorization. In this study, the properties of two phylogenetically distinct bacteria, *Acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1 and *Clostridium butyricum*, were coupled in a one-pot batch process to co-produce 1,3 propanediol (PDO) and long-chain alkyl esters (wax esters, WEs) from crude glycerol. In the process, *A. baylyi* deoxygenated the growth medium allowing glycerol fermentation and PDO production by *C. butyricum*. Reaeration of the co-cultivations enabled *A. baylyi* to metabolize the fermentation by-products, acetate and butyrate, and synthesize intracellular WEs. To improve PDO production and *A. baylyi* growth, carbon and macronutrients in the growth medium were screened and optimized using Plackett-Burman and Box-Behnken models. The validation experiment revealed a good correlation between the observed and predicted values. The salting-out method recovered 89.5% PDO from the fermentation broth and in vacuo extraction resulted in a PDO content of 5.3 g L⁻¹. Nuclear magnetic resonance revealed a WE content and yield of 34.4 ± 1.4 mg L⁻¹ and 34.2 ± 3.2 mg WE g⁻¹ dry cell weight, respectively. A molar yield of 0.65 mol PDO mol⁻¹ and 0.62 μmol WE mol⁻¹ crude glycerol was achieved with the synthetic consortium. This work emphasizes the strength of response surface methodology in improving production processes from the mutualistic association of divergent bacterial species in consortium. The co-production of PDO and WEs from crude glycerol is demonstrated for the first time in this study.

General information

Publication status: E-pub ahead of print

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy

Contributors: Mangayil, R., Efimova, E., Kontinen, J., Santala, V.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 81-89

Publication date: 11 Jul 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: New Biotechnology

Volume: 53

ISSN (Print): 1871-6784

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 7.8 SJR 0.949 SNIP 1.224

Original language: English

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Bibliographical note

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Source ID: 31302257

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Engineering and kinetic aspects of bacterial uranium reduction for the remediation of uranium contaminated environments

Biological reduction of soluble uranium from U(VI) to insoluble U(IV) coupled to the oxidation of an electron donor (hydrogen or organic compounds) is a potentially cost-efficient way to reduce the U concentrations in contaminated waters to below regulatory limits. A variety of microorganisms originating from both U contaminated and non-contaminated environments have demonstrated U(VI) reduction capacity under anaerobic conditions. Bioreduction of U(VI) is considered especially promising for in situ remediation, where the activity of indigenous microorganisms is stimulated by supplying a suitable electron donor to the subsurface to contain U contamination to a specific location in a sparingly soluble form. Less studied microbial biofilm-based bioreactors and bioelectrochemical systems have also shown potential for efficient U(VI) reduction to remove U from contaminated water streams. This review compares the advantages and challenges of U(VI)-reducing in situ remediation processes, bioreactors and bioelectrochemical systems. In addition, the current knowledge of U(VI) bioreduction mechanisms and factors affecting U(VI) reduction kinetics (e.g. pH, temperature, and the chemical composition of the contaminated water) are discussed, as both of these aspects are important in designing efficient remediation processes.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy

Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Douglas, G. B., Kaksonen, A. H.

Pages: 198 - 212

Publication date: 5 Jun 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Hazardous Materials

Volume: 371

ISSN (Print): 0304-3894

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 13.1 SJR 2.01 SNIP 2.159

Original language: English

Keywords: Uranium, remediation, Bioreactor, Bioelectrochemical system, Biofilm, Reduction rate

DOIs:

10.1016/j.jhazmat.2019.02.074

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kaksonen, Anna H."

Source: Bibtex

Source ID: LAKANIEMI2019198

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Revisiting the feasibility of biomass-fueled CHP in future energy systems – Case study of the Åland Islands

Biomass has been widely recognized as a sustainable fuel for balancing energy systems with high amounts of varying renewable energy production, mainly from wind or solar power. Combined heat and power (CHP) is an efficient technology for biomass utilization and energy system balancing. Currently, the increasing amount of renewable power production often reduces the price of electricity, which makes CHP plants uneconomical. However, this might not be the case in the future, when the subsidies for developing renewable energy sources are reduced or removed. This paper presents a feasibility analysis of the potential for operational flexibility in a bio-fueled CHP plant in a real-life environment using a spreadsheet model. Three different renewable power production schemes for the Åland Islands were analyzed: the present system, a balanced scenario and a high-wind scenario. The analysis was conducted for three different-sized CHP

plants run in modes which followed either the heat or the power load. Moreover, in one case two more parameters affecting the magnitude and rate of the flexibility were thoroughly examined: the start-up time and the minimum plant load. The results showed that biomass does have a place in future energy systems, and the spreadsheet tool can effectively be used for a CHP feasibility assessment in different operational environments; both for existing CHP plants and for planning new investments. The results indicate that the availability of inexpensive fuel and sufficient income from heat sales have to be secured as the operational environment of the CHP plant changes. The examination of the operational mode revealed that in the power-following mode, where the CHP plant can offer flexibility services, the plant's profitability depends on the rate of compensation for the excess heat or spinning hours.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Valmet Technologies

Contributors: Pääkkönen, A., Joronen, T.

Pages: 66 - 75

Publication date: 15 May 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Energy Conversion and Management

Volume: 188

ISSN (Print): 0196-8904

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 13.6 SJR 2.924 SNIP 2.364

Original language: English

Keywords: Biomass, Operational flexibility, Bio-CHP profitability

DOIs:

10.1016/j.enconman.2019.03.057

Source: Bibtex

Source ID: PAAKKONEN201966

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Long-term performance evaluation of an anoxic sulfur oxidizing moving bed biofilm reactor under nitrate limited conditions

An anoxic sulfur-oxidizing moving bed biofilm reactor (MBBR) treating sulfur and nitrate-contaminated synthetic wastewater was monitored for 306 days under feed nitrogen-to-sulfur (N/S) molar ratios of 0.5, 0.3 and 0.1. Thiosulfate (S₂O₃²⁻) removal efficiencies (RE) exceeding 98% were observed at a N/S ratio of 0.5 and a S₂O₃²⁻ loading rate of 0.9 g S₂O₃²⁻-S L⁻¹ d⁻¹, whereas a RE of 82.3 (±2.6)% and 37.7 (±3.4)% were observed at N/S ratios of 0.3 and 0.1, respectively. Complete nitrate (NO₃⁻) removal was obtained at all tested N/S ratios. A comparison of the kinetic parameters of the MBBR biomass under the same stoichiometric conditions (N/S ratio of 0.5) revealed a 1.3-fold increase of the maximum specific rate of S₂O₃²⁻ oxidation (r_{max}) and a 30-fold increase of the affinity constant for S₂O₃²⁻ (K_s) compared to those observed after long-term NO₃⁻ limitation (N/S ratio of 0.1). The MBBR showed optimal resilience to NO₃⁻ limitation as the S₂O₃²⁻ RE recovered from 37.3% to 94.1% within two days after increasing the N/S ratio from 0.1 to 0.5. Based on PCR-DGGE analysis, sulfur-oxidizing nitrate-reducing bacteria, i.e. Thiobacillus sp. and Sulfuritalea sp., dominated in the MBBR biofilm during the entire study.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Department of Civil and Mechanical Engineering, University of Cassino and Southern Lazio, ENEA/CREATE/Università Degli Studi Napoli Federico II, Wageningen University and the UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education, Delft, The Netherlands, 18.10.2013, Hydraulic and Environmental Engineering (IHE) Inst. for Water Education

Contributors: Khanongnuch, R., Di Capua, F., Lakaniemi, A., Rene, E. R., Lens, P.

Pages: 1072-1081

Publication date: 29 Apr 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Science: Water Research & Technology

Volume: 5

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 2053-1400

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Original language: English

Electronic versions:

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DOIs:

10.1039/C9EW00220K

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201905171646>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Genesis of Water supply and sanitation services in Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Rajala, R. P., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 18-28

Publication date: Apr 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History

Volume: 8

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1799-6953

Original language: Finnish

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URLs:

http://www.cadwes.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/YFJEH-1_2019_low.pdf

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Impacts of short-term temperature fluctuations on biohydrogen production and resilience of thermophilic microbial communities

Anaerobic microflora enriched for dark fermentative H₂ production from a mixture of glucose and xylose was used in batch cultivations to determine the effects of sudden short-term temperature fluctuations on H₂ yield and microbial community composition. Batch cultures initially cultivated at 55 °C (control) were subjected to downward (from 55 °C to 35 °C or 45 °C) or upward (from 55 °C to 65 °C or 75 °C) temperature shifts for 48 h after which, each culture was transferred to a fresh medium and cultivated again at 55 °C for two consecutive batch cycles. The average H₂ yield obtained during the first cultivation at 55 °C was 2.1 ± 0.14 mol H₂ mol⁻¹ hexose equivalent. During the temperature shifts, the obtained H₂ yields were 1.8 ± 0.15, 1.6 ± 0.27 and 1.9 ± 0.00 mol H₂ mol⁻¹ hexose equivalent at 35 °C, 45 °C and 65 °C, respectively, while no metabolic activity was observed at 75 °C. The sugars were completely utilized during the 48 h temperature shift to 35 °C but not at 65 °C and 45 °C. At the end of the second cycle after the different temperature shifts, the H₂ yield obtained was 96.5, 91.6, 79.9 and 54.1% (second cycle after temperature shift to 35 °C, 45 °C, 65 °C and 75 °C, respectively) when compared to the average H₂ yield produced in the control at 55 °C. Characterization of the microbial communities present in the control culture at 55 °C showed the predominance of Thermoanaerobacteriales, Clostridiales and Bacilliales. The microbial community composition differed based on the fluctuation temperature with Thermoanaerobacteriales being most dominant during the upward temperature fluctuations and Clostridiales being the most dominant during the downward temperature fluctuations.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, INRA

Contributors: Okonkwo, O., Escudié, R., Bernet, N., Mangayil, R., Lakaniemi, A., Trably, E.

Pages: 8028-8037

Publication date: 29 Mar 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Hydrogen Energy

Volume: 44

Issue number: 16

ISSN (Print): 0360-3199

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 8 SJR 1.141 SNIP 1.377

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Temperature fluctuation_Okonkwo

DOIs:

10.1016/j.ijhydene.2019.01.256

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201905201649>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Scaling up the treatment of the fine fraction from landfill mining: Mass balance and cost structure

The treatment of the fine fraction (FF) obtained from landfill mining is necessary in order to reduce the amount of organic matter and biological activity in FF, thus increasing its potential to be utilized after landfill mining. This paper suggests the scaled up anaerobic and aerobic treatment of FF, with or without continuous irrigation, and presents the mass balance and cost structure of such treatment based on two hypothetical landfills. The physical treatment structure for the treatment of FF should prevent emissions, and in this paper, it includes suitable bottom and top liners as well as the collection and treatment of the gaseous and leachate emissions formed during the treatment. Methane produced in anaerobic treatments could either be utilized for energy recovery or be flared. The cost of the anaerobic and aerobic treatment of FF, including investments and operation costs, are 20–65 €/t FF, depending on size of the landfill. The costs of anaerobic treatment and passive aeration are similar, and active aeration is slightly more expensive, but the cost of the continuous irrigation is the most significant, as it multiplies the leachate treatment costs. The overall cost of treatment could be lowered by reducing the treatment time and utilizing existing landfill structures. The results of this paper can be used in planning and estimating the cost of the biological treatment of FF when evaluating landfill mining projects, as the fate of FF may have a major impact on the economics of landfill mining projects.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Mustankorkea Ltd. Waste Management Company

Contributors: Mönkäre, T., Palmroth, M. R., Sormunen, K., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 464-471

Publication date: 15 Mar 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 87

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

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ASJC Scopus subject areas: Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Biological treatment, Cost structure, Fine fraction, Landfill mining, Mass balance

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2019.02.032

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=85061658603&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85061658603

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Fluidized bed bioreactor for multiple environmental engineering solutions

Fluidized bed bioreactors (FBR) are characterized by two-phase mixture of fluid and solid, in which the bed of solid particles is fluidized by means of downward or upward recirculation stream. FBRs are widely used for multiple environmental engineering solutions, such as wastewater treatment, as well as some industrial applications. FBR offers many benefits such as compact bioreactor size due to short hydraulic retention time, long biomass retention on the carrier, high conversion rates due to fully mixed conditions and consequently high mass transfer rates, no channelling of flow, dilution of influent concentrations due to recycle flow, suitability for enrichment of microbes with low K_m values. The disadvantages of FBRs include bioreactor size limitations due to the height-to-diameter ratio, high-energy requirements due to high recycle ratios, and long start-up period for biofilm formation. This paper critically reviews some of the key

studies on biomass enrichment via immobilisation of low growth yield microorganisms, high-rates via fully mixed conditions, technical developments in FBRs and ways of overcoming toxic effects via solution recycling. This technology has many potential new uses as well as hydrodynamic characteristics, which enable high-rate environmental engineering and industrial applications.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Yildiz Technical University, Istanbul Medeniyet University, CSIRO Land and Water

Contributors: Özkaya, B., Kaksonen, A. H., Sahinkaya, E., Puhakka, J. A.

Pages: 452 - 465

Publication date: 1 Mar 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Research

Volume: 150

ISSN (Print): 0043-1354

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 14.5 SJR 2.932 SNIP 2.542

Original language: English

Keywords: Biofilm, Fluidized bed bioreactor, High rate, Water treatment, Wastewater treatment

DOIs:

10.1016/j.watres.2018.11.061

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kaksonen, Anna H."

EXT="Sahinkaya, Erkan"

Source: Bibtex

Source ID: OZKAYA2019452

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Particulate Mass and Nonvolatile Particle Number Emissions from Marine Engines Using Low-Sulfur Fuels, Natural Gas, or Scrubbers

In order to meet stringent fuel sulfur limits, ships are increasingly utilizing new fuels or, alternatively, scrubbers to reduce sulfur emissions from the combustion of sulfur-rich heavy fuel oil. The effects of these methods on particle emissions are important, because particle emissions from shipping traffic are known to have both climatic and health effects. In this study, the effects of lower sulfur level liquid fuels, natural gas (NG), and exhaust scrubbers on particulate mass (PM) and nonvolatile particle number (PN greater than 23 nm) emissions were studied by measurements in laboratory tests and in use. The fuel change to lower sulfur level fuels or to NG and the use of scrubbers significantly decreased the PM emissions. However, this was not directly linked with nonvolatile PN emission reduction, which should be taken into consideration when discussing the health effects of emitted particles. The lowest PM and PN emissions were measured when utilizing NG as fuel, indicating that the use of NG could be one way to comply with up-coming regulations for inland waterway vessels. Low PN levels were associated with low elemental carbon. However, a simultaneously observed methane slip should be taken into consideration when evaluating the climatic impacts of NG-fueled engines.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: The Instrumentation, Emissions, and Atmospheric Aerosols Group, Physics, Research area: Aerosol Physics, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland, Finnish Meteorological Institute

Contributors: Lehtoranta, K., Aakko-Saksa, P., Murtonen, T., Vesala, H., Ntziachristos, L., Rönkkö, T., Karjalainen, P., Kuittinen, N., Timonen, H.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 3315-3322

Publication date: 19 Feb 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Science and Technology

Volume: 53

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 0013-936X

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Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 12.6 SJR 2.704 SNIP 2.06

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1021/acs.est.8b05555

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The potential of electric trucks – An international commodity-level analysis

Development of battery technology is making battery electric heavy duty trucks technically and commercially viable and several manufacturers have introduced battery electric trucks recently. However, the national and sectoral differences in freight transport operations affect the viability of electric trucks. The aim of this paper is to develop a methodology for estimating the potential of electric trucks and demonstrate the results in Switzerland and Finland. Commodity-level analysis of the continuous road freight survey data were carried out in both countries. As much as 71% of Swiss road freight transport tonne-kilometers may be electrified using battery electric trucks but Finland has very limited potential of 35%, due to the use of long and heavy truck-trailer combinations. Within both countries the electrification potential varies considerably between commodities, although in Finland more so than in Switzerland. Commodities which are constrained by payload volume rather than weight and are to large extent carried using medium duty or <26t rigid trucks seem to provide high potential for electrification even with the current technology. Electric trucks increase the annual electricity consumption by only 1–3%, but truck charging is likely to have a large impact on local grids near logistics centres and rest stations along major roads. A spatial analysis by routing the trips reported in the datasets used in this study should be carried out. Future research should also include comparison between the alternate ways of electrifying road freight transport, i.e. batteries with charging, batteries with battery swapping and electrified road systems.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Civil Engineering, HCI e 486.1

Contributors: Liimatainen, H., van Vliet, O., Aplyn, D.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 804-814

Publication date: 15 Feb 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 14 Dec 2018

Publication information

Journal: Applied Energy

Volume: 236

ISSN (Print): 0306-2619

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 16.4 SJR 3.607 SNIP 2.865

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Building and Construction, Energy(all), Mechanical Engineering, Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law

Keywords: Charging infrastructure, Electric trucks, Logistics, Road freight transport

Electronic versions:

1-s2.0-S0306261918318361-main

DOIs:

10.1016/j.apenergy.2018.12.017

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201901081024>

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85058374379

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Highly compact TiO₂ films by spray pyrolysis and application in perovskite solar cells

Transparent and pinhole free hole-blocking layers such as TiO₂ grown at low temperatures and by scalable processes are necessary to reduce production costs and thus enabling commercialization of perovskite solar cells. Here, the authors compare the transport properties of TiO₂ compact layers grown by spray pyrolysis from commonly used titanium diisopropoxide bisacetylacetonate ([Ti(OPri)₂(acac)₂]) precursor to films grown by spray pyrolysis of TiCl₄. Spray pyrolysis provides insights into the interdependence of precursor chemistry and electron transport properties of TiO₂ films and their influence on the performance of the perovskite solar cells. X-ray diffraction and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy data confirm the chemical and structural composition of the obtained films. Thin film deposition at lower temperature (150 °C) are conducted using TiCl₄ to evaluate the influence of crystal growth and topography by scanning electron microscopy and atomic force microscopy as well as thickness (profilometry) and transmittance (UV/Vis spectroscopy) on the power conversion efficiency of perovskite solar cells. TiO₂ compact layers grown from TiCl₄ enhance the power conversion

efficiency by acting as superior electron transfer medium and by reducing hysteresis behavior, when compared to films grown using titanium diisopropoxide bisacetylacetonate. UV/Vis spectroscopy and external quantum efficiency studies reveal the correlation of transmittance on the power conversion efficiency.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials, Department of Inorganic Chemistry, University of Cologne, École de technologie supérieure (ÉTS) Department of Electrical Engineering, 1100 rue Notre-Dame Ouest Montréal (QC), H3C 1K3 Canada, Forschungszentrum Jülich (FZJ), Centre Énergie, Matériaux et Télécommunications, INRS, 1650 Boulevard Lionel Boulet, Varennes, QC, J3 × 1S2 Canada
Contributors: Möllmann, A., Gedamu, D., Vivo, P., Frohnhoven, R., Stadler, D., Fischer, T., Ka, I., Steinhorst, M., Nechache, R., Rosei, F., Cloutier, S. G., Kirchartz, T., Mathur, S.

Number of pages: 8

Publication date: Jan 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Advanced Engineering Materials

Volume: 21

Issue number: 4

Article number: 1801196

ISSN (Print): 1438-1656

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 4.8 SJR 0.917 SNIP 1.151

Original language: English

Keywords: perovskite solar cells, compact layer, spray pyrolysis

DOIs:

10.1002/adem.201801196

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Microstructure-property relationships of novel ultra-high strength press hardening steels

The industrial significance of microalloyed martensitic steels manufactured via cold rolling, re-austenitization, and quenching has been typically recognized as low. However, it is currently believed that microalloying can improve the in-service properties of ultra-high-strength press hardening steels. In this work, five 34MnB5-based steels were designed to address the role of Ti and V when combined with Cr or Mo. Microstructure-property relationships were analyzed after die quenching and additional bake hardening (BH) heat treatment using advanced methods of microscopy, glow discharge optical emission spectroscopy, quasi-static tensile tests, and three-point bending tests. Results indicate that both Ti and V can provide grain size refinement through the formation of stable nanosized precipitates. The BH treatment improved postuniform elongation values, indicating a trend of improved ductility. However, the expected improvements in bendability were clearly confirmed only for two V-microalloyed steels with the alloying concepts of 0.3Cr-0.15V-0.03Al-0.02Ti-0.0020B and 0.3Mo-0.15V-0.0060N (without Al-Ti-B additions) (wt pct). Thus, it was discovered that microalloying with V, when combined with either Cr or Mo, provides a promising combination of mechanical properties as far as the austenitization parameters are appropriately controlled.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science, Research group: Metals Technology, Research group: Materials Characterization, SSAB Europe Oy

Contributors: Järvinen, H., Honkanen, M., Oja, O., Järvenpää, M., Peura, P.

Number of pages: 21

Pages: 816-836

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 29 Nov 2018

Publication information

Journal: Metallurgical and Materials Transactions A: Physical Metallurgy and Materials Science

Volume: 50

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1073-5623

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3.9 SJR 0.906 SNIP 1.22

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Condensed Matter Physics, Mechanics of Materials, Metals and Alloys
Keywords: Press hardening, Bake hardening, Martensite, EBSD, TEM, Mechanical behavior
Electronic versions:

Microstructure-property_relationships_2018. Embargo ended: 29/11/19

DOIs:

10.1007/s11661-018-4967-7

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201912307139>. Embargo ended: 29/11/19

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Towards the EU emissions targets of 2050: optimal energy renovation measures of Finnish apartment buildings

Member countries of the European Union have released targets to reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 80% by the year 2050. Energy use in buildings is a major source of these emissions, which is why this study focused on the cost-optimal renovation of Finnish apartment buildings. Apartment buildings from four different construction years (pre-1976, 1976–2002, 2003–2009 and post-2010) were modelled, using three different heating systems: district heating, ground-source heat pump and exhaust air heat pump. Multi-objective optimisation was utilised to find the most cost-effective energy renovation measures. Most cost-effective renovation measures were ground-source heat pumps, demand-based ventilation and solar electricity. Additional thermal insulation of walls was usually too expensive. By performing only the cost-effective renovations, the emissions could be reduced by 80%, 82%, 69% and 68%, from the oldest to the newest buildings, respectively. This could be done with the initial investment cost of 296, 235, 115 and 104 €/m², respectively.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Aalto University, Nanjing Tech University

Contributors: Hirvonen, J., Jokisalo, J., Heljo, J., Kosonen, R.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 2018

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Sustainable Energy

Volume: 38

Issue number: 7

ISSN (Print): 1478-6451

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3 SJR 0.427 SNIP 0.595

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Fuel Technology, Energy(all), Process Chemistry and Technology, Fluid Flow and Transfer Processes

Keywords: apartment building, Cost-optimal renovation, energy performance, greenhouse gas emissions, multi-objective optimisation

DOIs:

10.1080/14786451.2018.1559164

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85058681434

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

High-solids anaerobic digestion requires a trade-off between total solids, inoculum-to-substrate ratio and ammonia inhibition

Increasing total solids in anaerobic digestion can reduce the methane yield by highly complex bio-physical-chemical mechanisms. Therefore, understanding those mechanisms and their main drivers becomes crucial to optimize this waste treatment biotechnology. In this study, seven batch experiments were conducted to investigate the effects of increasing the initial total solids in high-solids anaerobic digestion of the organic fraction of municipal solid waste. With inoculum-to-substrate ratio = 1.5 g VS/g VS and maximum total solids ≤ 19.6%, mono-digestion of the organic fraction of municipal solid waste showed a methane yield = 174–236 NmL CH₄/g VS. With inoculum-to-substrate ratio ≤ 1.0 g VS/g VS and maximum total solids ≥ 24.0%, mono-digestion experiments acidified. Co-digestion of the organic fraction of municipal solid waste and beech sawdust permitted to reduce the inoculum-to-substrate ratio to 0.16 g VS/g VS while increasing total solids up to 30.2%, though achieving a lower methane yield (117–156 NmL CH₄/g VS). At each inoculum-to-substrate ratio, higher total solids corresponded to higher ammonia and volatile fatty acid accumulation. Thus, a 40% lower methane yield for mono-digestion was observed at a NH₃ concentration ≥ 2.3 g N-NH₃/kg reactor content and total solids = 15.0%. Meanwhile, co-digestion lowered the nitrogen content, being the risk of acidification exacerbated only at total solids ≥ 20.0%. Therefore, the biodegradability of the substrate, as well as the operational total solids and inoculum-to-substrate ratio, are closely interrelated parameters determining the success of methanogenesis, but also the risk of ammonia inhibition in high-solids anaerobic digestion.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Department of Civil and Mechanical Engineering, University of Cassino and Southern Lazio, LBE, INRA, ENEA/CREATE/Università Degli Studi Napoli Federico II

Contributors: Pastor-Poquet, V., Papirio, S., Trably, E., Rintala, J., Escudí, R., Esposito, G.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

ISSN (Print): 1735-1472

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 2.9 SJR 0.518 SNIP 1.016

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Engineering, Environmental Chemistry, Agricultural and Biological Sciences(all)

Keywords: Batch experiments, Co-digestion, High-solids anaerobic digestion, Methane yield, Organic fraction of municipal solid waste, Thermophilic, Volatile fatty acids

DOIs:

10.1007/s13762-019-02264-z

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85061488051

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Acetotrophic Activity Facilitates Methanogenesis from LCFA at Low Temperatures: Screening from Mesophilic Inocula

The inoculum source plays a crucial role in the anaerobic treatment of wastewaters. Lipids are present in various wastewaters and have a high methanogenic potential, but their hydrolysis results in the production of long chain fatty acids (LCFAs) that are inhibitory to anaerobic microorganisms. Screening of inoculum for the anaerobic treatment of LCFA-containing wastewaters has been performed at mesophilic and thermophilic conditions. However, an evaluation of inocula for producing methane from LCFA-containing wastewater has not yet been conducted at low temperatures and needs to be undertaken. In this study, three inocula (one granular sludge and two municipal digester sludges) were assessed for methane production from LCFA-containing synthetic dairy wastewater (SDW) at low temperatures (10 and 20°C). A methane yield (based on mL-CH₄/g-COD added) of 86-65% with acetate and 45-20% with SDW was achieved within 10 days using unacclimated granular sludge, whereas the municipal digester sludges produced methane only at 20°C but not at 10°C even after 200 days of incubation. The acetotrophic activity in the inoculum was found to be crucial for methane production from LCFA at low temperatures, highlighting the role of Methanosaeta (acetoclastic archaea) at low temperatures. The presence of bacterial taxa from the family Syntrophaceae (Syntrophus and uncultured taxa) in the inoculum was found to be important for methane production from SDW at 10°C. This study suggests the evaluation of acetotrophic activity and the initial microbial community characteristics by high-throughput amplicon sequencing for selecting the inoculum for producing methane at low temperatures (up to 10°C) from lipid-containing wastewaters.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Natl. University of Ireland, Galway

Contributors: Singh, S., Rinta-Kanto, J., Kettunen, R., Lens, P., Collins, G., Kokko, M., Rintala, J.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: ARCHAEA

Volume: 2019

Article number: 1751783

ISSN (Print): 1472-3646

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 5.4 SJR 1.188 SNIP 0.846

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

singh et al. 2019

DOIs:

10.1155/2019/1751783

URLs:

Water Supply and Sanitation in a Green Economy Society: The Case of Finland

A green economy specifically considers the welfare of the environment and is closely aligned with sustainable development—in both, the use of natural resources should be less than their natural production. In this article, the concept of a green economy is discussed from the viewpoint of water services, a crucial part of a sustainable society, with the objective of enhancing knowledge about sustainable and resilient water services that will meet society's future demands. Drawing from a literature review and a stakeholder workshop attended by 68 experts, it seeks to answer three research questions: (a) What are appropriate and sustainable urban water supply and sanitation policies for a society that is adopting the basic principles of a green economy? (b) What should be the role of water supply and sanitation in a green and circular economy and what are the current challenges to meeting this objective? and (c) What actions are needed in the Finnish water and sanitation services (WSS) sector to effectively meet the requirements of a green and circular economy? The results are applied to the specific case of Finland, and recommendations and conclusions for the Finnish society and its water services are presented.

General information

Publication status: E-pub ahead of print

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Laitinen, J., Antikainen, R., Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management and Policy

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 1.9 SJR 0.448 SNIP 1.183

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Business, Management and Accounting (miscellaneous), Sociology and Political Science, Public Administration

Keywords: green economy, sanitation, sustainable development, water services, water supply

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X19847211

Bibliographical note

EXT="Laitinen, Jyrki"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85066303562

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

A decade of Finnish engineering education for sustainable development

Purpose

The paper aims to examine the current status and development of sustainable development in Finnish engineering education.

Design/methodology/approach

The study consists of interviews with key stakeholders supplemented with the analysis of documented material.

Development is discussed in relation to the findings of collaborative strategy process in the year 2009.

Findings

The paper observes that the Finnish universities providing engineering education are committed to sustainable development in their strategies. However, a lot of work remains to be done before the strategies are implemented and sustainable development is integrated to all degree programs. Explicit knowledge and individual learning in clearly defined disciplinary boundaries have been the main focus of engineering education.

Practical implications

The paper suggests that engineers need to be provided with mental tools to cope with uncertainty, complexity and ambiguity. Key competencies include holistic understanding, communication and collaboration skills, ability and willingness for critical and reflective thinking, creativity, innovativeness and entrepreneurship. Thus, collaborative learning, open dialogue and innovation are at the heart of education for sustainable development.

Originality/value

This paper has a relatively wide approach as it analyses sustainable development in the context of Finnish engineering education both on institutional and societal levels and is based on a national project.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Civil Engineering, Kevo
Contributors: Takala, A., Korhonen-Yrjänheikki, K.
Pages: 170-186
Publication date: 2019
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF SUSTAINABILITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION
Volume: 20
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 1467-6370
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3.2 SJR 0.635 SNIP 1.329
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1108/IJSHE-07-2018-0132
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Microalgae grow on source separated human urine in Nordic climate: Outdoor pilot-scale cultivation

Human urine contributes approximately 80% of nitrogen and 50% of phosphorous in urban wastewaters while having a volume of only 1–1.5L/d per capita compared to 150–200L/d per capita of wastewater generated. There is interest to study source separation of urine and search methods to recover the nutrients from the urine. In this study, the objective was to use the nutrients in source separated urine for outdoor cultivation of microalgae in Nordic climate. A freshwater green microalga *Scenedesmus acuminatus* was grown in different dilutions (1:20 and 1:15) of source separated human urine, in a semi-continuously operated outdoor raceway pond with a liquid volume of 2000 L, at hydraulic retention time of 15d. The microalgae could remove 52% nitrogen and 38% phosphorus even at culture temperatures as low as 5°C, while obtaining a biomass density of 0.34g VSS/L. Harvested microalgal biomass could be used to produce methane with a yield of 285L CH₄/kg volatile solids.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering
Contributors: Chatterjee, P., Granatier, M., Ramasamy, P., Kokko, M., Lakaniemi, A., Rintala, J.
Number of pages: 9
Pages: 119 - 127
Publication date: 2019
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Environmental Management
Volume: 237
ISSN (Print): 0301-4797
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 7.6 SJR 1.321 SNIP 1.839
Original language: English
Keywords: Microalgae, Nutrient recovery, Raceway pond, Source separated human urine
DOIs:
10.1016/j.jenvman.2019.02.074

Bibliographical note

INT=msee,"Granatier, Marianna"
Source: Bibtex
Source ID: CHATTERJEE2019119
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Use of factorial experimental design to study the effects of iron and sulfur on growth of *Scenedesmus acuminatus* with different nitrogen sources

The aim of this study was to determine the combined effects of iron and sulfur on microalgal biomass concentration and removal efficiency of nitrogenous compounds using factorial design. *Scenedesmus acuminatus* (currently accepted name *Tetradesmus lagerheimii*) was separately cultivated in batch photobioreactors using modified N-8 media with two nitrogen sources, nitrate, and ammonium. To study the interaction effect between iron and sulfur and to reduce the total number of experimentally studied combinations, a factorial design was used. Three iron (0.1, 1, and 1.9 mg L⁻¹) and three sulfur concentrations (3.7, 20, and 35.8 mg L⁻¹) were employed to the modified N-8 media in this study. The results show that the final microalgal biomass concentration and nitrogen removal efficiency were more sensitive to the changes in iron and sulfur concentrations in the media with nitrate than with ammonium possibly because of the different assimilation mechanisms used by microalgae for these two nitrogen sources. The created models demonstrated that iron had a statistically significant effect on the microalgal biomass concentration and nitrate removal efficiency while sulfur did not. In addition, the interaction effect between iron and sulfur was not significant on microalgal biomass concentration and nitrogen removal. In synthetic medium with nitrate as nitrogen source, the highest microalgal biomass concentration was obtained with 1.0 mg L⁻¹ iron and 35.8 mg L⁻¹ sulfur.

General information

Publication status: E-pub ahead of print

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, University of South Florida Tampa, Université de Paris-Sud, UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education, Delft, Hydraulic and Environmental Engineering (IHE) Inst. for Water Education

Contributors: Tao, R., Bair, R., Lakaniemi, A. M., van Hullebusch, E. D., Rintala, J. A.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Applied Phycology

ISSN (Print): 0921-8971

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 5.1 SJR 0.89 SNIP 1.198

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Aquatic Science, Plant Science

Keywords: Chlorophyceae, Factorial experimental design, Iron, Microalgal growth, Nitrogen removal, Sulfur

Electronic versions:

Tao2019_Article_UseOfFactorialExperimentalDesi

DOIs:

10.1007/s10811-019-01915-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201912026476>

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85074596640

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Students' Perceived Priorities on Water as a Human Right, Natural Resource, and Multiple Goods

It is often noted, water is one of the most critical natural resources in the world—one we must take care of so that future generations can enjoy safe water. This study specifically explores university-level water and environmental students' views on perceived priorities on water. The recent debate on water policy and its complexity is first reviewed, followed by a study on how students perceived water through six predetermined criteria. Interactive learning events (n = 241) were arranged worldwide in 2011–2015 in seven countries and one region: Finland, Latvia, South Africa, Brazil, Mexico, Sri Lanka, USA, and Southern Africa region. The relative distribution of the criteria totaling 100% were as follows: Basic human right 31%, natural resource 25%, economic good 15%, public and social good both 11%, and cultural good 7%. The views did not substantially differentiate despite the different socio-economic conditions. Yet, basic human right should be interpreted wisely remembering environmental, economic, and other realities. Here, the target group consisted of water and environmental students, and it would be very interesting to conduct a comparative study among students in other fields (sociology, economics, etc.). On the whole, we should further analyze the value of water and its priorities to make it easier to manage water resources in the future.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, University of Latvia

Contributors: Rajala, R. P., Katko, T. S., Springe, G.

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Sustainability

Volume: 11

Issue number: 22

Article number: 6354

ISSN (Print): 2071-1050

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 3.2 SJR 0.581 SNIP 1.165

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.3390/su11226354

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Adaptation of Black Carbon Footprint concept would accelerate mitigation of global warming

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Physics, Research group: The Instrumentation, Emissions, and Atmospheric Aerosols Group, Industrial Engineering and Management, Research group: Cost Management Center, Materials Science and Environmental Engineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Atmospheric Composition Research, Finnish Meteorological Institute, Tampere University, Servicio Meteorológico Nacional, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland, Helsinki Region Environmental Services Authority (HSY), Department of Environmental Sciences, Helsinki University, Helsinki Region Environmental Services Authority HSY, Helsinki Region Environmental Services Authority, Helsinki Region Environmental Services Authority (HSY), Finnish Environment Institute, University of Eastern Finland, Finnish Meteorological Institute, Helsinki, Airmodus Oy, Centro Mario Molina Chile, Lund University, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Universidad de Chile

Contributors: Timonen, H., Karjalainen, P., Aalto, P., Saarikoski, S., Mylläri, F., Karvosenoja, N., Jalava, P., Asmi, E., Aakko-Saksa, P., Saukkonen, N., Laine, T., Saarnio, K., Niemelä, N., Enroth, J., Väkevä, M., Oyola, P., Pagels, J., Ntzachristos, L., Cordero, R., Kuittinen, N., Niemi, J. V., Rönkkö, T.

Pages: 12153-12155

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Science and Technology

Volume: 53

Issue number: 21

ISSN (Print): 0013-936X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 12.6 SJR 2.704 SNIP 2.06

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1021/acs.est.9b05586

Bibliographical note

DUPL=50894228

Merkitty Julk0000 Virta-siirtoa varten

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

CO2 reduction costs and benefits in transport: socio-technical scenarios

The transport sector produces 23% of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions globally. While the mitigation of climate change requires GHG emissions to be drastically reduced, the emissions from the transport sector are expected to grow. The purpose of this study is to produce alternative scenarios which meet the target of 80% CO2 emission reduction by 2050 for the Finnish transport sector and to analyse the carbon abatement potentials, costs and benefits of the required behavioural and technological measures. We found that the most cost-efficient measure for the society is to support a shift from private car use to shared car use through increasing car-sharing and ride-sharing. Aiming to reach the emission reduction targets solely through technological measures would require a rapid uptake of alternative energies and the society would not receive the possible benefits, including health benefits, energy savings and fixed car cost savings.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Civil Engineering

Contributors: Liimatainen, H., Pöllänen, M., Viri, R.
Number of pages: 12
Publication date: 21 Dec 2018
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: European Journal of Futures Research
Volume: 2018

Issue number: 6:22
ISSN (Print): 2195-4194

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 0.3 SJR 0.13 SNIP 0.119

Original language: English

Keywords: Transport, GHG emissions, Emission reduction, Costs, Benefits, Scenarios

Electronic versions:

Liimatainen2018_Article_CO2ReductionCostsAndBenefitsIn

DOIs:

10.1186/s40309-018-0151-y

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tyy-201901081031>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Halogen-Bond-Assisted Photoluminescence Modulation in Carbazole-Based Emitter

Halogen bonding between a carbazole-based, pyridine-substituted organic semiconductor and a common halogen-bond donor (pentafluoriodobenzene) yields efficient halogen-bond-driven fluorescence modulation in solution. Steady-state, time-resolved emission and absorption spectroscopy as well as density functional theory studies demonstrate that the fluorescence modulation arises from halogen-bond-induced intramolecular charge transfer. Fluorescence modulation offers a range of possibilities both in solution and in the solid state, for instance providing a potential pathway for the design of tunable luminescent materials for light-emitting devices.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials

Contributors: Salunke, J., Durandin, N., Ruoko, T., Rafael Candeias, N., Vivo, P., Vuorimaa-Laukkanen, E., Laaksonen, T., Priimägi, A.

Publication date: 26 Sep 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Scientific Reports

Volume: 8

Article number: 14431

ISSN (Print): 2045-2322

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 6.4 SJR 1.414 SNIP 1.274

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

s41598-018-32830-3

DOIs:

10.1038/s41598-018-32830-3

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tyy-201810302499>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Anxiety vs reality – Sufficiency of battery electric vehicle range in Switzerland and Finland

Limitations of battery capacity in battery electric vehicles (BEVs) contribute to what is known as range anxiety, and therefore poses an obstacle to their mass-market adoption. While high-range BEVs have been recently introduced, it is not clear whether they will be able to cover all possible trips without long recharging detours, and what the infrastructure needs of those vehicles are. To understand the impact of range limitations in Switzerland and Finland, we constructed a simulation model that is based on representative national travel surveys. We use it to calculate the potential of BEVs to cover any trips and investigate options to increase this coverage. The options discussed in this paper are ways to facilitate easy recharging, such as infrastructure development policies. We complement our results with insights from three focus groups. The results suggest that 85–90% of all national trips could have already been covered with BEVs prevalent in

2016. If the charging station infrastructure is developed appropriately and high-range BEVs are adopted, it is possible to reach a potential coverage of 99% or more in both countries. Deploying charging stations at users' homes and in residential areas does contribute significantly to this improvement and is desirable from a car user's perspective. Providing fast-charging stations in other locations is necessary to maximise the potential. We recommend to focus policy efforts on the development of residential charging options and to increase the visibility of electro-mobility using fast-charging stations.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Civil Engineering, ETH Zürich

Contributors: Melliger, M., van Vliet, O. P., Liimatainen, H.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 101-115

Publication date: 23 Aug 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH PART D: TRANSPORT AND ENVIRONMENT

Volume: 65

ISSN (Print): 1361-9209

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 6.2 SJR 1.448 SNIP 1.996

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

1-s2.0-S1361920917310295-main

DOIs:

10.1016/j.trd.2018.08.011

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201809032257>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Possible Impact of Long and Heavy Vehicles in the United Kingdom—A Commodity Level Approach

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Heriot-Watt University

Contributors: Liimatainen, H., Greening, P., Dadhich, P., Keyes, A.

Number of pages: 19

Publication date: 4 Aug 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Sustainability

Volume: 10

Issue number: 8

ISSN (Print): 2071-1050

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 2.8 SJR 0.549 SNIP 1.201

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

sustainability-10-02754

DOIs:

10.3390/su10082754

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201808142159>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Design aspects of all atomic layer deposited TiO₂–Fe₂O₃ scaffold-absorber photoanodes for water splitting

Iron and titanium oxides have attracted substantial attention in photoelectrochemical water splitting applications. However, both materials suffer from intrinsic limitations that constrain the final device performance. In order to overcome the limitations of the two materials alone, their combination has been proposed as a solution to the problems. Here we report on the fabrication of an atomic layer deposited (ALD) Fe₂O₃ coating on porous ALD-TiO₂. Our results show that

successful implementation requires complete mixing of the TiO₂ and Fe₂O₃ layers via annealing resulting in the formation of a photoactive iron titanium oxide on the surface. Moreover, we found that incomplete mixing leads to crystallization of Fe₂O₃ to hematite that is detrimental to the photoelectrochemical performance. IPCE and transient photocurrent measurements performed using UV and visible light excitation confirmed that the iron titanium oxide extends the photocurrent generation to the visible range. These measurements were complemented by transient absorption spectroscopy (TAS), which revealed a new band absent in pristine hematite or anatase TiO₂ that we assign to charge transfer within the structure. Taken together, these results provide design guidelines to be considered when aiming to combine TiO₂ and Fe₂O₃ for photoelectrochemical applications.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials, Research group: Surface Science, Photonics, Materials Science, Research group: Plastics and Elastomer Technology

Contributors: Hiltunen, A., Ruoko, T., Iivonen, T., Lahtonen, K., Ali-Löytty, H., Sarlin, E., Valden, M., Leskelä, M., Tkachenko, N.

Pages: 2124-2130

Publication date: 31 Jul 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Sustainable Energy & Fuels

Volume: 2

Issue number: 9

ISSN (Print): 2398-4902

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 3.1 SNIP 0.85

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Electrochemistry, Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Surfaces, Coatings and Films

Keywords: Water splitting, Atomic layer deposition (ALD), Titanium dioxide, Hematite, Cellulose, Template

DOIs:

10.1039/C8SE00252E

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Radon, fungal spores and MVOCs reduction in crawl space house: A case study and crawl space development by hygrothermal modelling

In this case study was to investigate how ventilation of the crawl space will influence on concentrations of radon, fungal spores and MVOCs in the crawl space and indoors of detached house. The crawl space pressurisation by exhaust air from indoors was successful to prevent the convective flow of radon from the soil, but it increased microbial growth in the crawl space. After installation of the supply and exhaust ventilation in the crawl-space and in the living space, the concentrations of fungal spores in the crawl space and also entry of radon and MVOCs into a house decreased. A microbiologically safe crawl space was determined with hygrothermal simulation utilizing the Finnish Mould Growth Model and a two year examination period. The optional structures of the crawl space being depressurised with exhaust ventilation included an open base uncovered ground and various air-sealed closed structures. When mould growth of building materials was at medium resistant sensitivity class, mould was not observed during different air change rates in any of the examined structures. Open base uncovered gravel ground is a functional solution of a crawl space, only when there are no organic materials. The air-sealed ground structure is recommended build with concrete + insulation and when air exchange rate (ach) varied from 0.2 to 1 h⁻¹. A concrete ground in the crawl space having ach from 0.2 to 0.6 h⁻¹ is also very effective. XPS insulation and plastic sheet covered ground are not recommendable due to their high mould index.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Ramboll Finland Ltd., Ita-Suomen yliopisto

Contributors: Kesikuru, T., Salo, J., Huttunen, P., Kokotti, H., Hyttinen, M., Halonen, R., Vinha, J.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 1-10

Publication date: 15 Jun 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Building and Environment

Volume: 138

ISSN (Print): 0360-1323

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 8.1 SJR 1.879 SNIP 2.241

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineering, Geography, Planning and Development, Building and Construction

Keywords: Air change, Crawl space, Ground covers, Modelling, Mould growth, Radon

Electronic versions:

Keskikuru - Radon, fungal spores and MVOCs reduction in crawl space house - A case study and crawl space development by hygrothermal modellin. Embargo ended: 15/06/20

DOIs:

10.1016/j.buildenv.2018.04.026

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201911186059>. Embargo ended: 15/06/20

Bibliographical note

INT=rak,"Salo, J."

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85046008041

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Economic analysis of hydrogen production by methane thermal decomposition: Comparison to competing technologies

This study is a comparative analysis of hydrogen production costs in current and potential future market environments. The economic feasibility of hydrogen production by thermal decomposition of methane was compared to two other technologies, namely steam methane reforming and water electrolysis. According to the results, thermal decomposition of methane would be most suited for on-site demand-driven hydrogen production in small or medium industrial scale. Hydrogen production by thermal decomposition of methane would be economically competitive with steam reforming with a product carbon value of at least 280-310 EUR/tonne. By contrast, the main benefit of thermal decomposition of methane in comparison with water electrolysis is the feedstock availability via the current natural gas infrastructure, whereas electrolysis is highly dependent on the cost and availability of renewable electricity. The major factors affecting the economic feasibility were identified as product carbon value in thermal decomposition of methane, natural gas cost in steam reforming, and electricity cost in electrolysis. Thus, the effect of these variables on the hydrogen production costs was analyzed. Additionally, the specific carbon dioxide emissions in hydrogen production by thermal decomposition of methane (40 kgCO₂/MWhH₂) were found to be much less than that by steam reforming coupled with carbon dioxide capture from the syngas (133 kgCO₂/MWhH₂).

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy

Contributors: Keipi, T., Tolvanen, H., Kontinen, J.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 264-273

Publication date: 1 Mar 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Energy Conversion and Management

Volume: 159

ISSN (Print): 0196-8904

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 12.4 SJR 2.73 SNIP 2.181

Original language: English

Keywords: Methane decomposition, hydrogen, economic analysis, carbon dioxide emissions

DOIs:

10.1016/j.enconman.2017.12.063

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

UV-Blocking Synthetic Biopolymer from Biomass-Based Bifuran Diester and Ethylene Glycol

A furan-based synthetic biopolymer composed of a bifuran monomer and ethylene glycol was synthesized through melt polycondensation, and the resulting polyester was found to have promising thermal and mechanical properties. The bifuran monomer, dimethyl 2,2'-bifuran-5,5'-dicarboxylate, was prepared using a palladium-catalyzed, phosphine ligand-free direct coupling protocol. A titanium-catalyzed polycondensation procedure was found effective at polymerizing the bifuran monomer with ethylene glycol. The prepared bifuran polyester exhibited several intriguing properties including high tensile modulus. In addition, the bifuran monomer furnished the polyester with a relatively high glass transition

temperature. Films prepared from the new polyester also had excellent oxygen and water barrier properties, which were found to be superior to those of poly(ethylene terephthalate). Moreover, the novel polyester also has good ultraviolet radiation blocking properties.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials, University of Oulu, Research Unit of Sustainable Chemistry, P.O. Box 3000, FI-90014 Oulu, University of Oulu, Fibre and Particle Engineering Research Unit, P.O. Box 4300, FI-90014 Oulu

Contributors: Kainulainen, T. P., Sirviö, J. A., Sethi, J., Hukka, T. I., Heiskanen, J. P.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 1822-1829

Publication date: 21 Feb 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 21 Feb 2018

Publication information

Journal: Macromolecules

Volume: 51

Issue number: 5

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Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 9.9 SJR 2.243 SNIP 1.492

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Chemistry(all), Materials Science(all)

Keywords: Biopolymers, Synthesis, Characterization, Thermal analysis, Spectroscopy

Electronic versions:

UV-blocking synthetic biopolymer 2018

DOIs:

10.1021/acs.macromol.7b02457

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202002132050>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Mechanical properties of recovered municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash: the influence of aging and changes in moisture content

The scarcity of non-renewable natural resources and the demand for waste recycling and utilization are steering towards increasing use of waste-derived materials in civil engineering structures. However, as the quality of different waste-derived materials can vary depending on input materials and processes in which they are generated, the utilization of these materials in civil engineering may be risky and cumbersome unless their properties are well-known. In Finland, due to the recently increased number of waste incineration plants, nearly 300 000 t of municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash (MSWI BA) is generated annually in the country. As the material is mainly landfilled or used in landfill site structures at the moment, the utilization of MSWI BA in different civil engineering applications could be increased, if the essential properties of the material were properly understood. In this study, the mechanical properties of recovered MSWI BA were investigated with cyclic load and static triaxial tests. The study focused especially on the influence of changes in moisture content and its relation to the development of recovered MSWI BA stiffness and strength properties over time. The obtained results showed that the stiffness of recovered MSWI BA was highly affected by the changes in moisture content over time but also the material aging had an influence. The resilient modulus, M_r , was at least doubled during the two months storage of test specimens. Furthermore, when the MSWI BA material dried out and the moisture content decreased 5-7 %, the resilient modulus, M_r , of the material was even quadrupled.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research area: Infrastructure Construction, Research group: Earth Constructions

Contributors: Sormunen, L. A., Kolisoja, P.

Pages: 252-270

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 13 Nov 2016

Publication information

Journal: Road Materials and Pavement Design

Volume: 19
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1468-0629
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 3.3 SJR 0.963 SNIP 1.344
Original language: English
DOIs:

10.1080/14680629.2016.1251960

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Recycling potential of post-consumer plastic packaging waste in Finland

Recycling of plastics is urged by the need for closing material loops to maintain our natural resources when striving towards circular economy, but also by the concern raised by observations of plastic scrap in oceans and lakes. Packaging industry is the sector using the largest share of plastics, hence packaging dominates in the plastic waste flow. The aim of this paper was to sum up the recycling potential of post-consumer plastic packaging waste in Finland. This potential was evaluated based on the quantity, composition and mechanical quality of the plastic packaging waste generated by consumers and collected as a source-separated fraction, within the mixed municipal solid waste (MSW) or within energy waste.

Based on the assessment 86,000–117,000 tons (18 kg/person/a) of post-consumer plastic packaging waste was generated in Finland in 2014. The majority, 84% of the waste was in the mixed MSW flow in 2014. Due to the launching of new sorting facilities and separate collections for post-consumer plastic packaging in 2016, almost 40% of the post-consumer plastic packaging could become available for recycling. However, a 50% recycling rate for post-consumer plastic packaging (other than PET bottles) would be needed to increase the overall MSW recycling rate from the current 41% by around two percentage points.

The share of monotype plastics in the overall MSW plastics fraction was 80%, hence by volume the recycling potential of MSW plastics is high. Polypropylene (PP) and low density polyethylene (LDPE) were the most common plastic types present in mixed MSW, followed by polyethylene terephthalate (PET), polystyrene (PS) and high density polyethylene (HDPE). If all the Finnish plastic packaging waste collected through the three collection types would be available for recycling, then 19,000–25,000 tons of recycled PP and 6000–8000 tons of recycled HDPE would be available on the local market. However, this assessment includes uncertainties due to performing the composition study only on mixed MSW plastic fraction. In order to obtain more precise figures of the recycling potential of post-consumer plastic packaging, more studies should be performed on both the quantities and the qualities of plastic wastes.

The mechanical and rheological test results indicated that even plastic wastes originating from the mixed MSW, can be useful raw materials. Recycled HDPE showed a smaller decline in the mechanical properties than recycled PP. The origin and processing method of waste plastic seemed to have less effect on the mechanical quality than the type of plastic. The applicability of a plastic waste for a product needs to be assessed case by case, due to product specific quality requirements. In addition to mechanical properties, the chemical composition of plastic wastes is of major importance, in order to be able to restrict hazardous substances from being circulated undesirably.

In addition to quantity and quality of plastic wastes, the sustainability of the whole recycling chain needs to be assessed prior to launching operations so that the chain can be optimized to generate both environmental and economic benefits to society and operators.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Materials Science
Contributors: Dahlbo, H., Poliakova, V., Mylläri, V., Sahimaa, O., Anderson, R.
Pages: 52-61
Publication date: 2018
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 31 Oct 2017

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management
Volume: 71
ISSN (Print): 0956-053X
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 8.2 SJR 1.523 SNIP 2.232
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.wasman.2017.10.033

Valorization of Finnish mining tailings for use in the ceramics industry

The present study valorized Finnish mining tailings waste to identify opportunities for the use of ceramics technologies. On the basis of their mineralogical and chemical contents, the five selected tailings wastes represented felsic mining tailings (FMT) rich in quartz and alkali feldspars, mining tailings dominated by Mg- and Fe-bearing minerals (MgFeMT), and mining tailings rich in carbonate minerals (CMT). Preliminary pilot studies indicated that the FMT materials are potential secondary raw materials for mullite-type ceramics. An Al additive was needed, since the Al₂O₃ content of the studied tailings was too low for mullitization. In addition, carbonate-bearing tailings with Ca silicates can be applicable for chemically bonded phosphate ceramic (CBPC) synthesis. Based on a literature review, FMT are viable source materials for the production of geopolymers, but a high initial Si:Al ratio (in quartz-rich FMT) may lead to partial geopolymerization. Preliminary results from the geopolymerization of pre-heated phlogopite mica mixed with metakaolin gave promising findings, with the formation of a geopolymer having good compressive strength. The findings support the viability of MgFeMT materials rich in phlogopite mica for the production of alkali-activated ceramics.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Materials Science, Research group: Ceramic materials, Geological Survey of Finland, VTT, Geologian tutkimuskeskus, University of Oulu

Contributors: Solismaa, S., Ismailov, A., Karhu, M., Sreenivasan, H., Lehtonen, M., Kinnunen, P., Illikainen, M., Räisänen, M.

Pages: 33-54

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: BULLETIN OF THE GEOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF FINLAND

Volume: 90

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 0367-5211

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 1 SJR 0.244 SNIP 0.376

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.17741/bgsf/90.1.002

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Suomen vesihuollon kehitys kansainvälisessä kontekstissa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. ..., Juuti, P.

Number of pages: 20

Pages: 5-24

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Tekniikan Waiheita: Teknik I Tiden

Volume: 36

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 0780-5772

Original language: Finnish

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Science(all), Engineering(all)

Keywords: water services, strategic development, sustainable development, long-term development, History, Futures

URLs:

<https://journal.fi/tekniikanwaiheita/index>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Evaluation of methods for enhancing methane oxidation via increased soil air capacity and nutrient content in simulated landfill soil cover

Landfill soil covers and methanotrophs therein have potential to act as final sinks of the greenhouse gas methane (CH₄) generated in landfills, but soil characteristics in landfills might not support methanotrophic activity due to poor soil material selection or mineralisation over time. Hence, our aim was to determine the performance of mineral landfill soil under simulated CH₄ flux and screen methods for elevating the CH₄ elimination capacity (EC) of soil. The methods tested during the column experiment were inorganic fertilisation (nitrate, phosphate, sulphate, copper), decompaction and amelioration of the soil with compost. The addition of compost proved to be the most effective method for increasing the CH₄ EC of soil, increasing from 55 to 189 g m⁻² d⁻¹ relative to the untreated control soil. This increase could be attributed to increased air capacity, concentration of soil nutrients and number of cultivable methanotrophs. Also, soil water-holding capacity was identified as a more crucial factor for methanotrophic activity than total porosity. Inorganic fertilisation and decompaction induced only a temporary increase in CH₄ EC, likely resulting from the temporary supply of fertiliser to the nutrient-deprived soil. In conclusion, we suggest that compost amelioration (22 w-%) could be useful for restoring CH₄ EC of old landfill covers as an aftercare action to control environmental impacts of closed landfills.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy

Contributors: Maanoja, S., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 82-92

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 82

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 8.2 SJR 1.523 SNIP 2.232

Original language: English

Keywords: Greenhouse gas, Methanotroph, Fertilisation, Compost, Water-holding capacity

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2018.10.015

Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) › [Article](#) › [Scientific](#) › [peer-review](#)

Landowners' willingness to promote bioenergy production on wasteland – future impact on land use of cutaway peatlands

Landowners are the key players in bioenergy production on wasteland; such as cutaway peatlands. In this study, the landowner's interest to use cutaway peatlands for bioenergy production was investigated using a survey and GIS (Geographic Information Systems) methods in an area in South Ostrobothnia, Finland. The focus was to identify which different bioenergy production chains are preferred by the respondents: combustion, gasification or biogas production from agriculture, energy-willow short-rotation forestry or forestry based energy crops. Also, the influence of personal environmental values on the selection was measured and the future impacts and barriers for the land use were assessed. Afforestation was the most popular after-use method among the landowners. The next most favorable method was energy crop cultivation but it was highly dependent on economic profitability and subsidies. Currently, approximately 8.2% or 500 ha of the total peat extraction area could be used for bioenergy production in the region by 2035. Based on the survey, forest based biomass is the best option if bioenergy is to be produced. The next choice was agro biomass and the least favored plant was willow. This study suggests that the biggest cutaway peatlands will be converted to forest energy in the future. Suggestive results were that the owners with high environmental values are especially interested in agro biomass growing and the landowner having a distant home place does not have a negative influence on bioenergy production. Altogether, land use and biomass production of cutaway peatlands is connected with the demands of the Finnish bio-economy.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Jyväskylän yliopisto, Seinäjoki University of Applied Sciences

Contributors: Laasasenaho, K., Lensu, A., Rintala, J., Lauhanen, R.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 167-175

Publication date: 1 Dec 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Land Use Policy

Volume: 69

ISSN (Print): 0264-8377

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 5.1 SJR 1.348 SNIP 1.76

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Forestry, Geography, Planning and Development, Nature and Landscape Conservation, Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law

Keywords: Biogas, Combustion, Energy crop, Gasification, GIS, Willow

Electronic versions:

laasasenaho_landowners_willingness_to_promote. Embargo ended: 19/09/20

DOIs:

10.1016/j.landusepol.2017.09.010

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201910033675>. Embargo ended: 19/09/20

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85029532718

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Sata vuotta vesihuoltoa Suomessa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 13-15

Publication date: Dec 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Volume: 58

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Vesihuollon ammattilaiset ovat verkostoituneet kautta aikojen

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 4

Pages: 16-19

Publication date: Dec 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Volume: 58

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Understanding sustainable development in Finnish water supply and sanitation services

Water supply and sanitation services are essential to human and environmental well-being. Globally one of the biggest challenges to sustainable development is lack of access to improved water supply and sanitation services. Yet it is less obvious what sustainable development means in countries with high coverage of these services. In this article sustainable

development is explored from the perspective of Finnish water supply and sanitation services. The study consists of eight semi-structured interviews with water sector experts and their views are analysed in relation to literature. In this article sustainable development is understood as a learning process and dialogue of values. The interviewed water sector experts primarily perceive sustainable development from an environmental point of view, and treat it in a rationalistic and mechanistic manner. Challenges are tackled by technological fixes, such as improving energy and material efficiency. It is argued in this paper that this kind of approach undermines the complexity and dynamicity of sustainable development and can suppress learning. Sustainable development is mostly explored only from the perspective of water services, although some of the interviewees recognise their role for wider societal development. Interaction and dialogue between water sector experts and the community regarding sustainable development is lacking or skills to accomplish this interaction are inadequate.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Takala, A.
Pages: 501-512
Publication date: Dec 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 16 Dec 2017

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Sustainable Built Environment
Volume: 6
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 2212-6090
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 3.2 SJR 0.746 SNIP 2.184
Original language: English
Keywords: Sustainable development, Water supply services, Sanitation services, Finland
Electronic versions:
1-s2.0-S2212609017300675-main
DOIs:
10.1016/j.ijbsbe.2017.10.002
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201801311183>
Source: RIS
Source ID: urn:C2FE0242F9120141394460CED76A001D
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Carbazole-based small molecule electron donors: Syntheses, characterization, and material properties

Efficient synthetic methods for carbazole-based small molecule electron donors with donor-acceptor (D-A) and A-D-A type structures were developed. In order to study the relation between chemical structures and material properties, the prepared compounds were characterized in detail using absorption spectroscopy, differential pulse voltammetry, and computational methods. In addition, symmetrical A-D-A type compounds were tested as an active layer component in bulk heterojunction based organic solar cell (OSC) devices with conventional structure. The results show that the two compound types have many similar properties. However, the extended molecular structure of A-D-A type compounds offer better film forming properties and higher molar absorption coefficients compared with the D-A type materials. Furthermore, the attachment of fluoro substituents in the A units has a positive effect on all solar cell device parameters. Moreover, the computational studies revealed that the molecular structures are twisted between the central carbazole D unit and π -bridge which may result in inefficient intramolecular charge transfer and, also, relatively limited short-circuit currents in OSC devices.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials, Research Unit of Sustainable Chemistry, IMEC PV Department
Contributors: Sippola, R. J., Hadipour, A., Kastinen, T., Vivo, P., Hukka, T. I., Aernouts, T., Heiskanen, J. P.
Number of pages: 10
Pages: 79-88
Publication date: 8 Nov 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 8 Nov 2017

Publication information

Journal: Dyes and Pigments

Volume: 150

Article number: j.dyepig.2017.11.014

ISSN (Print): 0143-7208

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 5.6 SJR 0.819 SNIP 1.009

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Chemistry(all), Energy(all)

Keywords: Absorption, DFT, Electron donor, Organic solar cell, Suzuki-Miyaura, Synthesis

Electronic versions:

Carbazole-based small molecule electron donors 2017. Embargo ended: 8/11/19

DOIs:

10.1016/j.dyepig.2017.11.014

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202002132062>. Embargo ended: 8/11/19

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Continuous removal and recovery of tellurium in an upflow anaerobic granular sludge bed reactor

Continuous removal of tellurite (TeO_3^{2-}) from synthetic wastewater and subsequent recovery in the form of elemental tellurium was studied in an upflow anaerobic granular sludge bed (UASB) reactor operated at 30 °C. The UASB reactor was inoculated with anaerobic granular sludge and fed with lactate as carbon source and electron donor at an organic loading rate of 0.6 g COD $\text{L}^{-1} \text{d}^{-1}$. After establishing efficient and stable COD removal, the reactor was fed with 10 mg $\text{TeO}_3^{2-} \text{L}^{-1}$ for 42 d before increasing the influent concentration to 20 mg $\text{TeO}_3^{2-} \text{L}^{-1}$. Tellurite removal (98 and 92%, respectively, from 10 and 20 mg $\text{Te} \text{L}^{-1}$) was primarily mediated through bioreduction and most of the removed Te was retained in the bioreactor. Characterization using XRD, Raman spectroscopy, SEM-EDX and TEM confirmed association of tellurium with the granular sludge, typically in the form of elemental $\text{Te}(0)$ deposits. Furthermore, application of an extracellular polymeric substances (EPS) extraction method to the tellurite reducing sludge recovered up to 78% of the tellurium retained in the granular sludge. This study demonstrates for the first time the application of a UASB reactor for continuous tellurite removal from tellurite-containing wastewater coupled to elemental $\text{Te}(0)$ recovery.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Mal, J., Nancharaiah, Y. V., Maheshwari, N., van Hullebusch, E. D., Lens, P. N.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 79-88

Publication date: Apr 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 26 Dec 2016

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Hazardous Materials

Volume: 327

ISSN (Print): 0304-3894

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 10.8 SJR 1.787 SNIP 1.988

Original language: English

Keywords: Tellurite, Bioreduction, $\text{Te}(0)$, recovery, anaerobic granular sludge, UASB reactor

DOIs:

10.1016/j.jhazmat.2016.12.052

Source: RIS

Source ID: urn:72FA4ADA003E818A81B125B5D178D7F6

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

The effect of anode potential on bioelectrochemical and electrochemical tetrathionate degradation

The effect of poised anode potential on electricity production and tetrathionate degradation was studied in two-chamber flow-through electrochemical (ES) and bioelectrochemical systems (BES). The minimum anode potential (vs. Ag/AgCl) for positive current generation was 0.3 V in BES and 0.5 V in the abiotic ES. The anode potential required to obtain average current density above 70 mA m^{-2} was 0.4 V in BES and above 0.7 V in ES. ES provided higher coulombic efficiency, but the average tetrathionate degradation rate remained significantly higher in BES (above 110 mg $\text{L}^{-1} \text{d}^{-1}$) than in the abiotic ES (below 35 mg $\text{L}^{-1} \text{d}^{-1}$). This study shows that at anode potentials below 0.7 V, the electrochemical tetrathionate

degradation is only efficient with microbial catalyst and that significantly higher tetrathionate degradation rates can be obtained with bioelectrochemical systems than with electrochemical systems at the tested anode potentials.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: L.K. Sulonen, M., Lakaniemi, A., Kokko, M. E., Puhakka, J. A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 173-180

Publication date: Feb 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 8 Dec 2016

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 226

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 10 SJR 2.029 SNIP 1.84

Original language: English

Keywords: Bioelectrochemical cell, Electrochemical cell, Tetrathionate, Anode potential, Current generation

Electronic versions:

Author's post print. Embargo ended: 8/12/18

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2016.12.023

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tyy-201702021095>. Embargo ended: 8/12/18

Source: RIS

Source ID: urn:6A72F358ABAE0BB9DC836F7776FCED75

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Service Failures of Rural Water Supply Systems in Ethiopia and Their Policy Implications

As the world is striving to improve water supply coverage, a significant number of rural communities are forced to turn back to unprotected sources due to service breakdowns of their water supply systems. Yet, these communities do not seem to receive the same attention as those building new systems. The purpose of this article is to reveal and diagnose the determinant factors of service failures and to propose mitigation measures to the rural water supply in Ethiopia. The study is conducted through a literature review and field discussions with experts (n = 48) and artisans (n = 35), who have been involved in the implementation, operation, and maintenance of the systems. Moreover, failed schemes (n = 20) were visited, and discussions were held with village elders of each water point. The findings indicate that lack of uniformity of implementation approaches, and institutional and organizational incapability of the local government aggravate the service failures. The further capacity building, institutionalization, and improving remuneration of employees are likely to reduce the problems substantially.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering

Contributors: Behailu, B. M., Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 179-196

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 1 Jul 2016

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management & Policy

Volume: 22

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 1 SJR 0.307 SNIP 0.724

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X16656190

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Influence of TiO₂ compact layer precursor on the performance of perovskite solar cells

The optimization of the hole-blocking layer in perovskite solar cells (PSC), typically based on TiO₂, is crucial, as it strongly affects the device performance. In this work, we thoroughly characterize the thickness, roughness, and crystal structure of a set of TiO₂ compact layers produced by spin coating of different precursor sols and correlate the choice of the TiO₂ precursor to the photovoltaic performance of the PSC. By replacing the commonly used titanium isopropoxide (TTIP) blocking layer precursor with titanium tetrachloride (TiCl₄), a clear enhancement in the PSC performance was observed, particularly in the hysteresis behavior and stability. The results from the morphological/structural analysis and transient photoluminescence studies clarify the different behavior of the compact layers in PSCs.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Åbo Akademi, Aalto University, VTT

Contributors: Vivo, P., Ojanperä, A., Smått, J., Sänden, S., Hashmi, S. G., Kaunisto, K., Ihalainen, P., Masood, M. T., Österbacka, R., Lund, P. D., Lemmetyinen, H.

Pages: 287-293

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 17 Nov 2016

Publication information

Journal: Organic Electronics

Volume: 41

ISSN (Print): 1566-1199

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 6 SJR 1.085 SNIP 0.884

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.orgel.2016.11.017

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kaunisto, Kimmo"

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Screening biological methods for laboratory scale stabilization of fine fraction from landfill mining

Abstract Increasing interest for the landfill mining and the amount of fine fraction (FF) in landfills (40–70% (w/w) of landfill content) mean that sustainable treatment and utilization methods for FF are needed. For this study FF (<20 mm) was mined from a municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill operated from 1967 to 1989. FF, which resembles soil, was stabilized in laboratory scale reactors in two phases: first, anaerobically for 101 days and second, for 72 days using four different methods: anaerobic with the addition of moisture (water) or inoculum (sewage sludge) and aerobic with continuous water washing, with, or without, bulking material. The aim was to evaluate the effect on the stability of mined FF, which has been rarely reported, and to study the quality and quantity of gas and leachate produced during the stabilization experiment. The study showed that aerobic treatment reduced respiration activity (final values 0.9–1.1 mg O₂/g TS) and residual methane potential (1.1 L CH₄/kg TS) better than anaerobic methods (1.8–2.3 mg O₂/g TS and 1.3–2.4 L CH₄/kg TS, respectively). Bulking material mixed in FF in one aerobic reactor had no effect on the stability of FF. The benefit of anaerobic treatment was the production of methane, which could be utilized as energy. Even though the inoculum addition increased methane production from FF about 30%, but the methane production was still relatively low (in total 1.5–1.7 L CH₄/kg TS). Continuous water washing was essential to remove leachable organic matter and soluble nutrients from FF, while increasing the volume of leachate collected. In the aerobic treatment, nitrogen was oxidized into nitrite and nitrate and then washed out in the leachate. Both anaerobic and aerobic methods could be used for FF stabilization. The use of FF, in landscaping for example, is possible because its nutrient content (4 g N/kg TS and 1 g P/kg TS) can increase the nutrient content of soil, but this may have limitations due to the possible presence of heavy metal and other contaminants.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Mönkäre, T. J., Palmroth, M. R. T., Rintala, J. A.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 739-747
Publication date: 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 16 Nov 2016

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management
Volume: 60
ISSN (Print): 0956-053X
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 7 SJR 1.456 SNIP 2.14

Original language: English

Keywords: Aerobic stabilization, Anaerobic stabilization, Fine fraction, Landfill mining, Leachate

Electronic versions:

Mönkäre et al 2017. Embargo ended: 28/02/19

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2016.11.015

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201903261333>. Embargo ended: 28/02/19

Source: RIS

Source ID: urn:592197DDB3F400BDF07AF04E54A2897D

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Taking Water Services to the Next Level: A Paradigm Shift?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 12-17

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 2016

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management & Policy

Volume: 22

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 1 SJR 0.307 SNIP 0.724

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X16668181

Source: Bibtex

Source ID: urn:4eb95b4aa19d4699d23b10a4c3e5cb33

Research output: Contribution to journal › Comment/debate › Scientific › peer-review

Long term stability of air processed inkjet infiltrated carbon-based printed perovskite solar cells under intense ultra-violet light soaking

The long term stability of air processed inkjet infiltrated carbon based perovskite solar cells (CPSCs) is investigated under intense ultra-violet light soaking equivalent to 1.5 Sun UV light illumination. Two batches of the fabricated CPSCs were exposed systematically i.e. first without implementing any protective coating and then epoxying the CPSCs through a low cost commonly available epoxy which was applied to serve as a barrier against moisture and humidity intrusion. The CPSCs with no protective layer against moisture and humidity exhibited impressive preliminary stability for hundreds of hours during their exposure to intense UV light and provided great motivation to test the CPSCs further with more optimization. As a result, the CPSCs having commonly available epoxy as a protective barrier exhibited remarkable durability and showed no performance degradation for a period of 1002 hours under intense and continuous 1.5 Sun equivalent UV light illumination proving that the technology is clearly not inherently unstable and that future developments might lead to market breakthroughs.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Aalto University, Solaronix, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne

Contributors: Hashmi, S. G., Tiihonen, A., Martineau, D., Özkan, M., Vivo, P., Kaunisto, K., Vainio, U., Zakeeruddin, S. M., Grätzel, M.

Pages: 4797-4802

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 10 Feb 2017

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Materials Chemistry A

Volume: 5

Issue number: 10

ISSN (Print): 2050-7488

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 16 SJR 3.488 SNIP 1.544

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1039/C6TA10605F

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kaunisto, Kimmo"

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Replacing centralised waste and sanitation infrastructure with local treatment and nutrient recycling: Expert opinions in the context of urban planning

Solutions for resource scarcity should be sought from urban waste management and sanitation, which are characterised by central plants and long networks. The socio-technical transition to more sustainable infrastructure is expected to include partial decentralisation based on local conditions. This paper focuses on drivers, barriers and enablers in implementing a decentralised circular system in a new residential area (Tampere, Finland). In the alternative system, biowaste and feces are treated in a local biogas plant, and nutrient and energy output are utilised within the area. This research aims to understand what kind of urban planning enables alternative infrastructure, as well as the characteristics of an innovation capable of making a breakthrough. Seventeen infrastructure planning experts were interviewed, then assembled to re-develop ideas arising from the interviews. Based on these qualitatively analysed data, 11 factors which help the adoption of the alternative system were formulated. The results indicate that sustainability transition can be facilitated through impartial urban planning that allows the early participation of actors and improved communications. Additionally, studying the impact of alternative solutions and city guidance according to environmental policy aims may enhance transition. Innovation success factors include suitable locations, competent partners, mature technology and visible local benefits.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Särkilähti, M., Kinnunen, V., Kettunen, R., Jokinen, A., Rintala, J.

Pages: 195-204

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 21 Feb 2017

Publication information

Journal: Technological Forecasting and Social Change

Volume: 118

ISSN (Print): 0040-1625

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 5.8 SJR 1.38 SNIP 1.744

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Business and International Management, Applied Psychology, Management of Technology and Innovation

Keywords: Alternative sanitation, Biogas, Nutrient recycling, Socio-technical transition, Tampere, Urban land-use planning

DOIs:

10.1016/j.techfore.2017.02.020

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85013157702

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Comparison of air pressure difference, air change rates, and CO2 concentrations in apartment buildings before and after energy retrofits

Impacts of energy retrofits on air pressure differences across building envelope, air change rate (ACR), and indoor carbon dioxide (CO₂) concentrations were studied. Measurements were performed before and after the retrofits of multi-family buildings during heating season in two Northern European countries: Finland and Lithuania. In the Finnish case buildings (N_{apartments} = 128), pressure differences against outdoor were within national guideline values before the retrofits in 52% and after the retrofits in 42% of the buildings with mechanical exhaust ventilation system. The values were within the guidelines before the retrofits in 33% and after the retrofits in 20% in buildings with natural ventilation, correspondingly. In the Lithuanian case buildings (N_{apartments} = 31), pressure differences against outdoor were within the same guideline values before the retrofits in 77% and after the retrofits in 52% of the buildings. After the retrofits, higher air pressure differences and ACR, as well as lower CO₂ concentrations, were observed in Finnish buildings with mechanical ventilation. On the contrary, lower air pressure differences and ACR, as well as higher CO₂ concentrations, were observed in Lithuanian buildings with natural ventilation. (C) 2017 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research area: Structural Engineering, Kaunas Univ Technol, Kaunas University of Technology, Dept Environm Technol, Natl Inst Hlth & Welf, Finland National Institute for Health & Welfare, Dept Hlth Protect

Contributors: Leivo, V., Prasauskas, T., Turunen, M., Kiviste, M., Aaltonen, A., Martuzevicius, D., Haverinen-Shaughnessy, U.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 85-92

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Building and Environment

Volume: 120

ISSN (Print): 0360-1323

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2017): CiteScore 7.7 SJR 2.169 SNIP 2.583

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

BAE_D_17_00358_revision. Embargo ended: 9/05/19

DOIs:

10.1016/j.buildenv.2017.05.002

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201911196079>. Embargo ended: 9/05/19

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Indigenous practices of water management for sustainable services: Case of Borana and Konso, Ethiopia

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Behailu, B. M., Pietilä, P. E., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 1-11

Publication date: 6 Dec 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: SAGE OPEN

Volume: 6

Issue number: 4

ISSN (Print): 2158-2440

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 0.7 SJR 0.219 SNIP 0.536

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Indigenous Practices of Water Management for Sustainable Services

DOIs:

10.1177/2158244016682292

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201612214895>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Methylophilaceae and Hyphomicrobium as target taxonomic groups in monitoring the function of methanol-fed denitrification biofilters in municipal wastewater treatment plants

Molecular monitoring of bacterial communities can explain and predict the stability of bioprocesses in varying physicochemical conditions. To study methanol-fed denitrification biofilters of municipal wastewater treatment plants, bacterial communities of two full-scale biofilters were compared through fingerprinting and sequencing of the 16S rRNA genes. Additionally, 16S rRNA gene fingerprinting was used for 10-week temporal monitoring of the bacterial community in one of the biofilters. Combining the data with previous study results, the family Methylophilaceae and genus Hyphomicrobium were determined as suitable target groups for monitoring. An increase in the relative abundance of Hyphomicrobium-related biomarkers occurred simultaneously with increases in water flow, NO_x(-) load, and methanol addition, as well as a higher denitrification rate, although the dominating biomarkers linked to Methylophilaceae showed an opposite pattern. The results indicate that during increased loading, stability of the bioprocess is maintained by selection of more efficient denitrifier populations, and this progress can be analyzed using simple molecular fingerprinting.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, University of Jyväskylä

Contributors: Rissanen, A. J., Ojala, A., Fred, T., Toivonen, J., Tirola, M.

Pages: 1-13

Publication date: 8 Nov 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology

ISSN (Print): 1367-5435

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 5.1 SJR 0.958 SNIP 0.94

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Rissanen_etal_JIMB_WWTP. Embargo ended: 8/11/17

DOIs:

10.1007/s10295-016-1860-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201611254803> . Embargo ended: 8/11/17

Source: PubMed

Source ID: 27826724

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Elimination of arsenic-containing emissions from gasification of chromated copper arsenate wood

The behavior of arsenic in chromated copper arsenate containing wood during gasification was modeled using thermodynamic equilibrium calculations. The results of the model were validated using bench-scale gasification tests. It is shown that over 99.6% of arsenic can be removed from the product gas by a hot filter when the gas is cooled below the predicted condensation temperature.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Energy Technology and Thermal Process Chemistry, Gasification Technologies Inc., Gas Technology Institute

Contributors: Kramb, J., Konttinen, J., Backman, R., Salo, K., Roberts, M.

Number of pages: 6
Pages: 319-324
Publication date: 1 Oct 2016
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel
Volume: 181
ISSN (Print): 0016-2361
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 7.8 SJR 1.736 SNIP 2.206

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Fuel Technology, Energy Engineering and Power Technology, Chemical Engineering(all), Organic Chemistry

Keywords: Arsenic, CCA wood, Equilibrium modeling, Gasification

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2016.04.109

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84965081806

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Methylophaga and Hyphomicrobium can be used as target genera in monitoring saline water methanol-utilizing denitrification

Which bacterial taxonomic groups can be used in monitoring saline water methanol-utilizing denitrification and whether nitrate is transformed into N₂ in the process are unclear. Therefore, methylotrophic bacterial communities of two efficiently functioning (nitrate/nitrite reduction was 63–96 %) tropical and cool seawater reactors at a public aquarium were investigated with clone library analysis and 454 pyrosequencing of the 16S rRNA genes. Transformation of nitrate into N₂ was confirmed using ¹⁵N labeling in incubation of carrier material from the tropical reactor. Combining the data with previous study results, Methylophaga and Hyphomicrobium were determined to be suitable target genera for monitoring the function of saline water methanol-fed denitrification systems. However, monitoring was not possible at the single species level. Interestingly, potential nitrate-reducing methylotrophs within Filomicrobium and closely related Fil I and Fil II clusters were detected in the reactors suggesting that they also contributed to methylotrophic denitrification in the saline environment.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Univ Helsinki, University of Helsinki, Dept Environm Sci, Univ Jyvaskyla, University of Jyvaskyla, Dept Biol & Environm Sci, Nanosci Ctr

Contributors: Rissanen, A. J., Ojala, A., Dernjatin, M., Jaakkola, J., Tiirola, M.

Pages: 1-11

Publication date: 1 Oct 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Industrial Microbiology and Biotechnology

ISSN (Print): 1367-5435

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 5.1 SJR 0.958 SNIP 0.94

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Rissanen_et_al_JIMB_AQUAR. Embargo ended: 1/10/17

DOIs:

10.1007/s10295-016-1839-2

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201611284816> . Embargo ended: 1/10/17

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Comparison of community managed projects and conventional approaches in rural water supply of Ethiopia

This study aimed to compare Community Managed Projects (CMP) approach with the conventional approaches (Non-CMP) in the case of Ethiopia. The data collection methods include a household survey (n=1806), community representative interviews (n=49), focus group discussions with district water experts (n=48) and observations of water systems (n=49). The data were collected from seven districts of two regions of Ethiopia. The study shows that CMP have

a better platform to involve the community than non-CMP. In terms of reducing distances to water points, all approaches succeeded. However, the intended amount of water supplied is not achieved in all the cases: only 25% of CMP users and 18% of non-CMP users are able to get water according to the national standard, 15 L per capita per day. Fee collection in the approaches has a high disparity in favour of CMP. To keep long-lasting services, three requirements need to be particularly fulfilled: quantity, quality and accessibility.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Community-Led Accelerated WASH (COWASH) Project

Contributors: Behailu, B. M., Suominen, A., Katko, T. S., Mattila, H., Yayehyirad, G.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 292-306

Publication date: 30 Sep 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: African Journal of Environmental Science and Technology

Volume: 10

Issue number: 9

Article number: 04AF23059936

ISSN (Print): 1996-0786

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

04AF23059936

DOIs:

10.5897/AJEST2016.2132

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201608164415>

URLs:

<http://www.academicjournals.org/journal/AJEST/article-full-text-pdf/04AF23059936>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Sustainable nutrients recovery and recycling by optimizing the chemical addition sequence for struvite precipitation from raw swine slurries

Livestock farming contributes heavily to nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) flows into the environment, a major cause of eutrophication of coastal and freshwater systems. Furthermore, the growing demand for N-P fertilizers is increasing the emission of anthropogenic reactive N into the atmosphere and the depletion of the current P reserves. Therefore, it is essential to minimize the anthropogenic impact on the environment and recycle the wasted N-P for agricultural reuse. This study focused on enhancing struvite ($\text{MgNH}_4\text{PO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$) precipitation from raw swine slurries in batch and laboratory-scale reactors. Different chemical addition sequences were evaluated, and the best removal efficiency (E%) was obtained when the chemicals were mixed before the precipitation process. Struvite was detected at a pH as low as 6 (E%N-P~50%), and high E%N-P was found at pH 7–9.5 (80–95%). Furthermore, air stripping was used in place of NaOH to adjust pH, returning the same efficiency as if only alkali had been used. XRD and FE-SEM analysis of the precipitate showed that the recovered struvite was of high purity with orthorhombic crystalline structure and only trace amounts of impurities from matrix organics, co-precipitation products (CaO and amorphous calcium-phosphates), and residuals of added chemicals (MgO).

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Materials Science

Contributors: Taddeo, R., Kolppo, K., Lepistö, R.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 52-58

Publication date: 15 Sep 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Environmental Management

Volume: 180

ISSN (Print): 0301-4797

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 5.9 SJR 1.161 SNIP 1.833

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal, Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law

Keywords: Air stripping, Chemical addition, Crystallization, Manure management, Nutrients recycling, Struvite DOIs:

10.1016/j.jenvman.2016.05.009

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84978733912

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Combining mineral fractions of recovered MSWI bottom ash: improvement for utilization in civil engineering structures

In real-life construction projects, the utilization of different types of waste derived aggregates can often be falsely considered as utilization, but in fact, it is merely dumping the potentially high value material from one site to another. For example, building highway noise barriers with waste derived aggregates cannot be considered as utilization. In this study, a more advanced approach was chosen in order to create aggregate like products from recovered municipal solid waste incineration (MSWI) bottom ash (BA) and thus potentially increase their value and image in civil engineering applications. MSWI BA from one waste incineration plant in Finland was first treated with a Dutch dry treatment technology called ADR (Advanced Dry Recovery). This process separates non-ferrous and ferrous metals from MSWI BA and generates mineral fractions of different grain sizes. These mineral fractions may not be used separately, for example, in the unbound structural layers of roads due to the strict grain size distribution requirements of these civil engineering structures. Hence, different combinations were designed from these BA mineral fractions using the mathematical proportioning of aggregates. The aim was to create aggregate like products from this waste material for different structural layers (filtration, sub-base and base) of, for example, road and field structures. Three mixtures were chosen based on their correspondence to the grain size distribution requirements of natural aggregates and further analyzed in the laboratory from their technical, mechanical and environmental point of view. The leaching of chrome (Cr) and chloride (Cl-) exceeded the Finnish emission boundary values for utilization of certain types of ashes in civil engineering. On the other hand, the technical and mechanical properties of these mixed bottom ash products were considered suitable to be used, for example, in the unbound structural layers of the interim storage field in a waste treatment center. In such location, also the leaching potential of harmful substances can be further studied and verified in a larger scale.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Earth Constructions, Research area: Infrastructure Construction, Suomen Erityisjäte Oy

Contributors: Sormunen, L. A., Kalliainen, A., Kolisoja, P., Rantsi, R.

Number of pages: 12

Publication date: 22 Aug 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste and Biomass Valorization

ISSN (Print): 1877-2641

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.1 SJR 0.451 SNIP 0.668

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1007/s12649-016-9656-4

URLs:

[http://www.readcube.com/articles/10.1007/s12649-016-9656-](http://www.readcube.com/articles/10.1007/s12649-016-9656-4)

[4?author_access_token=NZQ_65zpzvVOVrBLEzMHEve4RwIQNchNByi7wbcMAY7GR4IWocqPWPkZkNDQXRz7x_qbW1ahjf7kWiQeH17QihXQ2Mi1WmHqe_CBIFMwbY_lgt4SeoDhDFf1GD-qyVAD6lZs6oA2j6mNx9V6woW5Gw%3D%3D](http://www.readcube.com/articles/10.1007/s12649-016-9656-4?author_access_token=NZQ_65zpzvVOVrBLEzMHEve4RwIQNchNByi7wbcMAY7GR4IWocqPWPkZkNDQXRz7x_qbW1ahjf7kWiQeH17QihXQ2Mi1WmHqe_CBIFMwbY_lgt4SeoDhDFf1GD-qyVAD6lZs6oA2j6mNx9V6woW5Gw%3D%3D)

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Glazed spaces: A simplified calculation method for the evaluation of energy savings and interior temperatures

Previous studies have shown that temperatures inside glazed balconies are almost without exception higher than those of outside air. This is due to the space's ability to capture and store the building's heat losses and solar radiation. The interior temperatures and energy saving effects of glazed balconies are, however, not particularly good in Finland, because the implemented solutions are not optimized for these issues. The purpose of this study is to introduce simplified evaluation methods for the energy saving and interior air temperature evaluation of glazed spaces and to verify the method reliably with the help of measured and simulated values of typical Finnish 1970s apartment blocks. The presented method can be used for optimizing and showing the energy saving impact as well as the mean, maximum and minimum temperatures of different type of glazed spaces in the preliminary design stage. The results show that the accuracy of the method is sufficient for designing if nine parameters are changed at most. The accuracy is affected by the number of changes made

in relation to the typical 1970s apartment blocks in Finland, which was chosen as a starting point for the method's development.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Service Life Engineering of Structures, School of Architecture, Research group: Built Environment in Transition, Research group: Built Environment in Transition, A-Insinöörit Suunnittelu Oy

Contributors: Hilliaho, K., Kovalainen, V., Huuhka, S., Lahdensivu, J.

Number of pages: 18

Pages: 27-44

Publication date: 1 Aug 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 30 Apr 2016

Publication information

Journal: Energy and Buildings

Volume: 125

ISSN (Print): 0378-7788

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 6.6 SJR 2.055 SNIP 1.969

Original language: English

Keywords: Glazed space, Balcony glazing, Interior temperature, Energy saving effect, Simplified calculation, Ida-ice, THERMAL SIMULATION, ATTACHED SUNSPACES, VALIDATION, MODEL

DOIs:

10.1016/j.enbuild.2016.04.063

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000378962300004

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Hydrothermal carbonization of pulp mill streams

The progress of the conversion, the yield, the structure and the morphology of the produced carbonaceous materials as a function of time were systematically studied with pyrolysis-GC/FID and FESEM microscope. The conversion of galactoglucomannan, bleached kraft pulp and TEMPO oxidized cellulose nanofibrils followed the reaction route of glucose being slower though with fibrous material, higher molar mass and viscosity. The conversion of kraft lignin was minor following completely different reaction route. Carbonaceous particles of different shape and size were produced with yields between 23% and 73% after 4 h with being higher for lignin than carbohydrates. According to the results, potential pulp mill streams represent lignocellulosic resources for generation of carbonaceous materials.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Materials Characterization, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland

Contributors: Wikberg, H., Ohra-aho, T., Honkanen, M., Kanerva, H., Harlin, A., Vippola, M., Laine, C.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 236-244

Publication date: 1 Jul 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 212

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 9.9 SJR 2.215 SNIP 1.945

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Galactoglucomannan, Hydrothermal carbonization, Kraft lignin, Kraft pulp, Pulp mill

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2016.04.061

Bibliographical note

EXT="Harlin, Ali"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84963954557

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Innovative use of recovered municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash as a component in growing media

The utilisation of municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash has been extensively studied, for example, in the unbound layers of roads and the products of cement and concrete industry. On the other hand, less attention has been given to other innovative utilisation possibilities, such as using the municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash as a component in growing media of plants. The municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash contains useful substances, such as calcium, that can influence plant growth in a positive manner. Therefore, the utilisation of this waste-derived material in the growing media may substitute the use of commercial fertilisers. Since the municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash also contains hazardous substances that can be toxic to plants, the main aim of this study was to add different amounts of recovered municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash in the growing media and to evaluate the effect of this material on plant growth. Based on the obtained results, the concentration of, for example copper and zinc, increased in test plants; ryegrass and barley, when recovered municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash was added in their growing media. On the other hand, this did not have a significant effect on plant growth, if compared with the growth of plants in commercially produced growing medium. Furthermore, the replacement of natural sand with municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash had a positive liming effect in the growing media. Overall, these findings suggest that the utilisation of recovered municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash as a component in growing media is possible and, thus, may allow more widespread and innovative use of this waste-derived material.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Suomen Erityisjäte Oy

Contributors: Sormunen, A., Kanninen, T., Salo, T., Rantsi, R.

Pages: 595-604

Publication date: 1 Jul 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management and Research

Volume: 34

Issue number: 7

ISSN (Print): 0734-242X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.8 SJR 0.673 SNIP 1.081

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/0734242X16650748

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Effect of particle size and dispersion status on cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of zinc oxide in human bronchial epithelial cells

Data available on the genotoxicity of zinc oxide (ZnO) nanoparticles (NPs) are controversial. Here, we examined the effects of particle size and dispersion status on the cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of nanosized and fine ZnO, in the presence and absence of bovine serum albumin (BSA; 0.06%) in human bronchial epithelial BEAS-2B cells. Dynamic light scattering analysis showed the most homogenous dispersions in water alone for nanosized ZnO and in water with BSA for fine ZnO. After a 48-h treatment, both types of ZnO were cytotoxic within a similar, narrow dose range (1.5-3.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$) and induced micronuclei at a near toxic dose range (1.25-1.75 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$), both with and without BSA. In the comet assay, nanosized ZnO (1.25-1.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$), in the absence of BSA, caused a statistically significant increase in DNA damage after 3-h and 6-h treatments, while fine ZnO did not. Our findings may be explained by better uptake or faster intracellular dissolution of nanosized ZnO without BSA during short treatments (3-6 h; the comet assay), with less differences between the two ZnO forms after longer treatments (>48 h; the in vitro micronucleus test). As ZnO is genotoxic within a narrow dose range partly overlapping with cytotoxic doses, small experimental differences e.g. in the dispersion of ZnO particles may have a substantial effect on the genotoxicity of the nominal doses added to the cell culture.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Materials Characterization, Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine, University of Zaragoza, Finnish Institute of Occupational Health

Contributors: Roszak, J., Catalán, J., Järventaus, H., Lindberg, H. K., Suhonen, S., Vippola, M., Stepnik, M., Norppa, H.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 7-18

Publication date: 1 Jul 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Mutation Research: Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis

Volume: 805

ISSN (Print): 1383-5718

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 0.927 SNIP 0.972

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Health, Toxicology and Mutagenesis, Genetics

Keywords: DNA damage, Genotoxicity, Micronucleus, Nanoparticle, Zinc oxide

DOIs:

10.1016/j.mrgentox.2016.05.008

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84973346011

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Parameters Affecting the Upcycling of Waste Cotton and PES/CO Textiles

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Fibre Materials

Contributors: Vats, S., Rissanen, M.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 166-177

Publication date: 30 May 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Recycling

Volume: 1

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 2313-4321

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

recycling-01-00166

DOIs:

10.3390/recycling1010166

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201605304201>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Effect of heavy metal co-contaminants on selenite bioreduction by anaerobic granular sludge

This study investigated bioreduction of selenite by anaerobic granular sludge in the presence of heavy metals and analyzed the fate of the bioreduced selenium and the heavy metals. Selenite bioreduction was not significantly inhibited in the presence of Pb(II) or Zn(II). More than 92% of 79 mg/L selenite was removed by bioreduction even in the presence of 150 mg/L of Pb(II) or 400 mg/L of Zn(II). In contrast, only 65-48% selenite was bioreduced in the presence of 150-400 mg/L Cd(II). Formation of elemental selenium or selenide varied with heavy metal type and concentration. Notably, the majority of the bioreduced selenium (70-90% in the presence of Pb and Zn, 50-70% in the presence of Cd) and heavy metals (80-90% of Pb and Zn, 60-80% of Cd) were associated with the granular sludge. The results have implications in the treatment of selenium wastewaters and biogenesis of metal selenides.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied

Organic Chemistry, UPEM, Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Environmental Engineering and Water Technology

Department, UNESCO-IHE Institute for Water Education

Contributors: Mal, J., Nancharaiah, Y. V., van Hullebusch, E. D., Lens, P. N. L.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 1-8

Publication date: 1 Apr 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 206

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 9.9 SJR 2.215 SNIP 1.945

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Anaerobic granular sludge, Biosorption, Heavy metal removal, Metal selenide, Selenite bioreduction

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2016.01.064

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84961305364

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

HPLC-SEC: a new approach to characterise complex wastewater effluents

This work investigates the use of HPLC-SEC to characterise dissolved organic matter (DOM) of complex wastewater effluents. A silica-based column, sodium acetate eluent and multiple detections were employed: UV-254 absorbance for humic-type, and tryptophan-like (Ex/Em = 270/355) and tyrosine-like (Ex/Em = 270/310) fluorescence for protein type compounds. Effects of eluent pH, eluent ionic strength and injection volume on separation efficiency were tested. Humic-type and protein-type fractions were clearly differentiated and eluted within and out of calibration range. Eluent ionic strength had the greatest influence on global resolution; the lowest eluent concentration of 0.01 M produced the best separation for all wastewater effluents tested at any detection. UV-254 absorbance was higher at neutral and basic eluent pH while tryptophan-like fluorescence depended on the sample composition rather than on the eluent pH or ionic strength. Tyrosine-like fluorescence decreased significantly with the increase of eluent ionic strength. Accurate molecular weight measurements could not be done, the separation being influenced by secondary interactions, but could be approximated using separate calibrations with sodium salts of polystyrene-sulfonates and protein standards. The results show that this method is suitable for determining DOM in wastewater at low eluent concentrations (up to 0.03 M), at neutral or slightly basic pH.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Degree Programme in Energy and Environmental Engineering, Tampere University of Applied Sciences, Department of Biological and Environmental Science, University of Jyväskylä

Contributors: Szabo, H. M., Lepistö, R., Tuhkanen, T.

Number of pages: 14

Pages: 257-270

Publication date: 19 Feb 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Environmental Analytical Chemistry

Volume: 96

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0306-7319

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.5 SJR 0.368 SNIP 0.501

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Analytical Chemistry, Environmental Chemistry, Soil Science, Health, Toxicology and Mutagenesis, Pollution, Waste Management and Disposal, Water Science and Technology, Public Health, Environmental and Occupational Health

Keywords: DOM, Fluorescence, greywater, humic, ionic strength, proteins, tryptophan, UV-254

DOIs:

10.1080/03067319.2016.1150463

Bibliographical note

EXT="Tuhkanen, Tuula"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84961206778

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Planning land use for biogas energy crop production: The potential of cutaway peat production lands

Each year, thousands of hectares of peatland that had been harvested are being released in Finland, which can offer an opportunity to increase energy crops and attain the bioenergy targets for non-agriculture lands. In this study, the Geographic Information System (GIS) method was used to improve the assessment of decentralized renewable energy resources. The amount of peat production lands and future cutaway areas for energy crop production was calculated as a case study by using ArcGIS and the Finnish Topographic database. There are almost 1000 km² of peat production lands in Finland, and theoretically, approximately 300 km² of cutaway peatlands could be used for energy crops after 30 years. The dry biomass yield of reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) or timothy-fescue grass (mix of *Phleum pratense* and *Festuca pratensis*) could be higher than 100 Gg a⁻¹ in these lands indicating methane potential of approximately 300 GWh. The exhausted peat production areas in the western region of Finland have significant potential for use for energy crops; North and South Ostrobothnia account for almost 45% of the total peat production land. A future goal could be to use the cutaway peat production lands more efficiently for bioenergy to mitigate climate change. Since the use of wastelands (including peatlands) are being considered in Europe as a way to avoid competition with food production, the GIS method used in the study to identify suitable peat lands could be applicable to biomass resource studies being conducted in many countries.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, University of Jyväskylä

Contributors: Laasasenaho, K., Lensu, A., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 355-362

Publication date: 1 Feb 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biomass & Bioenergy

Volume: 85

ISSN (Print): 0961-9534

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 6.4 SJR 1.198 SNIP 1.411

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Agronomy and Crop Science, Forestry, Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Bioenergy, *Festuca pratensis*, GIS, *Phalaris arundinacea*, *Phleum pratense*, Wasteland

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biombioe.2015.12.030

Bibliographical note

EXT="Laasasenaho, Kari"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84953292007

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Plasma-Assisted Fabrication of Fe₂O₃ - Co₃O₄ Nanomaterials as Anodes for Photoelectrochemical Water Splitting

Nanocomposite Fe₂O₃/Co₃O₄ photoanodes for photoelectrochemical H₂O splitting were prepared by a plasma-assisted route. Specifically, Fe₂O₃ nanostructures were grown by plasma enhanced-chemical vapor deposition, followed by cobalt sputtering for different process durations. The systems were annealed in air after, or both prior and after, sputtering of Co, to analyze the treatment influence on functional performances. The interplay between processing conditions and chemico-physical features was investigated by a multi-technique characterization. Photocurrent density measurements in sunlight-assisted H₂O splitting revealed a performance improvement upon Co₃O₄ loading. A cathodic shift of the onset potential was also observed, highlighting Co₃O₄ activity as catalyst for the oxygen evolution reaction.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry

Contributors: Carraro, G., Maccato, C., Gasparotto, A., Kaunisto, K., Sada, C., Barreca, D.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 191-200

Publication date: 1 Jan 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 2015

Publication information

Journal: Plasma Processes and Polymers

Volume: 13

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1612-8869

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 4.7 SJR 0.881 SNIP 0.915

Original language: English

Keywords: Co₃O₄, Fe₂O₃, plasma-enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PE-CVD), sputtering, water splitting

DOIs:

10.1002/ppap.201500106

Source: Bibtex

Source ID: urn:fea2caf64465a2349fed5a21683d16de

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Characterization of fine fraction mined from two Finnish landfills

A fine fraction (FF) was mined from two Finnish municipal solid waste (MSW) landfills in Kuopio (1- to 10-year-old, referred as new landfill) and Lohja (24- to 40-year-old, referred as old landfill) in order to characterize FF. In Kuopio the FF (<20mm) was on average 45±7% of the content of landfill and in Lohja 58±11%. Sieving showed that 86.5±5.7% of the FF was smaller than 11.2mm and the fraction resembled soil. The total solids (TS) content was 46-82%, being lower in the bottom layers compared to the middle layers. The organic matter content (measured as volatile solids, VS) and the biochemical methane potential (BMP) of FF were lower in the old landfill (VS/TS 12.8±7.1% and BMP 5.8±3.4m³ CH₄/t TS) than in the new landfill (VS/TS 21.3±4.3% and BMP 14.4±9.9m³ CH₄/t TS), and both were lower compared with fresh MSW. In the Kuopio landfill materials were also mechanically sieved in the full scale plant in two size fraction <30mm (VS/TS 31.1% and 32.9m³ CH₄/t TS) and 30-70mm (VS/TS 50.8% and BMP 78.5m³ CH₄/t TS). The nitrogen (3.5±2.0g/kg TS), phosphorus (<1.0-1.5g/kg TS) and soluble chemical oxygen demand (COD) (2.77±1.77kg/t TS) contents were low in all samples. Since FF is major fraction of the content of landfill, the characterization of FF is important to find possible methods for using or disposing FF mined from landfills.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Mönkäre, T. J., Palmroth, M. R. T., Rintala, J. A.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 34-39

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 47A

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 6.4 SJR 1.407 SNIP 2.191

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Biochemical methane potential, Characterization, Fine fraction, Landfill mining, Municipal solid waste

Electronic versions:

Mönkäre et al. 2016. Embargo ended: 1/12/17

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2015.02.034

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201903261332>. Embargo ended: 1/12/17

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84958845557

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Accelerated deactivation studies of the natural-gas oxidation catalyst-Verifying the role of sulfur and elevated temperature in catalyst aging

Accelerated deactivation, caused by thermal aging (TA) and/or sulfur+water poisoning (SW), of the PtPd/ γ -Al₂O₃ natural-gas oxidation catalyst was studied. Thermal aging and poisoning treatments were performed separately and with varied combinations and comprehensive characterization of the catalyst was carried out after each step. The fresh catalyst has small, oxidized PtPd particles (<5nm) uniformly distributed in the γ -alumina washcoat. After the SW-treatment, a small amount of bulk aluminum sulfate was observed near the slightly grown noble metal particles. During the thermal aging, γ -alumina changed to δ -/ θ - and α -alumina. In addition, total decomposition of oxidized Pt and partly decomposition of oxidized Pd occurred resulting in the formation of the grown noble metal particles with a bimetallic PtPd core and a polycrystalline PdO shell. Also few, small (~5nm) bimetallic PtPd particles were still detected. In the TA+SW-treated catalyst with grown noble metal particles, a small amount of bulk aluminum sulfate was detected and it was randomly distributed over the noble metal particles and washcoat. The activity in the terms of methane conversion over the TA-, SW-, and SW+TA-treated catalysts was similar but it was decreased compared to the fresh catalyst. The activity of the TA+SW-treated catalyst was drastically decreased compared to the fresh catalyst due to significant morphological changes and aluminum sulfate formation.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Materials Characterization, University of Oulu, Aalto University, Chalmers University of Technology, Dinex Ecocat Oy

Contributors: Honkanen, M., Kärkkäinen, M., Kolli, T., Heikkinen, O., Viitanen, V., Zeng, L., Jiang, H., Kallinen, K., Huuhtanen, M., Keiski, R. L., Lahtinen, J., Olsson, E., Vippola, M.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 439-448

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 1 Oct 2015

Publication information

Journal: Applied Catalysis B-Environmental

ISSN (Print): 0926-3373

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 14.9 SJR 2.693 SNIP 2.208

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Catalysis, Process Chemistry and Technology, Environmental Science(all)

Keywords: Deactivation, Palladium, Platinum, Sulfur poisoning, Thermal aging

Electronic versions:

Honkanen et al_revised manuscript. Embargo ended: 1/10/17

DOIs:

10.1016/j.apcatb.2015.09.054

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201606134232> . Embargo ended: 1/10/17

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84943638016

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Revisiting cellulase production and redefining current strategies based on major challenges Article reference: RSER5103

Lignocellulosic biomass has been considered as an important and sustainable source of renewable energy. Cellulose constitutes the major component of the lignocellulosic biomass and also offers maximum recalcitrance towards its fullest utilization. The enzymatic breakdown of cellulose is achieved through cellulases. Diverse forms of microbes including fungi, bacteria, actinomycetes and yeast are known to produce cellulases that have found extensive application in various industries. Due to the current global political unrest over oil prices and the threat of global warming following combustion of fossil fuels, the paradigm of research is now focused on biofuel production from plant biomass. Conventional approaches have not been economically feasible for meeting the demands of the industry. This review provides an update regarding the status of present microbial cellulase production technologies and research with special reference to solid state fermentation and different molecular techniques such as mutagenesis, metabolic engineering and heterologous gene expression of cellulases from different microbial domains with improved catalytic and stability properties. Metagenomic and genomic studies for mining of novel cellulase genes in addition to screening of culturable strains using conventional methods have been advanced. In addition the bottlenecks associated with cellulase production and how the future research needs to be directed to provide a comprehensive technology for the production of cellulases with novel traits for application at an industrial level without economic constraints are discussed.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Kuhad, R. C., Deswal, D., Sharma, S., Bhattacharya, A., Kumar Jain, K., Kaur, A., Pletschke, B. I., Singh, A., Karp, M.

Number of pages: 24

Pages: 249-272

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews

Volume: 55

ISSN (Print): 1364-0321

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 12.9 SJR 2.998 SNIP 3.543

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.rser.2015.10.132

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Use of diluted urine for cultivation of *Chlorella vulgaris*

Our aim was to study the biomass growth of microalga *Chlorella vulgaris* using diluted human urine as a sole nutrient source. Batch cultivations (21 days) were conducted in five different urine dilutions (1:25-1:300), in 1:100-diluted urine as such and with added trace elements, and as a reference, in artificial growth medium. The highest biomass density was obtained in 1:100-diluted urine with and without additional trace elements (0.73 and 0.60 g L⁻¹), respectively). Similar biomass growth trends and densities were obtained with 1:25- and 1:300-diluted urine (0.52 vs. 0.48 gVSS L⁻¹) indicating that urine at dilution 1:25 can be used to cultivate microalgal based biomass. Interestingly, even 1:300-diluted urine contained sufficiently nutrients and trace elements to support biomass growth. Biomass production was similar despite pH-variation from <5 to 9 in different incubations indicating robustness of the biomass growth. Ammonium formation did not inhibit overall biomass growth. At the beginning of cultivation, the majority of the biomass consisted of living algal cells, while towards the end, their share decreased and the estimated share of bacteria and cell debris increased.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Jaatinen, S., Lakaniemi, A., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 1159-1170

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 7 Nov 2015

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Technology

Volume: 37

Issue number: 9

ISSN (Print): 0959-3330

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 3.1 SJR 0.569 SNIP 0.836

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1080/09593330.2015.1105300

Source: PubMed

Source ID: 26508358

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

High rate autotrophic denitrification in fluidized-bed biofilm reactors

High rate, high efficiency thiosulfate-driven autotrophic denitrification and denitrification with *Thiobacillus denitrificans* dominated biofilms were achieved in fluidized-bed reactors (FBRs) operated at 20.0 ± 2.0 and 30.0 ± 0.2 °C. Complete nitrate removal was obtained even at nitrate loading rate and hydraulic retention time (HRT) of 600 mg L⁻¹ h⁻¹ and 10 min, respectively. Further decrease of HRT to 5 min resulted in 50% of nitrate removal efficiency. Nitrite did not

accumulate when nitrate was used as electron acceptor unless HRT was decreased to 5 min. Effluent pH remained at 5.8 during denitrification. When nitrite was supplemented as the electron acceptor, denitrification effectively proceeded with the highest nitrite loading rate of 228 mg L⁻¹ h⁻¹. Similar denitrification and denitrification performances were obtained at 20.0 ± 2.0 and 30.0 ± 0.2 °C. Batch assays conducted at temperature range from 1 to 46 °C, however, showed a significant impact of temperature on autotrophic denitrification. Ratkowsky model was used to estimate the minimum, optimal and maximum growth temperatures of *T. denitrificans* dominated culture that were below 1, 26.6 and 50.8 °C, respectively.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Zou, G., Papirio, S., Lakaniemi, A., Ahoranta, S., Puhakka, J.

Pages: 1287-1294

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 28 Sep 2015

Publication information

Journal: Chemical Engineering Journal

Volume: 284

ISSN (Print): 1385-8947

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 9.7 SJR 1.758 SNIP 1.952

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.cej.2015.09.074

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Preferential adsorption of Cu in a multi-metal mixture onto biogenic elemental selenium nanoparticles

Preferential adsorption of Cu contained in wastewaters is desirable as the Cu can then be reprocessed and reused more easily. In this study, biogenic elemental selenium nanoparticles (BioSeNPs) were assessed for their ability to preferentially adsorb Cu from an equimolar mixture containing Cu, Cd and Zn. Variations in metal to BioSeNPs ratios and initial metal solution pH improved the preferential adsorption capacity of BioSeNPs toward Cu, with the ratio of Cu adsorbed to combined Cd and Zn adsorbed varying from 2.3 to 6.6. More than 78% of the added Cu was adsorbed at an initial metal solution pH of 5.2 and metal to BioSeNPs ratio of 0.21 mg mg⁻¹ when the ratio of Cu adsorbed to the sum of Cd and Zn adsorbed was 2.3. Infrared spectroscopy revealed that the Cu, Cd and Zn were interacting with the hydroxyl and carboxyl surface functional groups of the BioSeNPs. The modeling of BioSeNPs' acid-base titration revealed the presence of high concentrations of carboxylic groups (C=60.3 mol kg⁻¹) with a pK_a of 3.9, providing further evidence of their interaction with Cu. The adsorption of Cu resulted in a lower colloidal stability of the BioSeNPs as indicated by more than 99% retention of added BioSeNPs after adsorption of heavy metals and filtration. BioSeNPs showed a good preferential adsorption capacity toward Cu as compared to other adsorbent. This study provides a proof-of-concept for the preferential adsorption of Cu onto BioSeNPs which are present in the effluent of a bioreactor treating selenium oxyanions containing wastewater.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Tampere University of Technology, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Université Paris-Est

Contributors: Jain, R., Dominic, D., Jordan, N., Rene, E. R., Weiss, S., van Hullebusch, E. D., Hübner, R., Lens, P. N. L.

Pages: 917-925

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 2015

Publication information

Journal: Chemical Engineering Journal

Volume: 284

ISSN (Print): 1385-8947

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 9.7 SJR 1.758 SNIP 1.952

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Chemical Engineering(all), Chemistry(all), Industrial and Manufacturing Engineering, Environmental Chemistry

Keywords: Biogenic, Copper, FT-IR, Heavy metals, Preferential adsorption, Selenium nanoparticles

DOIs:

10.1016/j.cej.2015.08.144

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84942540702

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

A study on raw, torrefied, and steam-exploded wood: Fine grinding, drop-tube reactor combustion tests in N₂/O₂ and CO₂/O₂ atmospheres, particle geometry analysis, and numerical kinetics modeling

The purpose of this study was to compare the fine grinding properties and combustion behavior of three wood pellet products: raw, torrefied, and steam-exploded wood. The energy required to fine grind the pellets was tested, and so was the geometry and size distribution of the resulting ground products. Out of all the samples the steam-exploded wood pellet required the most energy for grinding. However, it also produced more sphere-like particles compared to the other two types of samples. The combustion behavior of the samples was tested in a laminar drop-tube reactor (DTR). The samples were preground and the particles were sieved with vibration sieves with an opening of 112–125 μm. The pyrolysis process was examined separately at a temperature range of 973–1173 K. The combined pyrolysis and combustion tests were carried out at a reactor temperature of 1123 K. The O₂ concentrations used in the measurements were 3–21 vol-% in either N₂ or CO₂ atmospheres. The initial size distribution of the sample particles as well as their diameter evolution during pyrolysis and combustion was studied by using optical techniques. The surface temperature of the combusting particles was measured with a two-color pyrometer from within the DTR. The density, specific surface area, and pore diameter were measured from the ground samples with a mercury porosimeter. The chemical kinetic parameters, which describe the pyrolysis and char oxidation rates of the samples, were determined by using the data from the measurements.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology

Contributors: Tolvanen, H., Keipi, T., Raiko, R.

Pages: 153-164

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel

Volume: 176

ISSN (Print): 0016-2361

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 7.8 SJR 1.736 SNIP 2.206

Original language: English

Keywords: Combustion, Biomass, Chemical kinetics, Carbon dioxide, Drop-tube reactor

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2016.02.071

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Modelling of plastic culvert and road embankment interaction in 3D

A series of 3D Finite Element simulations was performed to investigate the effect of different factors influencing the distortions undergone by a plastic culvert tube while subject to external loading from a heavy truck. The applied simulation model was verified by full-scale loading tests carried out on a number of actual culvert installation sites. Based on the results of the study, it can be concluded that both installation depth and quality of the material surrounding the culvert have a dominant effect on culvert distortions while the effects of material quality above the culvert and the type of tyre configuration transmitting the wheel load are much less pronounced.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research area: Infrastructure Construction, Research group: Earth Constructions

Contributors: Kolisoja, P., Kalliainen, A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 427-434

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Procedia Engineering

Volume: 143

ISSN (Print): 1877-7058

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 0.9 SJR 0.286 SNIP 0.725

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

Kolisoja & Kalliainen Procedia Engineering Copy

DOIs:

10.1016/j.proeng.2016.06.054

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201608164416>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Sorption of zinc onto elemental selenium nanoparticles immobilized in *Phanerochaete chrysosporium* pellets

The use of a novel hybrid biosorbent, elemental selenium nanoparticles ($n\text{Se}^0$) immobilized in pellets of *Phanerochaete chrysosporium*, to remove Zn from aqueous solutions was investigated. Fungal pellets containing $n\text{Se}^0$ ($n\text{Se}^0$ -pellets) showed to be better biosorbents as they removed more Zn ($88.1 \pm 5.3\%$) compared to Se-free fungal pellets ($56.2 \pm 2.8\%$) at pH 4.5 and an initial Zn concentration of 10 mg L^{-1} . The enhanced sorption capacity of $n\text{Se}^0$ -pellets was attributed to a higher concentration of sorption sites resulting in a more negative surface charge density, as determined by analysis of the potentiometric titration data. Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FT-IR) analysis of fungal pellets prior to and after being loaded with Zn showed the functional groups, including hydroxyl and carboxyl groups, involved in the sorption process. The experimental data indicated that the sorption rate of the $n\text{Se}^0$ -pellets fitted well to the pseudo-second order kinetic model ($R^2 = 0.99$), and the sorption isotherm was best represented by the Sips model (Langmuir-Freundlich) with heterogeneous factor $n = 1$ ($R^2 = 0.99$), which is equivalent to the Langmuir model. Operational advantages of fungal pelleted reactors and the Zn removal efficiencies achieved by $n\text{Se}^0$ -pellets under mild acidic conditions make $n\text{Se}^0$ -pellet based bioreactors an efficient biosorption process.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Hydraulic and Environmental Engineering (IHE) Inst. for Water Education, Environmental Engineering and Water Technology Department, Université Paris-Est

Contributors: Espinosa-Ortiz, E. J., Shakya, M., Jain, R., Rene, E. R., van Hullebusch, E. D., Lens, P. N. L.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 21619–21630

Publication date: 2016

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Science and Pollution Research

Volume: 23

Issue number: 21

ISSN (Print): 0944-1344

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 4 SJR 0.891 SNIP 1.127

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Chemistry, Medicine(all), Pollution, Health, Toxicology and Mutagenesis

Keywords: Fungal pellets, Hybrid biosorbent, *Phanerochaete chrysosporium*, Selenium nanoparticles, Zinc biosorption

DOIs:

10.1007/s11356-016-7333-6

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84982179903

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Simultaneous nutrient removal and lipid production with *Chlorella vulgaris* on sterilized and non-sterilized anaerobically pretreated piggery wastewater

Piggery wastewater is a potent nutrient source for microalgal lipid production. Wastewater has been usually sterilized when used for microalgal cultivation. This is uneconomical in large-scale applications. Therefore, lipid productivity of *Chlorella vulgaris* CY5 using sterilized and non-sterilized diluted anaerobically pretreated piggery wastewater was studied in batch reactors. The maximum average lipid productivity was obtained after 12 days of incubation and it was higher with the sterilized wastewater than with the non-sterilized one (117 g/L/d vs. 91.3 g/L/d), due to the higher biomass concentration. Because of the unexpected increase of dissolved organic carbon (DOC) in the cultures, second experiment

was conducted to characterize the composition of produced DOC in non-sterilized wastewater. Carbohydrate content increased in the liquid phase but decreased in the biomass after nitrogen had been exhausted. After 12 days of incubation, soluble chemical oxygen demand (COD) was 414 ± 56 mg/L, biomass production was 2.8 ± 0.15 g/L, and lipid content was 30.3 ± 1.2 wt%. Average lipid productivity from day zero to day 12 was 70.5 ± 1.1 g/L/d. *C. vulgaris* removed nutrients from the non-sterilized wastewater and produced oleaginous biomass, although the lipid productivity was higher with sterilized wastewater.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Center of Bioscience and Biotechnology, Research Center for Energy Technology and Strategy, National Cheng Kung University, Department of Environmental Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering

Contributors: Marjakangas, J. M., Chen, C. Y., Lakaniemi, A. M., Puhakka, J. A., Whang, L. M., Chang, J. S.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 177-184

Publication date: 5 Nov 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 23 Jul 2015

Publication information

Journal: Biochemical Engineering Journal

Volume: 103

ISSN (Print): 1369-703X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.6 SJR 0.952 SNIP 1.075

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Biotechnology, Bioengineering, Biomedical Engineering, Environmental Engineering

Keywords: Aerobic process, Lipid production, Microalgae, Piggery wastewater, Sterilization, Wastewater treatment

DOIs:

10.1016/j.bej.2015.07.011

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84939202209&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84939202209

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Airtightness of residential buildings in Finland

Single-family buildings and apartments in multi-family apartment buildings have been studied in Finland in two large-scale studies between the years 2002 and 2009. This paper is based on the measurements of airtightness of 170 single-family detached houses and 56 apartments by fan pressurisation method at 50 Pa. The mean air change rate of 10 autoclaved aerated concrete block, 10 shuttering concrete block, 10 concrete element, 10 brick masonry, 10 lightweight aggregate concrete block, 100 timber-framed, and 20 log single-family houses was 1.5 h^{-1} , 1.6 h^{-1} , 2.6 h^{-1} , 2.8 h^{-1} , 3.2 h^{-1} , 3.9 h^{-1} and 6.0 h^{-1} , respectively. In concrete-built multi-storey houses, in which the intermediate floor was cast on site, the mean n_{50} -value of 23 apartments was 0.7 h^{-1} . The mean n_{50} -value of 20 apartments in multi-storey houses built from concrete elements was 1.6 h^{-1} . 16 apartments in timber-framed multi-storey houses had a mean n_{50} -value 2.9 h^{-1} . Factors like construction method and insulation material (polyurethane insulation) in timber-framed houses, seam insulation material in log houses and ceiling structure in heavyweight buildings among others were found to have an effect on the average values of air change rates. The mean values of airtightness do not satisfy the recommended level of airtightness in Finland. Most important result, however, is that good airtightness of individual houses was reached within all house groups regardless of the choice of structure, storeys, ventilation system or technology of construction.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE), Aalto University, Department of Civil and Structural Engineering

Contributors: Vinha, J., Manelius, E., Korpi, M., Salminen, K., Kurnitski, J., Kiviste, M., Laukkarinen, A.

Number of pages: 13

Pages: 128-140

Publication date: 1 Nov 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Building and Environment

Volume: 93

Issue number: P2

ISSN (Print): 0360-1323

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.9 SJR 2.067 SNIP 2.498

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Civil and Structural Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Geography, Planning and Development, Building and Construction

Keywords: Air change rate, Air leakage, Airtightness, Residential buildings

Electronic versions:

Kiviste - Airtightness of residential buildings in Finland. Embargo ended: 11/06/17

DOIs:

10.1016/j.buildenv.2015.06.011

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-201911216158>. Embargo ended: 11/06/17

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84938085676&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84938085676

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Arsenic in bedrock, soil and groundwater - The first arsenic guidelines for aggregate production established in Finland

Concern over arsenic (As)-rich drinking water has gained worldwide attention since the 1990s, when the problem was discovered in West Bengal in India and in Bangladesh. Since then, authorities and research institutes have focused on risk assessment and management for As in Finland. Nationwide geochemical mapping projects determined background levels and revealed regions with a higher than average As content in bedrock and soil. Approximately 10% of the citizens in Finland use drinking water from private wells. Groundwater, especially from drilled bedrock wells, may contain As concentrations higher than 10 µg/L, the European Union quality guideline for As in drinking water. Here, we present the outcome of two European Union projects, RAMAS and ASROCKS, which based their conclusions on nationwide databases and thousands of samples. Both RAMAS and ASROCKS focused on the Tampere-Häme region of Southern Finland, where bedrock and soil contain more As than in other parts of Finland on average. Over 1000 groundwater samples revealed that drilled bedrock wells may contain As-rich water in certain geological units. Naturally occurring As in bedrock and soil may also cause the mobilization of As during rock aggregate production and construction activities, potentially impacting on groundwater aquifers, surface waters, and biota. Arsenic concentrations in aggregate production and construction exceeded the regional background levels in some bedrock and aggregate product samples, but during leaching tests As concentrations were found to be low. Based on the results, risk management tools were revised and guidelines for the rock aggregate industry were established in cooperation with authorities, companies, and other stakeholders. To our knowledge, the guidelines established were the first in the world. The guidelines for As for the aggregate and construction industries can be applied in other countries and adapted to local conditions.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Earth Constructions, Research group: Track Structures, Aalto University, Geologian tutkimuskeskus, Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Parviainen, A., Loukola-Ruskeeniemi, K., Tarvainen, T., Hatakka, T., Härmä, P., Backman, B., Ketola, T., Kuula, P., Lehtinen, H., Sorvari, J., Pyy, O., Ruskeeniemi, T., Luoma, S.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 709-723

Publication date: 1 Nov 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Earth-Science Reviews

Volume: 150

ISSN (Print): 0012-8252

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 11.3 SJR 3.692 SNIP 3.143

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Earth and Planetary Sciences(all)

Keywords: Arsenic, Bedrock, Construction, Groundwater, Risk management, Rock aggregates, Soil, Surface water

DOIs:

10.1016/j.earscorev.2015.09.009

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84943781121&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84943781121

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Power generation in fed-batch and continuous up-flow microbial fuel cell from synthetic wastewater

Up-flow bioreactors have the advantages of retaining very high cell density and having high mass transfer efficiency. The recirculation rate could improve the up-flow rate in up-flow bioreactor. A two-chamber UFMFC (up-flow microbial fuel cell) is constructed with flat graphite electrodes and anion exchange membrane for electricity generation. The anode chamber is seeded with compost culture enriched on xylose and operated on synthetic wastewater with 0.5 g/L xylose, external resistance of 100 Ω , at pH 7.0 and 37 °C in fed-batch mode. The cathode chamber in the top of the UFMFC is filled with potassium ferricyanide (pH 7.0) as the electron acceptor. The effects of different recirculation rates of 1.2, 2.4, 4.8 and 7.2 RV (reactor-volumes)/h to increase the mass transfer and electricity production are determined in fed-batch mode. At a recirculation rate of 4.8 RV/h, a power density of 356 ± 24 mW/m² with CE (coulombic efficiency) of $21.3 \pm 1.0\%$ is obtained. Decreasing HRT (hydraulic retention time) could improve the electricity production performance of UFMFC in continuous mode. The power generation is increased to 372 ± 20 mW/m², while CE remains at $13.4 \pm 0.5\%$ with HRT of 1.7 d and optimum recirculation rate of 4.8 RV/h on continuous mode. Microbial communities were characterized with PCR (polymerase chain reaction) - DGGE (denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis). In the end of the experiment, the biofilm contained both fermenting and exoelectrogenic bacteria, while fermenting and nitrate-reducing bacteria were mainly present in the anodic solutions. Moreover, some changes occurred in the microbial communities of the anodic solutions when the MFCs were switched from fed-batch to continuous mode, while the differences were minor between different recirculation rates in fed-batch mode.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Lay, C., Kokko, M. E., Puhakka, J. A.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 235-241

Publication date: 1 Nov 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Energy

Volume: 91

ISSN (Print): 0360-5442

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 7.4 SJR 2.22 SNIP 2.027

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Energy(all), Pollution

Keywords: Continuous mode, Microbial fuel cell, Recirculation rate, Two chamber, Up-flow, Xylose

DOIs:

[10.1016/j.energy.2015.08.029](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.energy.2015.08.029)

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84946031190&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84946031190

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Evolution of Community-Managed Water Supply Projects From 1994 to the 2010s in Ethiopia

This article discusses the evolution of community-managed projects (CMPs) along with the global community-based management of water supply and sanitation services since the 1960s, particularly the evolution of Ethiopian water resources development in the last century. The study was conducted with intensive reviews of journals, reports, project documents, and discussions with the people involved in CMP implementation, including many Ethiopian government officials. The article presents the various development phases of the water and sanitation sector in Ethiopia together with national and global influences. Currently, in the 2010s, the CMP financing mechanisms and the national development of water supply and sanitation are more organized and integrated, and are in the stage of scaling up. The recently agreed national water, sanitation, and hygiene strategic framework is expected to have significant impacts on the rural water supply and sanitation development in Ethiopia.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE), Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering , Community-Led Accelerated WASH (COWASH) Project

Contributors: Behailu, B. M., Suominen, A., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 22

Pages: 379-400

Publication date: 22 Oct 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 13 Jul 2015

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management and Policy

Volume: 20

Issue number: 4

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 0.9 SJR 0.242 SNIP 0.41

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Business, Management and Accounting (miscellaneous), Sociology and Political Science, Public Administration

Keywords: community-managed projects (CMP), Ethiopia, evolution, sustainability, water sector reforms

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X15593955

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84942086997

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Viewpoint - Paradigm Shift of Water Services in Finland: From Production Mentality to Service Mindset

In this article, the current management paradigm of water services in Finland is conceptualised. For this purpose, the managers of water utility in ten Finnish municipalities were interviewed. Consequently, the ways in which water services are perceived and managed are also described in this article. In addition, it is argued that the current paradigm produces systemic behaviour that can be considered to give rise to unsustainable ways of developing water services. Based on the problems of the current paradigm, an alternative paradigm is drafted that rethinks the value-creation logic. This alternative paradigm implies that one should be aware of the interactions between systems in which water services play a crucial role, and act accordingly.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Takala, A.

Number of pages: 14

Pages: 433-446

Publication date: Oct 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Alternatives

Volume: 8

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 1965-0175

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 0.899 SNIP 1.402

Original language: English

Keywords: Water services, Paradigm, Paradigm shift

Electronic versions:

ViewPoint - Paradigm Shift of Water Services in Finland: From Production Mentality to Service Mindset

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<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201603013585>

Bibliographical note

Versio ja lupa ok 11.1.2016 /KK

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The Effect of Phosphorus Exposure on Diesel Oxidation Catalysts-Part II: Characterization of Structural Changes by Transmission Electron Microscopy

Phosphorus poisoning and its effect on the diesel oxidation catalysts morphology was studied by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). The studied catalyst samples were PtPd or Pt supported on the alumina-based washcoat including additives. The laboratory-scale phosphorus exposures were carried out with two different phosphorus concentrations. The cross-sectional TEM samples were prepared from the fresh and phosphorus-treated catalysts. After phosphorus exposures, significant structural changes were observed compared to the fresh catalysts. The shape of the noble metal particles had changed from irregular to more spherical-shaped particles. In addition, phosphorus was detected throughout the catalyst TEM samples but the amount varied depending on the local composition of the support. Phosphorus accumulated mainly in the alumina-containing areas of the support and indications of dense and amorphous aluminium phosphates were found. Based on the results gained, cross-sectional TEM characterization is essential to observe these kinds of morphological changes in the catalysts caused e.g. by phosphorus exposures. In addition, cross-sectional TEM samples are needed to study the effect of local variation in the support composition on the phosphorus accumulation.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Materials Characterization, Univ Oulu, University of Oulu, Fac Technol Mass & Heat Transfer Proc Engn, Aalto University, Dinex Ecocat Oy

Contributors: Honkanen, M., Kärkkäinen, M., Heikkinen, O., Kallinen, K., Kolli, T., Huuhtanen, M., Lahtinen, J., Keiski, R. L., Lepistö, T., Vippola, M.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 971-976

Publication date: Oct 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Topics in Catalysis

Volume: 58

Issue number: 14

ISSN (Print): 1022-5528

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.7 SJR 0.926 SNIP 0.777

Original language: English

Keywords: Diesel oxidation catalyst, Phosphorus poisoning, Structural characterization, Transmission electron microscopy, 3-WAY CATALYST, DEACTIVATION, MECHANISMS, EXHAUST, IMPACT

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Honkanen et al_accepted manuscript

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<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201710182015>

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000362581900017

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

The Effect of Phosphorus Exposure on Diesel Oxidation Catalysts-Part I: Activity Measurements, Elementary and Surface Analyses

The effects of phosphorus poisoning on the activity of PtPd and Pt diesel oxidation catalysts and on the activity of the support material were investigated using the gas phase laboratory-scale-aging procedure. The catalysts were treated using two different phosphorus concentrations (0.065 and 0.13 mol/L (NH₄)₂HPO₄). The deactivation was studied by inductively coupled plasma optical emission spectroscopy, electron microscopy, X-ray diffractometry, X-ray photoelectron spectrometry and Fourier-transform infrared reflectance, N₂-physisorption, and activity measurements with CO, C₃H₆ and NO. The amount of accumulated phosphorus was higher on the Pt catalyst surface than on the PtPd catalyst and significantly higher on the surface of the bare support material. Phosphorus concentration was uniform throughout the support layer (down to the 10 μm), and phosphorus was found as phosphate, although it can also form compounds like AlPO₄ with the support. The treatment with low phosphorus concentration was found to have a clear deactivation effect only for C₃H₆ oxidation activity on PtPd catalysts above 200 degrees C. The treatment with high phosphorus concentration significantly decreased the activity of both the PtPd and Pt catalysts. In particular, the C₃H₆ and NO oxidation activities of the fresh and P-treated Pt catalysts were higher than those of the PtPd catalysts for the entire temperature range.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Materials Characterization, Univ Oulu, University of Oulu, Fac Technol, Environm & Chem Engn, Aalto University, Dinex Ecocat Oy, Catalyst Res

Contributors: Kärkkäinen, M., Kolli, T., Honkanen, M., Heikkinen, O., Huuhtanen, M., Kallinen, K., Lepistö, T., Lahtinen, J., Vippola, M., Keiski, R. L.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 961-970

Publication date: Oct 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Topics in Catalysis

Volume: 58

Issue number: 14

ISSN (Print): 1022-5528

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.7 SJR 0.926 SNIP 0.777

Original language: English

Keywords: Phosphorus, Deactivation, Poisoning, Diesel oxidation catalyst, Platinum, Palladium, NO OXIDATION, THERMAL-STABILITY, DEACTIVATION, REDUCTION, MECHANISMS, BEHAVIOR, EXHAUST

DOIs:

10.1007/s11244-015-0464-z

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000362581900016

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Selecting an indigenous microalgal strain for lipid production in anaerobically treated piggery wastewater

The aim of this study was to select a potential microalgal strain for lipid production and to examine the suitability of anaerobically treated piggery wastewater as a nutrient source for production of lipid-rich biomass with the selected microalga. Biomass and lipid productivity of three microalgal strains (*Chlorella sorokiniana* CY1, *Chlorella vulgaris* CY5 and *Chlamydomonas* sp. JSC-04) were compared by using different media, nitrogen sources, and nitrogen concentrations. The highest lipid content and productivity (62.5 wt%, 162 mg/L/d) were obtained with *C. vulgaris* with BG-11 with 62 mg N/L. Secondly, *C. vulgaris* was cultivated in sterilized, diluted (1–20×), anaerobically treated piggery wastewater. Biomass production decreased and lipid content increased, when wastewater was more diluted. The highest lipid content of 54.7 wt% was obtained with 20× dilution, while the highest lipid productivity of 100.7 mg/L/d with 5× dilution. Piggery wastewater is a promising resource for mass production of oleaginous microalgal biomass.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Marjakangas, J. M., Chen, C., Lakaniemi, A., Puhakka, J. A., Whang, L., Chang, J.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 369-376

Publication date: Sep 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 191

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 9.2 SJR 2.243 SNIP 1.899

Original language: English

Keywords: Lipid production, *Chlorella vulgaris*, Piggery wastewater

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2015.02.075

URLs:

<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0960852415002540>

Source: RIS

Source ID: urn:99005CD93E391712ED9AA9AF768F175C

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Electricity production by a microbial fuel cell fueled by brewery wastewater and the factors in its membrane deterioration

Electricity production from brewery wastewater using dual-chamber microbial fuel cells (MFCs) with a tin-coated copper mesh in the anode was investigated by changing the hydraulic retention time (HRT). The MFCs were fed with wastewater samples from the inlet (inflow, MFC-1) and outlet (outflow, MFC-2) of an anaerobic digester of a brewery wastewater treatment plant. Both chemical oxygen demand removal and current density were improved by decreasing HRT. The best MFC performance was with an HRT of 0.5 d. The maximum power densities of 8.001 and 1.843 $\mu\text{W}/\text{cm}^2$ were obtained from reactors MFC-1 and MFC-2, respectively. Microbial diversity at different conditions was studied using PCR-DGGE profiling of 16S rRNA fragments of the microorganisms from the biofilm on the anode electrode. The MFC reactor had mainly *Geobacter*, *Shewanella*, and *Clostridium* species, and some bacteria were easily washed out at lower HRTs. The fouling characteristics of the MFC Nafion membrane and the resulting degradation of MFC performance were examined. The ion exchange capacity, conductivity, and diffusivity of the membrane decreased significantly after fouling. The morphology of the Nafion membrane and MFC degradation were studied using scanning electron microscopy and attenuated total reflection-Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Portland State University, Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Yildiz Technical University

Contributors: Çetinkaya, A. Y., Koroğlu, E. O., Demir, N. M., Baysoy, D. Y., Özkaya, B., Çakmakçi, M.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 1068-1076

Publication date: 20 Jul 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Chinese Journal of Catalysis

Volume: 36

Issue number: 7

ISSN (Print): 0253-9837

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 3.4 SJR 0.579 SNIP 0.805

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Catalysis, Chemistry(all)

Keywords: Anaerobic processe, Biofilm, Microbial community, Microbial fuel cell, Wastewater treatment

DOIs:

10.1016/S1872-2067(15)60833-6

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84934932934&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

EXT="Çakmakçi, Mehmet"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84934932934

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Subpicosecond to Second Time-Scale Charge Carrier Kinetics in Hematite-Titania Nanocomposite Photoanodes

Water splitting with hematite is negatively affected by poor intrinsic charge transport properties. However, they can be modified by forming heterojunctions to improve charge separation. For this purpose, charge dynamics of TiO₂:α-Fe₂O₃ nanocomposite photoanodes are studied using transient absorption spectroscopy to monitor the evolution of photogenerated charge carriers as a function of applied bias voltage. The bias affects the charge carrier dynamics, leading to trapped electrons in the submillisecond time scale and an accumulation of holes with a lifetime of 0.4 ± 0.1 s. By contrast, slower electron trapping and only few long-lived holes are observed in a bare hematite photoanode. The decay of the long-lived holes is 1 order of magnitude faster for the composite photoanodes than previously published for doped hematite, indicative of higher catalytic efficiency. These results illustrate the advantages of using composite materials to overcome poor charge carrier dynamics, leading to a 30-fold enhancement in photocurrent.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Frontier Photonics, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Tampere University of Technology, ETH Zürich, Laboratory for Multifunctional Materials

Contributors: Ruoko, T. P., Kaunisto, K., Bärtsch, M., Pohjola, J., Hiltunen, A., Niederberger, M., Tkachenko, N. V., Lemmetyinen, H.

Number of pages: 6
Pages: 2859-2864
Publication date: 8 Jul 2015
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Physical Chemistry Letters
Volume: 6

Issue number: 15
ISSN (Print): 1948-7185

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 12.7 SJR 4.143 SNIP 1.719

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Materials Science(all)

Keywords: FILM ELECTRODES, IRON-OXIDE, SEMICONDUCTOR ELECTRODES, WATER OXIDATION, VISIBLE-LIGHT, ALPHA-Fe₂O₃, PHOTOELECTRODES, TiO₂, RECOMBINATION, ELECTROLYSIS

Electronic versions:

Subpicosecond_post-print

DOIs:

10.1021/acs.jpcclett.5b01128

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201612024836>

Bibliographical note

AUX=mol,"Pohjola, Juuso"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84938694613

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Catalytic effect of Ca and K on CO₂ gasification of spruce wood char

Gasification is one route to produce chemicals and liquid fuels from biomass. The gasification of the char is catalyzed by alkali and alkaline earth metals in the biomass. In this work the catalytic effect of calcium (Ca) and potassium (K) on CO₂ gasification of spruce wood was studied using a thermo gravimetric analyzer (TGA). The ash-forming elements were first removed from the wood using an acid leaching method. Then, various concentrations of K and Ca were absorbed to the wood by ion-exchange to carboxylic and phenolic groups, impregnation of K₂CO₃ or physically mixing of CaC₂O₄. The prepared spruce samples were placed in a mesh holder and gasified in the TGA at 850 °C in 100% CO₂. The results demonstrate that the gasification rate of the char increased linearly with an increase in the concentration of Ca or K. Crystalline CaC₂O₄ distributed only at the surface of the wood particles resulted in low catalytic activity. The catalytic activity of Ca was higher than K in the beginning of char gasification but the catalytic effect of Ca decreased earlier than the catalytic effect of potassium. Further, the char structure was investigated by SEM-EDX. The SEM analysis from interrupted gasification experiments showed the formation of CaCO₃ and K₂CO₃ layer on the char surface. By adding corresponding levels of Ca and K as the original spruce to the acid washed sample, a similar gasification reactivity was obtained at 850 °C.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Abo Akademi University, Åbo Akademi University, University of Jyväskylä, Process Chemistry Center, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland

Contributors: Perander, M., DeMartini, N., Brink, A., Kramb, J., Karlström, O., Hemming, J., Moilanen, A., Konttinen, J., Hupa, M.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 464-472

Publication date: 15 Jun 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel

Volume: 150

ISSN (Print): 0016-2361

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.9 SJR 1.781 SNIP 2.111

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Fuel Technology, Energy Engineering and Power Technology, Chemical Engineering(all), Organic Chemistry

Keywords: Biomass, Calcium, Char reactivity, CO, Gasification, Potassium

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2015.02.062

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84924100908&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kramb, J."

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84924100908

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Characteristics and agronomic usability of digestates from laboratory digesters treating food waste and autoclaved food waste

Digestate characteristics such as organic and nutrient content, hygienic quality and stability are valuable measures when evaluating the use of food waste (FW) digestate as organic fertiliser. This study compared the characteristics of FW and autoclaved (160 °C, 6.2 bar) FW and their digestates from laboratory-scale reactors. Decreased ammonification and low ammonium nitrogen content were observed in the digestate from an autoclaved FW reactor due to autoclave treatment of FW, which affected the nitrogen-containing molecules by formation of Maillard compounds. The methane potential of autoclaved FW and its digestate was decreased by 40% due to reduced microbial activity as microbes were not able to adapt to the conditions within a reactor fed with autoclaved FW. Both studied materials were suitable for agricultural use in terms of their nutrient content, hygienic quality and stability, and thus the decrease in ammonium nitrogen in digestate from an autoclaved FW reactor supported the use of digestate as soil amendment rather than fertiliser.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke)

Contributors: Tampio, E., Ervasti, S., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 86-92

Publication date: 1 May 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Cleaner Production

Volume: 94

ISSN (Print): 0959-6526

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.8 SJR 1.635 SNIP 2.396

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Industrial and Manufacturing Engineering, Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Environmental Science(all), Strategy and Management

Keywords: Ammonium nitrogen, Autoclave treatment, Characterisation, Digestate, Fertiliser, Food waste

DOIs:

10.1016/j.jclepro.2015.01.086

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84928768890&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

EXT="Tampio, Elina"

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84928768890

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Short Global History of Fountains

Water fountains are part of every human settlement, and historical and mythological stories. They are the source from which life-sustaining water was distributed to people until piped systems started providing fresh tap water inside buildings. In many places, people visit fountains to experience the freshness of running water, to prepare for prayers, or to make a wish. Fountains have also provided water for the people of cities under siege, and purified believers as part of holy rites. The Castalia shrine in Delphi, Greece, for its part, is a spot where various groups of people come to socialize, which greatly improves the quality of their lives. This paper is a look back through the history of fountains in various parts of the world. Experts from various areas have identified the historic, cultural, and ritualistic aspects of fountains and their findings are summarized. The paper concludes by providing a glimpse into the role of fountains in modern society and their

continued influence in our lives today.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE), NTUA, Dept Architecture Engr, PhDc, Univ Perugia, Dept Phys & Geol, Natl Res Ctr, Water Pollut Res Dept, Univ Salerno, Dept Ind Engr, Yunnan Acad Social Sci, Federutility, Natl Fdn Agr Res NAGREF, Inst Irakl, University of Tampere, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Antoniou, G. P., Dragoni, W., El-Gohary, F., De Feo, G., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R. P., Zheng, X. Y., Drusiani, R., Angelakis, A. N.

Number of pages: 35

Pages: 2314-2348

Publication date: May 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water

Volume: 7

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 2073-4441

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 1.9 SJR 0.53 SNIP 1.057

Original language: English

Keywords: Chinese civilizations, Egyptians, Etruscans, Minoans, Hellenes, Medieval times, Ottomans, Romans, water distribution, water supply systems, URBAN WATER, SYSTEMS

DOIs:

10.3390/w7052314

Bibliographical note

EXT="Juuti, Petri S."

EXT="Rajala, Riikka P."

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000356935900013

Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) > [Article](#) > [Scientific](#) > [peer-review](#)

Fermentative metabolism of an anaerobic, thermophilic consortium on plant polymers and commercial paper samples

The purpose of the study was to examine the feasibility and capacity of a thermophilic microbial consortium to produce fermentative metabolites from plant polymers. The consortium comprised of cellulolytic anaerobes that were originally enriched from a compost pile using cellulose as the substrate. Fermentative metabolism was examined with monosaccharides, disaccharides, hemicellulose, starch, pectin, chitin, and eight commercial paper samples without further enrichment of the culture to each specific substrate. In general, H₂, CH₄, CO₂, and organic acids were the main metabolites on all substrates but the metabolite profiles varied with the substrate. Similar H₂ yields of 2-3 molmol⁻¹ substrate at 48h were obtained with all monosaccharides and disaccharides. The CO₂ yields were higher with disaccharides than with monosaccharides, 4.5 vs 2 molmol⁻¹ substrate. Metabolite yields were relatively low with glyceraldehyde, glycerol, and arabinose. Paper samples containing high amounts of chemical pulp produced the highest metabolite yields, and biodegradation accounted for ≤74% of total dry weight loss. The fermentative metabolism of the paper samples varied with the pulp composition and the amount of inorganic material. Bacterial community analysis using pyrosequencing analysis of 16S rRNA gene showed a predominance of members of the order Clostridiales, including members of genera Clostridium and Lutispora, which contain known cellulolytic organisms. Most differences among the samples were attributed to small taxonomic groups represented by ≤10% of total sequences.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Animal Science, Ohio State University

Contributors: Carver, S. M., Nelson, M. C., Yu, Z., Tuovinen, O. H.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 11-22

Publication date: 1 Apr 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biomass & Bioenergy

Volume: 75

ISSN (Print): 0961-9534

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.8 SJR 1.51 SNIP 1.587

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Agronomy and Crop Science, Forestry, Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Anaerobic biodegradation, Biohydrogen, Cellulose biodegradation, Fermentation, Plant polymers

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biombioe.2015.02.005

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84923621284&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84923621284

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Improved bioconversion of crude glycerol to hydrogen by statistical optimization of media components

Bioconversion of crude glycerol to hydrogen has gained importance as it addresses both sustainable energy production and waste disposal issues. Until recently, statistical optimizations of crude glycerol bioconversion to hydrogen have been greatly focused on pure strains. In this study, biohydrogen production from crude glycerol by an enriched microbial culture (predominated with *Clostridium* species) was improved by statistical optimization of media components. Plackett-Burman design identified $MgCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$ and KCl with negative effect on hydrogen production and selected NH_4Cl , K_2HPO_4 and KH_2PO_4 as significant variables. Box-Behnken design indicated the optimal region beyond design area and studies were continued by ridge analysis. Central composite face centered design envisaged a maximal hydrogen yield of $1.41 \text{ mol-H}_2 / \text{mol-glycerol consumed}$ at concentrations 4.40g/L and 2.27g/L for NH_4Cl and KH_2PO_4 respectively. Confirmation experiment with the optimized media (NH_4Cl , 4.40g/L; K_2HPO_4 , 1.6g/L; KH_2PO_4 , 2.27g/L; $MgCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$, 1.0g/L; KCl, 1.0g/L; Na-acetate.3 H_2O , 1.0g/L and tryptone, 2.0g/L) revealed an excellent correlation between predicted and experimental hydrogen yield. Optimization of media components by design of experiments enhanced hydrogen yield by 29%.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Tampere University of Technology, Department of Signal Processing, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Mangayil, R., Aho, T., Karp, M., Santala, V.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 583-589

Publication date: 1 Mar 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Renewable Energy

Volume: 75

ISSN (Print): 0960-1481

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 7.2 SJR 1.767 SNIP 2.098

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment

Keywords: Biohydrogen, Crude glycerol, Optimization, Response surface methodology

DOIs:

10.1016/j.renene.2014.10.051

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84910051633&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Available online 3 November 2014 : Volume 75, March 2015, Pages 583-589
Contribution:

organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: Pergamon; The World Renewable Energy Network

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1020

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Fluidized-bed denitrification of mining water tolerates high nickel concentrations

This study revealed that fluidized-bed denitrifying cultures tolerated soluble Ni concentrations up to 500mg/L at 7-8 and 22°C. From 10 to 40mg/L of feed Ni, denitrification resulted in complete nitrate and nitrite removal. The concomitant reduction of 30mg/L of sulfate produced 10mg/L of sulfide that precipitated nickel, resulting in soluble effluent Ni below 22mg/L. At this stage, Dechloromonas species were the dominant denitrifying bacteria. From 60 to 500mg/L of feed Ni, nickel remained in solution due to the inhibition of sulfate reduction. At soluble 60mg/L of Ni, denitrification was partially inhibited prior to recover after 34days of enrichment by other Ni-tolerant species (including Delftia, Zoogloea and Azospira) that supported Dechloromonas. Subsequently, the FBR cultures completely removed nitrate even at 500mg/L of Ni. Visual Minteq speciation model predicted the formation of NiS, NiCO₃ and Ni₃(PO₄)₂, whilst only Ni₃(PO₄)₂ was detected by XRD.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Université Paris-Est, Laboratoire Géomatériaux et Environnement (EA 4508), UPEM

Contributors: Zou, G., Papirio, S., van Hullebusch, E. D., Puhakka, J. A.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 284-290

Publication date: 1 Mar 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 179

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 9.2 SJR 2.243 SNIP 1.899

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Denitrification, Denitrifying communities, Fluidized-bed reactor, Nickel, X-ray diffraction

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2014.12.044

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84919934975&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84919934975

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Appropriate pricing policy needed worldwide for improving water services infrastructure

This article highlights the enormous and growing gap between the projected and required financing of water services infrastructure, which is caused by unviable pricing and/or costrecovery regimes. Globally there is a growing funding gap in rehabilitation, renewal, and replacement of aging water infrastructure and the need for future greenfield investments. Underpricing of water services and the need for rehabilitation seem to be worldwide phenomena. There are diverse constraints in OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development) and non-OECD countries contributing to underpriced water services; however, the message is clear: the global water industry must stop underpricing precious water resources. Future enjoyment of sustainable water services will require customers to bear all or at least a major part of the costs. Better awareness of broader economic and social benefits of water supply, and particularly of sanitation, also will be needed.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE)

Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S.

Pages: E37-E46

Publication date: 1 Jan 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal American Water Works Association

Volume: 107

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 0003-150X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 0.9 SJR 0.401 SNIP 0.641

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Water Science and Technology, Chemistry(all)

Keywords: Aging and deteriorating infrastructure, Pricing, Sustainability, Sustainable cost recovery, Underpricing, Water services infrastructure

DOIs:

10.5942/jawwa.2015.107.0007

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84920619765&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84920619765

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Tighter contracts or more trust? Outsourcing in Finnish water utilities

This article discusses the outsourcing of water utility operations and the prerequisites for successful partnerships between water utilities and external service providers. A questionnaire survey in Finland indicated that the outsourcing of various water utility operations will increase in the future. This trend includes great opportunities to utilize the best features of external service providers and efficiently develop the water services sector. However, the outsourcing also includes risks because there is a lack of trust between water utilities and private companies. Therefore, "hard," rigid contracts are preferred to reduce the uncertainty in outsourcing such undertakings. In uncertain conditions, this approach may not be an effective and fruitful development path in the long term. If relationships are more trust based, uncertainty can actually strengthen these relationships. Thus, more attention should be paid to building trust instead of intensively attempting to reduce uncertainty.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE)

Contributors: Heino, O., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. E.

Number of pages: 19

Pages: 360-378

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management and Policy

Volume: 20

Issue number: 4

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 0.9 SJR 0.242 SNIP 0.41

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X14538237

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: Sage Publications, Inc.

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 441

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Electricity generation from tetrathionate in microbial fuel cells by acidophiles

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Sulonen, M. L., Kokko, M. E., Lakaniemi, A., Puhakka, J. A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 182-189

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Hazardous Materials

Volume: 284

ISSN (Print): 0304-3894

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 9 SJR 1.633 SNIP 1.948

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.jhazmat.2014.10.045

Bibliographical note

Available online 3 November 2014 : Volume 284, 2 March 2015, Pages 182-189
Contribution:

organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1560

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Social Norms in Water Services: Exploring the Fair Price of Water

The aim of this article is to analyse price fairness in water services. Although a considerable amount of literature has been published on water pricing, these studies have mainly approached the question from instrumental and rational perspectives. Little attention has been paid to the human side of water pricing. Therefore, the general objective of this research is to shed light on these softer factors, filling the gap in knowledge of the emotional connections with water services. In this research, we explored people's ideas and views about water pricing by conducting 74 interviews in 11 municipalities in Finland. The results suggest that people are not just rational consumers of a good but also have emotional ties to water utilities and municipal decision-making. The general attitude towards a water utility is confident and sympathetic if its operations and municipal decision-making processes are considered as fair, and vice versa. This is a topical issue as many water utilities are facing pressures to increase water prices; being fair appeared to be crucial way to gain appreciation and support through difficult times. Because fairness seems to be an emergent property of social experiences, special attention should be paid to the "soft side" of water services.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Takala, A.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 844-858

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Alternatives

Volume: 8

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1965-0175

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 0.899 SNIP 1.402

Original language: English

Keywords: Water services, Water pricing, Price fairness, Social Norms, Finland

URLs:

<http://www.water-alternatives.org/index.php/alldoc/articles/vol8/v8issue1/268-a8-1-12/file>

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Struvite precipitation in raw and co-digested swine slurries for nutrients recovery in batch reactors

The release of nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) from agro-industrial sources is a major environmental concern. Furthermore, the scarcity of mineable P and the growing demand for food worldwide necessitate that we find an alternative P source. This study applied struvite precipitation for N-P recovery to slurries with high levels of organics and ammonia to achieve environmental protection from excessive nutrients diffusion and to generate a sustainable P source. Batch tests were carried out on raw and co-digested swine slurries to study the feasibility of struvite precipitation and the effect of several parameters, including pH, reaction time, competing ions (Ca^{2+} , K^{+}), total solids (TS), and alkalinity. The batch assays with raw swine slurries showed high N-P removals (up to 80%), while the anaerobic liquor returned lower recovery efficiency due to the high solids and alkali content. Struvite crystallization was detected at pH values as low as 6, and the characteristics of the recovered struvite matched those of the theoretical. Slight co-precipitation of calcium-phosphates occurred and was dependent on the $\text{Ca}^{2+}/\text{Mg}^{2+}$ ratio rather than on varying pH values. Struvite precipitation was shown to be feasible in complex matrices as agro-industrial

effluents, characterized by high NH_4^+ , alkalinity, solids and organic content, and interfering ions such as Ca^{2+} and K^+ .

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Taddeo, R., Lepistö, R.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 892-897
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Science and Technology
Volume: 71
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0273-1223
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 2.2 SJR 0.464 SNIP 0.596
Original language: English
ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Engineering, Water Science and Technology
Keywords: Eutrophication, Manure treatment, Nutrients removal and recovery, Struvite
DOIs:
10.2166/wst.2015.045
URLs:
<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84929000113&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)
Source: Scopus
Source ID: 84929000113
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Vapor phase processing of $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ photoelectrodes for water splitting: An insight into the structure/property interplay

Harvesting radiant energy to trigger water photoelectrolysis and produce clean hydrogen is receiving increasing attention in the search of alternative energy resources. In this regard, hematite ($\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$) nanostructures with controlled nano-organization have been fabricated and investigated for use as anodes in photoelectrochemical (PEC) cells. The target systems have been grown on conductive substrates by plasma enhanced-chemical vapor deposition (PE-CVD) and subjected to eventual ex situ annealing in air to further tailor their structure and properties. A detailed multitechnique approach has enabled to elucidate between system characteristics and the generated photocurrent. The present $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ systems are characterized by a high purity and hierarchical morphologies consisting of nanopyramids/organized dendrites, offering a high contact area with the electrolyte. PEC data reveal a dramatic response enhancement upon thermal treatment, related to a more efficient electron transfer. The reasons underlying such a phenomenon are elucidated and discussed by transient absorption spectroscopy (TAS) studies of photogenerated charge carrier kinetics, investigated on different time scales for the first time on PE-CVD Fe_2O_3 nanostructures.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Univ Brescia, University of Brescia, Chem Technol Lab, Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Turku, Univ Antwerp, University of Antwerp, EMAT, Padova University and INSTM, CNR-IENI, Chemistry for Technologies Laboratory, Padova University
Contributors: Warwick, M. E. A., Kaunisto, K., Barreca, D., Carraro, G., Gasparotto, A., Maccato, C., Bontempi, E., Sada, C., Ruoko, T., Turner, S., Van Tendeloo, G.
Number of pages: 10
Pages: 8667-8676
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 15 Apr 2015

Publication information

Journal: ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces
Volume: 7
Issue number: 16
ISSN (Print): 1944-8244
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 8.4 SJR 2.262 SNIP 1.548

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Materials Science(all)

Keywords: hematite, hierarchical structures, PE-CVD, PEC, transient absorption spectroscopy, water splitting

Electronic versions:

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DOIs:

10.1021/acsami.5b00919

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201612024840>

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84929501473&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000353931300037

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Pt-functionalized Fe₂O₃ photoanodes for solar water splitting: the role of hematite nano-organization and the platinum redox state

Pt/alpha-Fe₂O₃ nanocomposites were synthesized on fluorine-doped tin oxide (FTO) substrates by a sequential plasma enhanced-chemical vapor deposition (PE-CVD)/radio frequency (RF) sputtering approach, tailoring the overall Pt content as a function of sputtering time. The chemico-physical properties of the as-prepared systems were extensively investigated by means of complementary techniques, including X-ray diffraction (XRD), X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), field emission-scanning electron microscopy (FE-SEM), energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDXS), secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS), and optical absorption spectroscopy, and compared to those of the homologous Pt/alpha-Fe₂O₃ systems annealed in air prior and/or after sputtering. The obtained results evidenced that the material compositional, structural and morphological features, with particular regard to the Pt oxidation state and hematite nano-organization, could be finely tailored as a function of the adopted processing conditions. Pt/alpha-Fe₂O₃ systems were finally tested as photoanodes in photoelectrochemical (PEC) water splitting experiments, evidencing a remarkable interplay between functional performances and the above-mentioned material properties, as also testified by transient absorption spectroscopy (TAS) results.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Univ Padua, University of Padua, Dept Chem, INSTM, Univ Padua, University of Padua, Dept Chem, CNR IENI, Univ Brescia, University of Brescia, Chem Technol Lab, Univ Padua, University of Padua, Dept Phys & Astron, Univ Padua, University of Padua, INSTM, Dept Chem, Univ Cologne, University of Cologne, Dept Chem, Chair Inorgan & Mat Chem

Contributors: Warwick, M. E. A., Barreca, D., Bontempi, E., Carraro, G., Gasparotto, A., Maccato, C., Kaunisto, K., Ruoko, T. -, Lemmetyinen, H., Sada, C., Goenuellue, Y., Mathur, S.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 12899-12907

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics

Volume: 17

Issue number: 19

ISSN (Print): 1463-9076

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.6 SJR 1.725 SNIP 1.188

Original language: English

Keywords: ALPHA-FE₂O₃ THIN-FILMS, PHOTOELECTROCHEMICAL PERFORMANCE, NANOSTRUCTURED ALPHA-FE₂O₃, HYDROTHERMAL METHOD, WATER OXIDATION

Electronic versions:

Pt-functionalized_pre-print

DOIs:

10.1039/c5cp01636c

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201612024838>

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000354195300053

Stabilization of fine fraction from landfill mining in anaerobic and aerobic laboratory leach bed reactors

Fine fraction (FF, <20mm) from mined landfill was stabilized in four laboratory-scale leach bed reactors (LBR) over 180 days. The aim was to study feasibility of biotechnological methods to treat FF and if further stabilization of FF is possible. Four different stabilization methods were compared and their effects upon quality of FF were evaluated. Also during the stabilization experiment, leachate quality as well as gas composition and quantity were analyzed. The methods studied included three anaerobic LBRs (one without water addition, one with water addition, and one with leachate recirculation) and one aerobic LBR (with water addition). During the experiment, the most methane was produced in anaerobic LBR without water addition (18.0 LCH₄/kgVS), while water addition and leachate recirculation depressed methane production slightly, to 16.1 and 16.4 LCH₄/kgVS, respectively. Organic matter was also removed via the leachate and was measured as chemical oxygen demand (COD). Calculated removal of organic matter in gas and leachate was highest in LBR with water addition (59 gCOD/kgVS), compared with LBR without water addition or with leachate recirculation (51 gCOD/kgVS). Concentrations of COD, ammonium nitrogen and anions in leachate decreased during the experiment, indicating washout mechanism caused by water additions. Aeration increased sulfate and nitrate concentrations in leachate due to oxidized sulfide and ammonium. Molecular weight distributions of leachates showed that all the size categories decreased, especially low molecular weight compounds, which were reduced the most. Aerobic stabilization resulted in the lowest final VS/TS (13.1%), lowest respiration activity (0.9-1.2 mgO₂/gTS), and lowest methane production after treatment (0.0-0.8 LCH₄/kgVS), with 29% of VS being removed from FF. Anaerobic stabilization methods also reduced organic matter by 9-20% compared with the initial amount. Stabilization reduced the quantity of soluble nitrogen in FF and did not alter concentration of soluble and insoluble phosphorus, and insoluble nitrogen. All four stabilization methods decreased organic matter and thus are possible stabilization methods for FF, but aerobic treatment was the most efficient in this study.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Mönkäre, T. J., Palmroth, M. R. T., Rintala, J. A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 468-475

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 45

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.3 SJR 1.732 SNIP 2.268

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Aerobic stabilization, Anaerobic stabilization, Fine fraction, Landfill mining, Leach bed reactor

Electronic versions:

Mönkäre et al. 2015. Embargo ended: 23/10/17

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2015.06.040

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201903261331>. Embargo ended: 23/10/17

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84945472197

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Methane oxidation potential of boreal landfill cover materials: The governing factors and enhancement by nutrient manipulation

Methanotrophs inhabiting landfill covers are in a crucial role in mitigating CH₄ emissions, but the characteristics of the cover material or ambient temperature do not always enable the maximal CH₄ oxidation potential (MOP). This study aimed at identifying the factors governing MOPs of different materials used for constructing biocovers and other cover structures. We also tested whether the activity of methanotrophs could be enhanced at cold temperature (4 and 12 °C) by improving the nutrient content (NO₃⁻, PO₄³⁻, trace elements) of the cover material. Compost samples from biocovers designed to support CH₄ oxidation were exhibiting the highest MOPs (4.16 μmol CH₄ g_{dw}⁻¹ h⁻¹), but also the soil samples collected from other cover structures were oxidising CH₄ (0.41 μmol CH₄ g_{dw}⁻¹ h⁻¹). The best predictors for the MOPs were the NO₃⁻ content and activity of heterotrophic bacteria at 72.8 %, which were higher in the compost samples than in the soil samples. The depletion of NO₃⁻ from the landfill cover material limiting the activity of methanotrophs could

not be confirmed by the nutrient manipulation assay at 4 °C as the addition of nitrogen decreased the MOPs from 0.090 $\mu\text{mol CH}_4 \text{ g}_{\text{dw}}^{-1} \text{ h}^{-1}$ to $< 0.085 \mu\text{mol CH}_4 \text{ g}_{\text{dw}}^{-1} \text{ h}^{-1}$. At 12 °C, all nutrient additions reduced the MOPs. The inhibition was believed to result from high ionic concentration caused by nutrient addition. At 4 °C, the addition of trace elements increased the MOPs ($> 0.096 \mu\text{mol CH}_4 \text{ g}_{\text{dw}}^{-1} \text{ h}^{-1}$) suggesting that this was attributable to stimulation of the enzymatic activity of the psychrotolerant methanotrophs.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Maanoja, S. T., Rintala, J. A.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 399-407

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 46

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 6.3 SJR 1.732 SNIP 2.268

Original language: English

Keywords: Greenhouse gases, Landfill, Cover material, Methane oxidation, Nutrients

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2015.08.011

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

To fractionate municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash: Key for utilisation?

For the past decade, the Finnish waste sector has increasingly moved from the landfilling of municipal solid waste towards waste incineration. New challenges are faced with the growing amounts of municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash, which are mainly landfilled at the moment. Since this is not a sustainable or a profitable solution, finding different utilisation applications for the municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash is crucial. This study reports a comprehensive analysis of bottom ash properties from one waste incineration plant in Finland, which was first treated with a Dutch bottom ash recovery technique called advanced dry recovery. This novel process separates non-ferrous and ferrous metals from bottom ash, generating mineral fractions of different grain sizes (0–2 mm, 2–5 mm, 5–12 mm and 12–50 mm). The main aim of the study was to assess, whether the advanced bottom ash treatment technique, producing mineral fractions of different grain sizes and therefore properties, facilitates the utilisation of municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash in Finland. The results were encouraging; the bottom ash mineral fractions have favourable behaviour against the frost action, which is especially useful in the Finnish conditions. In addition, the leaching of most hazardous substances did not restrict the utilisation of bottom ash, especially for the larger fractions (>5 mm). Overall, this study has shown that the advanced bottom ash recovering technique can be one solution to increase the utilisation of bottom ash and furthermore decrease its landfilling in Finland.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Suomen Erityisjäte Oy

Contributors: Sormunen, L. A., Rantsi, R.

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management and Research

ISSN (Print): 0734-242X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 2.6 SJR 0.623 SNIP 0.918

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/0734242X15600052

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Utility–Customer Communication: The Case of Water Utilities

The aim of this article is to shed light on the theory and praxis of utility stakeholder communication. Our general research objective is to contrast citizens' experiences of utility-specific information needs with the views of communication managers of municipal water utilities. Empirical data for the study were gathered using two methods. Citizens' views were gathered from street interviews in several Finnish middle-sized cities, whereas the views of communication professionals of municipal water utilities were collected via email-based survey. Empirical analysis shows that one-way communication has its relevance, and it should actually be improved most notably in exceptional situations, such as water supply disruptions. More profound changes in customer communication require, however, that utilities support customers' strive for sustainable and economical water consumption. The overall challenge to utilities is to get closer to the everyday needs of their customers and to develop new communication culture to support such an endeavor.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Heino, O., Anttiroiko, A.

Pages: 220-230

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 22 Sep 2015

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management and Policy

Volume: 21

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 0.9 SJR 0.242 SNIP 0.41

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X15606738

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Fe₂O₃-TiO₂ Nano-heterostructure Photoanodes for Highly Efficient Solar Water Oxidation

Harnessing solar energy for the production of clean hydrogen by photo-electrochemical water splitting represents a very attractive, but challenging approach for sustainable energy generation. In this regard, the fabrication of Fe₂O₃-TiO₂ photoanodes is reported, showing attractive performances [$\approx 2.0 \text{ mA cm}^{-2}$ at 1.23 V vs. the reversible hydrogen electrode in 1 M NaOH] under simulated one-sun illumination. This goal, corresponding to a tenfold photoactivity enhancement with respect to bare Fe₂O₃, is achieved by atomic layer deposition of TiO₂ over hematite (α -Fe₂O₃) nanostructures fabricated by plasma enhanced-chemical vapor deposition and final annealing at 650 °C. The adopted approach enables an intimate Fe₂O₃-TiO₂ coupling, resulting in an electronic interplay at the Fe₂O₃/TiO₂ interface. The reasons for the photocurrent enhancement determined by TiO₂ overlayers with increasing thickness are unraveled by a detailed chemico-physical investigation, as well as by the study of photo-generated charge carrier dynamics. Transient absorption spectroscopy shows that the increased photoelectrochemical response of heterostructured photoanodes compared to bare hematite is due to an enhanced separation of photogenerated charge carriers and more favorable hole dynamics for water oxidation. The stable responses obtained even in simulated seawater provides a feasible route in view of the eventual large-scale generation of renewable energy.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Tampere University of Technology, Research group: Supramolecular photochemistry, Università degli Studi di Padova, Italy, Universiteit Antwerpen, Universität zu Köln, Università degli Studi di Brescia

Contributors: Barreca, D., Carraro, G., Gasparotto, A., Maccato, C., Warwick, M. E. A., Kaunisto, K., Sada, C., Turner, S., Gönüllü, Y., Ruoko, T., Borgese, L., Bontempi, E., Van Tendeloo, G., Lemmetyinen, H., Mathur, S.

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Advanced Materials Interfaces

Volume: 2

Issue number: 17

ISSN (Print): 2196-7350

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 2.2 SJR 1.193 SNIP 0.738
Original language: English
ASJC Scopus subject areas: Mechanical Engineering, Mechanics of Materials
Keywords: FeO, Nano-heterostructures, Photoelectrochemistry, TiO, Water splitting
Electronic versions:
Fe₂O₃-TiO₂_post-print
DOIs:
10.1002/admi.201500313
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201612024841>
Source: Scopus
Source ID: 84955180397
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Acid Leaching of Cu and Zn from a Smelter Slag with a Bacterial Consortium

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, CSIRO
Contributors: Tuovinen, O. H., Särkijärvi, S., Peuraniemi, E., Junnikkala, S., Puhakka, J. A., Kaksonen, A. H.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 660-663
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Advanced Materials Research
Volume: 1130
ISSN (Print): 1022-6680
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 0.08 SJR 0.115 SNIP 0.105
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.4028/www.scientific.net/AMR.1130.660

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kaksonen, Anna H."
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Groundwater as a source of conflict and cooperation: Towards creating mutual gains in a Finnish water supply project

Community planners, decision-makers and authorities frequently encounter conflicts revolving around natural resource management as well as around urban planning. Since the 1970s, the dynamics of conflict resolution have evolved from conventional expert-based rational solutions towards collaborative ones. Against this background, our research investigates one contentious groundwater project in the Tampere Region in Finland. Conflict assessment clarified the divergent interests of the multiple parties. Drawing on negotiation theory, this study illustrates how polarised positions and competitive framing, as well as the influence of historical baggage, may form an insurmountable barrier to successful negotiation. While the acknowledgement of various interests should form the heart of the integrative negotiation process, excessive energy is used for argumentation to protect predefined goals with as minor concessions as possible. Addressing the collaborative approach, we suggest multiple ways towards creating mutual gains and cooperation in future water supply projects.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE)
Contributors: Kurki, V., Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 15
Pages: 337-351
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Alternatives

Volume: 8

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 1965-0175

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 0.899 SNIP 1.402

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law, Geography, Planning and Development, Political Science and International Relations

Keywords: Case-study, Conflict assessment, Finland, Groundwater, Integrative negotiation, Mutual gains approach

URLs:

<http://www.water-alternatives.org/index.php/alldoc/articles/vol8/v8issue3/295-a8-3-3>

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84948137804&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84948137804

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Konvergenssi ja divergenssi ongelmatyyppien luonnehtijoina: Esimerkkinä vesihuoltoinfrastruktuurin ikääntyminen

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 39-46

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Tiedepolitiikka

Volume: 40

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0782-0674

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Resilient Asset Management and Governance Fordeteriorating Water Services Infrastructure

This paper argues that strategic asset management and a sound regulatory regime are required urgently if we want to change the current paradigm of aging and decaying water services infrastructure and expand the coverage of improved water services in the developing economies. In the OECD countries access to safe water supply and sanitation has largely been ensured through substantial investment over many decades. Yet, significant investments will still be required to rehabilitate the existing infrastructures, to bring them into conformity with more stringent environmental and health regulations, and to maintain service quality in the future. In the non-OECD countries the challenges are more daunting. Large parts of their population have no access and many suffer from unsatisfactory services. Nearly one billion people lack access to clean drinking water and 2.6 billion people lack access to improved sanitation services. Lack of sound economic regulatory frameworks and enforcement regimes, and poor asset management practices, in particular underpricing of water services is a common problem throughout the world.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 112-119

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Procedia Economics and Finance

Volume: 21

ISSN (Print): 2212-5671

Original language: English

Keywords: aging and deteriorating water services infrastructure, investment gap, strategic asset management, regulatory and enforcement framework, sustainability.

DOIs:

10.1016/S2212-5671(15)00157-4

Source: RIS

Source ID: urn:B63C341C3AC1323B613E64632E9D1135

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Kohti tasapuolisempaa tutkimuksen arviointia: Pääkirjoitus

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 4-5

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History

Volume: 5

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1799-6953

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No1_2015.html

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Importance and challenges of sharing experiences among an international and interdisciplinary group of doctoral students

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Kurki, V., Sidaraviciute, R., Sörensen, J., Kibocha, S. N., Retike, I., Ikobe, G., Tichonovas, M., Elijosiute, E., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 45-51

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History

Issue number: 1/2015

ISSN (Print): 1799-6953

Original language: English

URLs:

http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No1_2015.html

Bibliographical note

EXT="Kibocha, Samuel Ngari"

EXT="Rajala, Riikka"

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Numerical modeling of fine particle and deposit formation in a recovery boiler

In kraft pulp mills, black liquor is concentrated and burned in recovery boilers to produce steam and power and to recover pulping chemicals. Black liquor contains a large amount of alkali compounds, which form ash with low melting temperatures upon combustion. This causes many problems in recovery boiler operation, including fouling of the heat transfer surfaces, plugging of the flue gas passages, reduction of the heat transfer rate, and corrosion of the superheater

tubes. This paper presents a model for simulating fine fume particles formed as a result of condensation of alkali compound vapors in the recovery boiler. The modeling method combines CFD modeling, equilibrium chemistry, and fine particle dynamics in a way that enables simulation of a full scale three-dimensional boiler environment. The model has been partially validated with measurements performed in an operating recovery boiler. The modeling results, particularly for the fume particle composition, agree well with the actual measurements. (C) 2014 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), University of Toronto, Canada, VTT Technical Research Centre of Finland, Valmet Technologies Oy

Contributors: Leppänen, A., Tran, H., Taipale, R., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 45-53

Publication date: 1 Aug 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 16 Apr 2014

Publication information

Journal: Fuel

Volume: 129

ISSN (Print): 0016-2361

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.6 SJR 1.634 SNIP 2.29

Original language: English

Keywords: Kraft recovery boiler, Alkali metal, Fine particle, Deposition, Computational fluid dynamics, FUME FORMATION, BLACK LIQUOR, COMBUSTION, BEHAVIOR, DUST

Electronic versions:

leppanen_numerical_modeling_of_fine_particle

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2014.03.046

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-201412051586>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-04-29
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 922

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Bioprocessing of enhanced cellulase production from a mutant of *Trichoderma asperellum* RCK2011 and its application in hydrolysis of cellulose

A mutant strain of *Trichoderma asperellum* RCK2011 was developed through UV-irradiation for enhanced cellulase production and lower catabolite repression. The production of FPase, CMCase and β -glucosidase was optimized under solid state fermentation; up to 20 mM of glucose did not inhibit cellulase production. The mutant strain *T. asperellum* SR1-7 produced FPase (2.2 IU/gds), CMCase (13.2 IU/gds), and β -glucosidase (9.2 IU/gds) under optimized conditions, which is, 1.4, 1.3, 1.5-fold higher than the wild type. The wild as well as mutant strain produced the cellulases at pH range, 4.0-10.0. Saccharification of pretreated corn cob, wheat straw, and sugarcane bagasse by cellulase from mutant strain SR1-7 resulted in release of reducing sugar at the rate of 530.0 mg/g, 290.0 mg/g, and 335.0 mg/g of substrate, respectively; this is 1.6-fold higher than the wild type strain. © 2014 Published by Elsevier Ltd.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Tampere University of Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Department of Microbiology, University of Delhi South Campus, Lignocellulose Biotechnology Laboratory

Contributors: Raghuwanshi, S., Deswal, D., Karp, M., Kuhad, R. C.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 183-189

Publication date: 15 May 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel
Volume: 124
ISSN (Print): 0016-2361
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.6 SJR 1.634 SNIP 2.29

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Fuel Technology, Energy Engineering and Power Technology, Chemical Engineering(all), Organic Chemistry

Keywords: Alkaline cellulase, Catabolite repression, Saccharification, Solid state fermentation

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2014.01.107

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84894571819&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-03-15

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1327

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Inhibitory effects of substrate and soluble end products on biohydrogen production of the alkalithermophile *Caloramator celer*: Kinetic, metabolic and transcription analyses

In this study the tolerance of the alkalithermophile *Caloramator celer* towards substrate (glucose) and soluble end product (acetate, formate and ethanol) inhibition was assessed employing nonlinear inhibition models. In addition, the effects of subinhibitory concentrations of end products on fermentative metabolism and regulation of 12 key genes involved in pyruvate catabolism were studied. Optimal growth and H₂ production were found at 50 mM of glucose and the critical substrate concentration was observed at 290-360 mM. Two inhibition models revealed that ethanol had a higher inhibitory effect on growth rate, whereas H₂ production kinetics was more sensitive towards increasing concentrations of acetate and formate. Acetate, the main soluble metabolite of the fermentation, inhibited the H₂ production by increasing the ionic strength in the medium. Subinhibitory concentrations of soluble end products induced changes in the metabolite profile of *C. celer*, specifically exogenous acetate (80 mM) and ethanol (40 mM) slightly increased the H₂ yield by 4 and 7%, respectively. However, despite the observed metabolic shifts, gene regulation was minimal and not always in agreement with the measured product yields. Overall, the results suggest that further optimization of the H₂ production process from *C. celer* should focus on methods to evolve adapted osmotolerant strains and/or remove soluble metabolites, especially acetate, from the culture. Copyright © 2014, Hydrogen Energy Publications, LLC. Published by Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Ciranna, A., Ferrari, R., Santala, V., Karp, M.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 6391-6401

Publication date: 15 Apr 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Hydrogen Energy

Volume: 39

Issue number: 12

ISSN (Print): 0360-3199

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.6 SJR 1.207 SNIP 1.488

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment, Fuel Technology, Condensed Matter Physics, Energy Engineering and Power Technology

Keywords: Acetate, Dark fermentation, End product inhibition, Gene expression, Kinetic model, Substrate inhibition

DOIs:

10.1016/j.ijhydene.2014.02.047

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84897389272&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-04-29
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd;
International Association for Hydrogen Energy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 235
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Assessment of metabolic flux distribution in the thermophilic hydrogen producer *Caloramator celer* as affected by external pH and hydrogen partial pressure

Background: *Caloramator celer* is a strict anaerobic, alkalitolerant, thermophilic bacterium capable of converting glucose to hydrogen (H_2), carbon dioxide, acetate, ethanol and formate by a mixed acid fermentation. Depending on the growth conditions *C. celer* can produce H_2 at high yields. For a biotechnological exploitation of this bacterium for H_2 production it is crucial to understand the factors that regulate carbon and electron fluxes and therefore the final distribution of metabolites to channel the metabolic flux towards the desired product. Results: Combining experimental results from batch fermentations with genome analysis, reconstruction of central carbon metabolism and metabolic flux analysis (MFA), this study shed light on glucose catabolism of the thermophilic alkalitolerant bacterium *C. celer*. Two innate factors pertaining to culture conditions have been identified to significantly affect the metabolic flux distribution: culture pH and partial pressures of H_2 (P_{H_2}). Overall, at alkaline to neutral pH the rate of biomass synthesis was maximized, whereas at acidic pH the lower growth rate and the less efficient biomass formation are accompanied with more efficient energy recovery from the substrate indicating high cell maintenance possibly to sustain intracellular pH homeostasis. Higher H_2 yields were associated with fermentation at acidic pH as a consequence of the lower synthesis of other reduced by-products such as formate and ethanol. In contrast, P_{H_2} did not affect the growth of *C. celer* on glucose. At high P_{H_2} the cellular redox state was balanced by rerouting the flow of carbon and electrons to ethanol and formate production allowing unaltered glycolytic flux and growth rate, but resulting in a decreased H_2 synthesis. Conclusion: *C. celer* possesses a flexible fermentative metabolism that allows redistribution of fluxes at key metabolic nodes to simultaneously control redox state and efficiently harvest energy from substrate even under unfavorable conditions (i.e. low pH and high P_{H_2}). With the H_2 production in mind, acidic pH and low P_{H_2} should be preferred for a high yield-oriented process, while a high productivity-oriented process can be achieved at alkaline pH and high P_{H_2} . © 2014 Ciranna et al.; licensee BioMed Central Ltd.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Tampere University of Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Lunds Universitet / Lunds Tekniska Högskola, Lund Univ, Lund University, Department of Applied Microbiology
Contributors: Ciranna, A., Pawar, S. S., Santala, V., Karp, M., van Niel, E. W. J.
Publication date: 28 Mar 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Microbial Cell Factories
Volume: 13
Issue number: 1
Article number: 48
ISSN (Print): 1475-2859
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 7 SJR 1.757 SNIP 1.508
Original language: English
ASJC Scopus subject areas: Biotechnology, Bioengineering, Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology
Keywords: Biohydrogen production, *Caloramator*, Ethanol, Fermentation, Formate, Hydrogen tolerance, Metabolic flux analysis, Metabolic shift, Pyruvate node, Redox state
DOIs:
10.1186/1475-2859-13-48
URLs:
<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84897413447&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-04-29
Publisher name: BioMed Central Ltd.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 236
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Rewiring the wax ester production pathway of *acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1

Wax esters are industrially relevant high-value molecules. For sustainable production of wax esters, bacterial cell factories are suggested to replace the chemical processes exploiting expensive starting materials. However, it is well recognized

that new sophisticated solutions employing synthetic biology toolbox are required to improve and tune the cellular production platform to meet the product requirements. For example, saturated wax esters with alkanol chain lengths C12 or C14 that are convenient for industrial uses are rare among bacteria. *Acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1, a natural producer of wax esters, is a convenient model organism for studying the potentiality and modifiability of wax esters in a natural host by means of synthetic biology. In order to establish a controllable production platform exploiting well-characterized biocomponents, and to modify the wax ester synthesis pathway of *A. baylyi* ADP1 in terms product quality, a fatty acid reductase complex LuxCDE with an inducible arabinose promoter was employed to replace the natural fatty acyl-CoA reductase *acr1* in ADP1. The engineered strain was able to produce wax esters by the introduced synthetic pathway. Moreover, the fatty alkanol chain length profile of wax esters was found to shift toward shorter and more saturated carbon chains, C16:0 accounting for most of the alkanols. The study demonstrates the potentiality of recircuiting a biosynthesis pathway in a natural producer, enabling a regulated production of a customized bioproduct. Furthermore, the LuxCDE complex can be potentially used as a well-characterized biopart in a variety of synthetic biology applications involving the production of long-chain hydrocarbons. © 2014 American Chemical Society.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Research area: Design, Development and LCM, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Neste Oil Oyj

Contributors: Santala, S., Efimova, E., Koskinen, P., Karp, M. T., Santala, V.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 145-151

Publication date: 21 Mar 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: ACS Synthetic Biology

Volume: 3

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 2161-5063

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 4.6 SJR 3.809 SNIP 1.134

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology (miscellaneous), Biomedical Engineering, Medicine(all)

Keywords: *Acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1, fatty-acyl CoA reductase, long chain aldehyde, luxCDE, recircuiting, wax ester DOIs:

10.1021/sb4000788

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84896925324&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-02-15
Publisher name: American Chemical Society

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1454

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

An experimental study and numerical modeling of combusting two coal chars in a drop-tube reactor: A comparison between N₂/O₂, CO₂/O₂, and N₂/CO₂/O₂ atmospheres

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Tolvanen, H., Raiko, R.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 190-201

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel

Volume: 124

ISSN (Print): 0016-2361

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.6 SJR 1.634 SNIP 2.29

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.fuel.2014.01.103

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-03-15
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1638

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Metabolic engineering of *Acinetobacter baylyi* ADP1 for improved growth on gluconate and glucose

A high growth rate in bacterial cultures is usually achieved by optimizing growth conditions, but metabolism of the bacterium limits the maximal growth rate attainable on the carbon source used. This limitation can be circumvented by engineering the metabolism of the bacterium. *Acinetobacter baylyi* has become a model organism for studies of bacterial metabolism and metabolic engineering due to its wide substrate spectrum and easy-to-engineer genome. It produces naturally storage lipids, such as wax esters, and has a unique gluconate catabolism as it lacks a gene for pyruvate kinase. We engineered the central metabolism of *A. baylyi* ADP1 more favorable for gluconate catabolism by expressing the pyruvate kinase gene (*pykF*) of *Escherichia coli*. This modification increased growth rate when cultivated on gluconate or glucose as a sole carbon source in a batch cultivation. The engineered cells reached stationary phase on these carbon sources approximately twice as fast as control cells carrying an empty plasmid and produced similar amount of biomass. Furthermore, when grown on either gluconate or glucose, *pykF* expression did not lead to significant accumulation of overflow metabolites and consumption of the substrate remained unaltered. Increased growth rate on glucose was not accompanied with decreased wax ester production, and the *pykF*-expressing cells accumulated significantly more of these storage lipids with respect to cultivation time.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Tampere University of Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Kannisto, M., Aho, T., Karp, M., Santala, V.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 7021-7027

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Applied and Environmental Microbiology

Volume: 80

Issue number: 22

ISSN (Print): 0099-2240

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 7.4 SJR 1.872 SNIP 1.394

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology, Food Science, Biotechnology, Ecology, Medicine(all)

DOIs:

10.1128/AEM.01837-14

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84908263110&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-11-20
Publisher name: American Society for Microbiology

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 650

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Influence of temperature and pretreatments on the anaerobic digestion of wastewater grown microalgae in a laboratory-scale accumulating-volume reactor

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Kinnunen, V., Craggs, R., Rintala, J.
Number of pages: 11
Pages: 247-257
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Research
Volume: 57
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 9.7 SJR 2.946 SNIP 2.688
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.watres.2014.03.043

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-05-06
Publisher name: I W A Publishing; Water Quality Association
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 726
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

The effect of torrefaction on the chlorine content and heating value of eight woody biomass samples

This study examined and compared the effect of torrefaction on the heating value, elementary composition, and chlorine content of eight woody biomasses. The biomass samples were torrefied in a specially constructed batch reactor at 260 °C for 30, 60, and 90 min. The original biomasses as well as the solid, liquid, and gaseous torrefaction reaction products were analyzed separately. The higher heating values (HHV) of dry samples increased from 19.5–21.0 MJ kg⁻¹ to 21.2–23.2 MJ kg⁻¹ during 60 min of torrefaction. In all samples, the HHV increased 9 % on average. Furthermore, the effect of torrefaction time on the biomass HHV was studied. Measurements showed that after a certain point, increasing the torrefaction time had no effect on the samples' HHV. This optimal torrefaction time varied considerably between the samples. For more reactive biomasses, i.e., birch and aspen, the optimal torrefaction time was close 30 min whereas the HHV of less reactive biomasses, e.g., stumps, increased markedly even after a 60-min torrefaction. Another significant observation was that torrefaction reduced the chlorine content of the biomass samples. The chlorine concentration of the solid product dropped in most samples from the original by half or even as much as 90 %. The highest relative chlorine decrease was observed in the Eucalyptus dunnii sample, which also had the highest chlorine content of all the studied biomasses. The relative carbon content of the biomass samples increased during torrefaction as the average elementary composition changed from CH_{0.123}O_{0.827} to CH_{0.105}O_{0.674} after a 60-min torrefaction.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Keipi, T., Tolvanen, H., Kokko, L., Raiko, R.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 232-239
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biomass & Bioenergy
Volume: 66
ISSN (Print): 0961-9534
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 7.3 SJR 1.865 SNIP 1.973
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biombioe.2014.02.015

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-05-28
Publisher name: Pergamon; Imprint: Elsevier

Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 698
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Lähteet Suomen vesihuollossa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Katko, T., Juuti, P. S.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 15-18
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-10-07
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 677
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Simultaneous detection of three antiviral and four antibiotic compounds in source-separated urine with liquid chromatography

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Pynnönen, S., Tuhkanen, T. A.
Number of pages: 9
Pages: 219-227
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Separation Science
Volume: 37
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1615-9306
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 4.4 SJR 1.124 SNIP 1.005
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1002/jssc.201300492

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-02-15
Publisher name: Wiley - V C H Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 1319
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Inverse infrastructures: self-organization in the water services

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O., Anttiroiko, A.
Number of pages: 17
Pages: 299-315
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Policy
ISSN (Print): 1366-7017
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 1.8 SJR 0.46 SNIP 0.771
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.2166/wp.2014.095
URLs:
<http://www.iwaponline.com/wp/up/wp2014095.htm>

Bibliographical note

siirretään 2015 : Water Policy In Press, Uncorrected Proof © IWA Publishing 2014
doi:10.2166/wp.2014.095
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2015-01-15
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 439
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Anaerobic digestion of autoclaved and untreated food waste

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Tampio, E., Ervasti, S., Paavola, T., Heaven, S., Banks, C., Rintala, J.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 370-377
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management
Volume: 34
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0956-053X
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.9 SJR 1.763 SNIP 2.499
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.wasman.2013.10.024

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-05-06
Publisher name: Pergamon
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 1599
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

E-sail test payload of the ESTCube-1 nanosatellite

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Envall, J., Janhunen, P., Toivanen, P., Pajusalu, M., Ilbis, E., Kalde, J., Averin, M., Kuuste, H., Laizans, K., Allik, V., Rauhala, T., Seppänen, H., Kiprich, S., Ukkonen, J., Haeggström, E., Kalvas, T., Tarvainen, O., Kauppinen, J., Nuottajärvi, A., Koivisto, H.
Number of pages: 12

Pages: 210-221
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Proceedings of the Estonian Academy of Sciences
Volume: 63
Issue number: 2S
ISSN (Print): 1736-6046
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 1 SJR 0.192 SNIP 0.575
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3176/proc.2014.2S.02

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-05-22
Publisher name: Teaduste Akadeemia Kirjastus; Eesti Teaduste Akadeemia
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 285
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Dynamics of microbial communities in untreated and autoclaved food waste anaerobic digesters

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Blasco, L., Kahala, M., Tampio, E., Ervasti, S., Paavola, T., Rintala, J., Joutsjoki, V.
Number of pages: 7
Pages: 3-9
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Anaerobe
Volume: 29
ISSN (Print): 1075-9964
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 4.1 SJR 1.015 SNIP 1.153
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.anaerobe.2014.04.011

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-06-27
Publisher name: Academic Press; Anaerobe Society of the Americas, Inc.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 178
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Bacterial diversity and active biomass in full-scale granular activated carbon filters operated at low water temperatures

Granular activated carbon (GAC) filtration enhances the removal of natural organic matter and micropollutants in drinking water treatment. Microbial communities in GAC filters contribute to the removal of the biodegradable part of organic matter, and thus help to control microbial regrowth in the distribution system. Our objectives were to investigate bacterial community dynamics, identify the major bacterial groups, and determine the concentration of active bacterial biomass in full-scale GAC filters treating cold (3.7-9.5°C), physicochemically pretreated, and ozonated lake water. Three sampling rounds were conducted to study six GAC filters of different operation times and flow modes in winter, spring, and summer. Total organic carbon results indicated that both the first-step and second-step filters contributed to the removal of organic matter. Length heterogeneity analysis of amplified 16S rRNA genes illustrated that bacterial communities were diverse and considerably stable over time. α -Proteobacteria, β -Proteobacteria, and Nitrospira dominated in all of the GAC filters, although the relative proportion of dominant phylogenetic groups in individual filters differed. The active bacterial biomass accumulation, measured as adenosine triphosphate, was limited due to low temperature, low flux of nutrients, and frequent backwashing. The concentration of active bacterial biomass was not affected by the moderate seasonal temperature variation. In summary, the results provided an insight into the biological component of GAC filtration in cold

water temperatures and the operational parameters affecting it.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Kaarela, O. E., Härkki, H. A., Palmroth, M. R., Tuhkanen, T. A.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 681-692

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Technology

ISSN (Print): 0959-3330

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 2.1 SJR 0.646 SNIP 0.819

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1080/09593330.2014.958542

Bibliographical note

Published online: 22 Sep 2014
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-10-15

Publisher name: Taylor & Francis Ltd.

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 629

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Long-term thermophilic mono-digestion of rendering wastes and co-digestion with potato pulp

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Bayr, S., Ojanperä, M., Kaparaju, P., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 1853-1859

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waste Management

Volume: 34

Issue number: 10

ISSN (Print): 0956-053X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 5.9 SJR 1.763 SNIP 2.499

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.wasman.2014.06.005

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-09-30

Publisher name: Pergamon

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 157

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Modelling fume deposit growth in recovery boilers: effect of flue gas and deposit temperature

The high ash content of black liquor causes fouling problems in the Kraft recovery boiler. The ash-forming elements condense into submicron-sized fume particles in the superheater area and the boiler bank and can deposit on heat-transfer surfaces. The fume deposits can then lower heat-transfer rate, plug flue gas flow, and expose surfaces to corrosion. This paper presents the results of a sensitivity analysis obtained using a CFD (computational fluid dynamics)-based sub-model of the formation of fume particles and deposits, showing how flue gas and deposit surface temperatures affect instantaneous fume deposit growth. The results indicate that fume deposit growth is a self-limiting process because the growth rate decreases as the deposit surface temperature increases. On the other hand, increasing the flue gas

temperature increases the fume deposition rate when the element release factors are kept constant.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, University of Toronto, Canada, Valmet Technologies Oy

Contributors: Leppänen, A., Tran, H., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 50-57

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Science and Technology for Forest Products and Processes

Volume: 4

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1927-6311

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2014): SJR 0.239 SNIP 0.28

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.paptac.ca/en/publications/jfor>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: PAPTAC, Pulp and Paper Technical Association of Canada

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 924

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Kohti hajautettua infrastruktuuripolitiikkaa? Paikalliset vesiosuuskunnat perusrakenteiden tuottajina

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Heino, O., Anttiroiko, A.

Number of pages: 13

Pages: 38-50

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Maaseudun uusi aika

Volume: 22

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 1237-413X

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Bioenergy consumption and biogas potential in Cambodian households

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Mustonen, S., Raiko, R., Luukkanen, J.

Number of pages: 17

Pages: 1875-1892

Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Sustainability

Volume: 5
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 2071-1050
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 1.9 SJR 0.521 SNIP 1.115
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3390/su5051875

Bibliographical note

ei vielä UT 2013-09-19
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29
Publisher name: MDPI AG
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2963
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Impact of heavy metals on denitrification of simulated mining wastewaters

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Zou, G., Ylinen, A., Di Capua, F., Papirio, S., Lakaniemi, A., Puhakka, J.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 500-503
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Advanced Materials Research
Volume: 825
ISSN (Print): 1022-6680
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 0.11 SJR 0.142 SNIP 0.197
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.4028/www.scientific.net/AMR.825.500

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29
Publisher name: Trans Tech Publications Ltd.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3792
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

A national collaboration process: Finnish engineering education for the benefit of people and environment

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Takala, A., Korhonen-Yrjänheikki, K.
Pages: 1557-1569
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Science and Engineering Ethics
Volume: 19
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 1353-3452
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 2.3 SJR 0.508 SNIP 1.037

Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1007/s11948-011-9330-y

Bibliographical note

online first
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3499
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Fast pyrolysis of coal, peat, and torrefied wood: Mass loss study with a drop-tube reactor, particle geometry analysis, and kinetics modeling

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Tolvanen, H., Kokko, L., Raiko, R.
Pages: 148-156
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Fuel
Volume: 111
Issue number: September
ISSN (Print): 0016-2361
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 5.7 SJR 1.762 SNIP 2.531
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.fuel.2013.04.030

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-06-29
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3549
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

CFD-modeling of fume formation in kraft recovery boilers

A computational fluid dynamics (CFD) model was developed to simulate alkali metal chemistry and fume particle formation in a kraft recovery boiler. The modeling results were partially validated against previously obtained field measurements. The model provides information about fume composition, chlorine and potassium enrichment factors, and particle mass concentration at different locations in the boiler.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Valmet Technologies Oy, University of Toronto, Canada
Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A., Tran, H.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 25-32
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: TAPPI Journal
Volume: 12
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 0734-1415
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): SJR 0.425 SNIP 0.651
Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.tappi.org/Publications/TJ.aspx>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-06-29
Publisher name: TAPPI

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2768

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Pollutants source control and health effects

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Kelishadi, R., Amin, M. M., Haghdoost, A. A., Gupta, A. K., Tuhkanen, T. A.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 1-2

Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Environmental and Public Health

Volume: 2013

Article number: 209739

ISSN (Print): 1687-9805

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 1.9 SJR 0.638 SNIP 0.925

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1155/2013/209739

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-12-29
Publisher name: Hindawi

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2539

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Halpaa eli hyvää - minkälaisia merkityksiä vesihuoltoala rakentaa itsestään

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Takala, A.

Pages: 226-245

Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Kunnallistieteellinen Aikakauskirja

Volume: 41

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0356-3669

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: Kunnallistieteen yhdistys

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2275

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Käänteiset infrastruktuurit ja integroiva infrastruktuuripolitiikka

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Anttiroiko, A., Heino, O.
Number of pages: 14
Pages: 30-43
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Yhdyskuntasuunnittelu
Volume: 51
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1459-6806
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-30
Publisher name: Yhdyskuntasuunnittelun Seura
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 1932
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Managed aquifer recharge in community water supply: the Finnish experience and some international comparisons

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE)
Contributors: Kurki, V., Lipponen, A., Katko, T.
Number of pages: 16
Pages: 774-789
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water International
Volume: 38
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0250-8060
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 1.7 SJR 0.503 SNIP 0.565
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1080/02508060.2013.843374

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29
Publisher name: Routledge
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2661
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Testing activity-based costing to large-scale combined heat and power plant using bioenergy

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Korpunen, H., Raiko, R.
Number of pages: 11
Pages: 1-11
Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Energy Research

ISSN (Print): 0363-907X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2013): CiteScore 4.2 SJR 1.043 SNIP 1.666

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1002/er.3047

Bibliographical note

ei vielä UT 2013-09-19 : This article was published online on [29 April 2013]. Errors were subsequently identified in Table V. This notice is included in the online and print versions to indicate that both have been corrected [14 June 2013]. Contribution: organisation=keb, FACT1=1 Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29 Publisher name: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2622

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Bacterial community transcription patterns during a marine phytoplankton bloom

Bacterioplankton consume a large proportion of photosynthetically fixed carbon in the ocean and control its biogeochemical fate. We used an experimental metatranscriptomics approach to compare bacterial activities that route energy and nutrients during a phytoplankton bloom compared with non-bloom conditions. mRNAs were sequenced from duplicate bloom and control microcosms 1 day after a phytoplankton biomass peak, and transcript copies per litre of seawater were calculated using an internal mRNA standard. Transcriptome analysis revealed a potential novel mechanism for enhanced efficiency during carbon-limited growth, mediated through membrane-bound pyrophosphatases [V-type H(+)-translocating; hppA]; bloom bacterioplankton participated less in this metabolic energy scavenging than non-bloom bacterioplankton, with possible implications for differences in growth yields on organic substrates. Bloom bacterioplankton transcribed more copies of genes predicted to increase cell surface adhesiveness, mediated by changes in bacterial signalling molecules related to biofilm formation and motility; these may be important in microbial aggregate formation. Bloom bacterioplankton also transcribed more copies of genes for organic acid utilization, suggesting an increased importance of this compound class in the bioreactive organic matter released during phytoplankton blooms. Transcription patterns were surprisingly faithful within a taxon regardless of treatment, suggesting that phylogeny broadly predicts the ecological roles of bacterial groups across 'boom' and 'bust' environmental backgrounds.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: The University of Tennessee, Knoxville

Contributors: Rinta-Kanto, J. M., Sun, S., Sharma, S., Kiene, R. P., Moran, M. A.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 228-239

Publication date: Jan 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Microbiology

Volume: 14

Issue number: 1

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 10.6 SJR 3.165 SNIP 1.639

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1111/j.1462-2920.2011.02602.x

Source: Mendeley

Source ID: fa164c9c-a2ce-339c-a2ef-5da44c537175

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Cardiac Pacemakers in Electric and Magnetic Fields of 400-kV Power Lines

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Kuisti, H., Elovaara, J., Virtanen, V.
Pages: 422-430
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: PACE: Pacing and Clinical Electrophysiology
Volume: 35
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0147-8389
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 3 SJR 1.197 SNIP 0.908

Original language: Finnish

DOIs:

10.1111/j.1540-8159.2011.03327.x

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Wiley-Blackwell Publishing, Inc.

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4531

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Occupational Exposure to Electric Fields and Currents Associated With 110 kv Substation Tasks

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Kuisti, H. A., Tarao, H., Elovaara, J. A.

Pages: 438-442

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioelectromagnetics

Volume: 33

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 0197-8462

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 4.2 SJR 0.628 SNIP 1.155

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1002/bem.21711

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Wiley Periodicals, Inc

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4530

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Coal char combustion in O₂/N₂ and O₂/CO₂ conditions in a drop tube reactor: an optical study

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Rodriguez Avila, M., Honkanen, M., Raiko, R., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 22

Pages: 1-22

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Industrial Combustion

Article number: 201201

ISSN (Print): 2075-3071

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 0.4 SJR 0.14 SNIP 0.183

Original language: English

URLs:

http://www.journal.ifrf.net/paper_download.html?paperId=96

<http://www.industrial.combustion.ifrf.net/index.html>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 29.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Flame Research Foundation, IFRF

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5185

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Water - The Most Important Subject of the World

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Takala, A., Vihanta, J.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 44-58

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1799-6953

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.uta.fi/finnishenvironmentalhistory>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 13.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4197

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Production of Electricity and Butanol from Microalgal Biomass in Microbial Fuel Cells

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Tuovinen, O. H., Puhakka, J. A.

Pages: 481-491

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: BioEnergy Research

Volume: 5

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1939-1234

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 1.349 SNIP 1.668

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1007/s12155-012-9186-2

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Springer New York LLC

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4645

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Impacts of changing operational parameters of in situ chemical oxidation (ISCO) on removal of aged PAHs from soil**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Cajal-Marinoso, P., de la Calle, R., Rivas, F. J., Tuhkanen, T.

Pages: 429-436

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Advanced Oxidation Technologies

Volume: 15

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1203-8407

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 1.4 SJR 0.408 SNIP 0.495

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Science & Technology Integration,

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3951

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Insenttiivit julkisen sektorin innovaatiotoiminnan edistämisen välineinä. Esimerkkinä Georgian osavaltion palvelu-uudistus**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Anttiroiko, A., Heino, O.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 298-305

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Työelämän tutkimus

Volume: 10

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0788-091X

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3857

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Modeling fine particles and alkali metal compound behavior in a kraft recovery boiler**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion

Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Valmet Technologies Oy

Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 9-14
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: TAPPI Journal
Volume: 11
Issue number: 7
ISSN (Print): 0734-1415
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): SJR 0.331 SNIP 0.741

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.tappi.org/Bookstore/Technical-Papers/Journal-Articles/TAPPI-JOURNAL/Archives/2012/July/Table-of-Contents/MOdeling-fine-particles-and-alkali-metal-compound-behavior-i.aspx>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: TAPPI

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4694

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Accidents and close call situations connected to the use of mobile phones

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.

Pages: 75-82

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Accident Analysis and Prevention

Volume: 45

ISSN (Print): 0001-4575

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 3.8 SJR 1.326 SNIP 2.258

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.aap.2011.11.016

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4534

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

White-Collar Workers' Self-Reported Physical Symptoms Associated With Using Computers

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R., Gobba, F.

Pages: 137-147

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Occupational Safety and Ergonomics

Volume: 18
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1080-3548
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 1 SJR 0.343 SNIP 0.684
Original language: English
URLs:
<http://www.ciop.pl/786.html>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Centralny Instytut Ochrony Pracy Central Institute for Labour Protection / Poland
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4535
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Effects of tissue conductivity and electrode area on internal electric fields in a numerical human model for ELF contact current exposures

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Tarao, H., Kuisti, H., Korpinen, L., Hayashi, N., Isaka, K.
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Physics in Medicine and Biology
Volume: 57
Issue number: 10
ISSN (Print): 0031-9155
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 5.5 SJR 1.592 SNIP 1.719
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1088/0031-9155/57/10/2981
URLs:
<http://iopscience.iop.org/0031-9155/57/10/2981>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Institute of Physics Publishing Ltd.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 5404
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Treatment of Composted Soils contaminated with Petroleum Hydrocarbons using Chemical Oxidation followed by Enhanced Aerobic Bioremediation

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Cajal-Marinoso, P., Reich, O., Mobes, A., Tuhkanen, T.
Pages: 217-223
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Advanced Oxidation Technologies
Volume: 15
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 1203-8407
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 1.4 SJR 0.408 SNIP 0.495
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Science & Technology Integration
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3952
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Comparing the energy required for fine grinding torrefied and fast heat treated pine

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Kokko, L., Tolvanen, H., Hämäläinen, K., Raiko, R.
Pages: 219-223
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biomass & Bioenergy
Volume: 42
Issue number: Jul
ISSN (Print): 0961-9534
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2012): CiteScore 5.1 SJR 1.516 SNIP 1.725
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biombioe.2012.03.008

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Elsevier Ltd.
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4515
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The evolving role of water co-operatives in Finland

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Takala, A. J., Arvonen, V., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. E., Åkerman, M. W.
Pages: 11-19
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Co-Operative Management
Volume: 5
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1741-4814
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 17.5.2014
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 7349
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Occupational Exposure to Electric and Magnetic Fields While Working at Switching and Transforming Stations of 110 kV

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Kuisti, H., Pääkkönen, R., Vanhala, P., Elovaara, J.
Pages: 526-536
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Annals of Occupational Hygiene
Volume: 55
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 0003-4878
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 3.4 SJR 1.194 SNIP 1.59
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1093/annhyg/mer013

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6418
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Luminescent bacteria-based sensing method for methylmercury specific determination

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Rantala, A., Utrainen, M., Kaushik, N., Virta, M., Välimaa, A., Karp, M.
Pages: 1041-1049
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry
Volume: 400
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 1618-2642
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 5.4 SJR 1.37 SNIP 1.277
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1007/s00216-011-4866-x

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 7088
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Challenges to Finnish water and wastewater services in the next 20-30 years

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Life Cycle Effectiveness of the Built Environment (LCE@BE)
Contributors: Heino, O. A., Takala, A. J., Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 20
Pages: 1-20
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: E-Water
Article number: 2011/01
ISSN (Print): 1994-8549
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2011): SJR 0.172 SNIP 0.669
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Lehden sivuilla mainittu: Prior to publication, proposed articles are reviewed by two referees from a network of European experts who form the Communication Committee of the EWA.Ei UT-numeroa 8.3.2014

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6062

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Working-aged population's mental symptoms and the use of the Internet

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Pages: 25-28
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Mental Illness
Volume: 3
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 2036-7457
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2011): SJR 0.338 SNIP 0.288

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.4081/mi.2011.e7

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 22.3.2014

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6422

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki - Riihimäen Veden historia

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

Pages: 36-40

Publication date: 2011

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Volume: 52
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6248

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Adjustable wettability of paperboard by liquid flame spray nanoparticle deposition

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Research area: Aerosol Physics, Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Department of Physics, Engineering materials science and solutions (EMASS)

Contributors: Stepien, M., Saarinen, J. J., Teisala, H., Tuominen, M., Aromaa, M., Kuusipalo, J., Mäkelä, J. M., Toivakka, M.

Pages: 1911-1917

Publication date: 2011

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Applied Surface Science

Volume: 257

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 0169-4332

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 3.4 SJR 0.908 SNIP 1.379

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.apsusc.2010.09.025

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=fys,FACT2=0.5
Publisher name: Elsevier

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 7308

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Occupational exposure to electric fields and induced currents associated with 400 kV substation tasks from different service platforms

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Elovaara, J. A., Kuisti, H. A.

Pages: 79-83

Publication date: 2011

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioelectromagnetics

ISSN (Print): 0197-8462

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 4.5 SJR 0.539 SNIP 1.223

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1002/bem.20612

URLs:

<http://wileyonlinelibrary.com>

Bibliographical note

Poistettu tupla r=3246
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6417

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Managing water supply through joint regional municipal authorities in Finland: Two comparative cases

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Stenroos, M., Katko, T. S.
Pages: 667-681
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water
Volume: 3
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 2073-4441
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 2.1 SNIP 0.851
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3390/w3020667

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 7305
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Biogenic hydrogen and methane production from reed canary grass

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Koskinen, P. E., Nevatalo, L. M., Kaksonen, A. H., Puhakka, J. A.
Pages: 773-780
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biomass & Bioenergy
Volume: 35
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0961-9534
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 4.9 SJR 1.759 SNIP 2.306
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biombioe.2010.10.032

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6541
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Physical symptoms in young adults and their use of different computers and mobile phones

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Pages: 361-371
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Occupational Safety and Ergonomics
Volume: 17
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 1080-3548
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 0.7 SJR 0.274 SNIP 0.579
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6421
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Biogenic hydrogen and methane production from *Chlorella vulgaris* and *Dunaliella tertiolecta* biomass

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)
Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Hulatt, C. J., Thomas, D. N., Tuovinen, O. H., Puhakka, J. A.
Number of pages: 12
Pages: 1-12
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Biotechnology for Biofuels
Volume: 4
Issue number: 1
Article number: 34
ISSN (Print): 1754-6834
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2011): CiteScore 6.3 SJR 2.239 SNIP 2.221
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1186/1754-6834-4-34

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6540
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Development of superhydrophobic coating on paperboard surface using the Liquid Flame Spray

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Department of Physics
Contributors: Teisala, H., Tuominen, M., Aromaa, M., Mäkelä, J. M., Stepien, M., Saarinen, J., Toivakka, M., Kuusipalo, J.
Pages: 436-445
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Surface and Coatings Technology

Volume: 205
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0257-8972
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.145 SNIP 1.661
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.surfcoat.2010.07.003
URLs:
<http://www.elsevier.com/locate/surfcoat>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=fys,FACT2=0.5
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 9386
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Self-reported use of ICT (Information and communication technology) uptake in 2002 and discomfort amongst Finns aged 45-66

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Pages: 85-90
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Applied Ergonomics
Issue number: 42
ISSN (Print): 0003-6870
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.885 SNIP 1.743
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.apergo.2010.05.005
URLs:
<http://www.elsevier.com/locate/apergo>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8438
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Integration of water and wastewater utilities

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Kurki, V. O., Juuti, P. S., Rajala, R. P., Seppälä, O. T.
Pages: 62-70
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal American Water Works Association
Volume: 102
Issue number: 9
ISSN (Print): 0003-150X
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.429 SNIP 0.773
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8314
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The application of HPLC-SEC for the simultaneous characterization of NOM and nitrate in well waters

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Szabo, H., Tuhkanen, T.
Pages: 779-786
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Chemosphere
Volume: 80
Issue number: 7
ISSN (Print): 0045-6535
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.879 SNIP 1.432
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.chemosphere.2010.05.007

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 9356
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

A comparison of the usability of a laptop, communicator, and handheld computer

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Suomalainen, P., Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Number of pages: 13
Pages: 111-123
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Usability Studies
Volume: 5
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1931-3357
Original language: English
URLs:
http://www.upassoc.org/upa_publications/jus/2010may/suomalainen-authors.html

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 9341
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Occupational exposure to electric and magnetic fields during work tasks at 110 kV substations in the Tampere region

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Pages: 252-254
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioelectromagnetics
Volume: 31
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 0197-8462
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.827 SNIP 1.251
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1002/bem.20555
URLs:
<http://www3.interscience.wiley.com/journal/34135/home>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8437
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Water and the city

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P., Tempelhoff, J.
Pages: 213-234
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environment and History
Volume: 16
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0967-3407
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.195 SNIP 0.93
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3197/096734010X12699419057331

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8313
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Mine wastewater treatment using Phalaris arundinacea plant material hydrolyzate as substrate for sulfate-reducing bioreactor

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Nevatalo, L. M., Kaksonen, A. H., Puhakka, J. A.
Pages: 3931-3939
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology
Volume: 101
Issue number: 11
ISSN (Print): 0960-8524
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 2.089 SNIP 2.348
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biortech.2010.01.020

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8565
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Towards balanced public-private co-operation in urban water management

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. E., Seppälä, O. T.
Pages: 71-81
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Management & Public Policy
Volume: 2
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 0976-013X
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8110
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Co-operation between technical education of university and electro-technical standardization association

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Hieta-Wilkman, S., Vesa, J., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 165-168
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Elektronika ir Elektrotechnika
Volume: 10
Issue number: 106
ISSN (Print): 1392-1215

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.216 SNIP 0.329

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8075

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Sanitation, water and health

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Rautanen, S., Luonsi, A., Nygård, H., Vuorinen, H., Rajala, R.

Pages: 173-194

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environment and History

Volume: 16

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 0967-3407

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.195 SNIP 0.93

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.3197/096734010X12699419057250

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9094

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The designing and the implementation of WWW-course "Electricity, Electronics and Environment"

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Koskiranta, M., Lehtelä, R., Vesapuisto, M., Tepsa, K., Puro, H.

Pages: 75-78

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Elektronika ir Elektrotechnika

Volume: 102

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 1392-1215

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.216 SNIP 0.329

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.ktu.lt/lt/mokslas/zurnalai/meniu.asp>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8436

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Water, policy and governance

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Castro, J. E., Pietilä, P. E.
Pages: 235-251
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environment and History
Volume: 16
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0967-3407
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.195 SNIP 0.93
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3197/096734010X12699419057377

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8109
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Developing and testing characterization methods for droplet combustion - Part I

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, A., Peltola, A., Pitkänen, A., Mäkiranta, R., Saario, A., Oksanen, A.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 1-6
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Archivum Combustionis
Volume: 30
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0208-4198
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8921
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Hydrodynamic drag and velocity of micro-bubbles in dilute paper machine suspensions

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Haapala, A., Honkanen, M., Liimatainen, H., Stoor, T., Niinimäki, J.
Pages: 956-964
Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Chemical Engineering Journal

Volume: 162

ISSN (Print): 1385-8947

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.246 SNIP 1.54

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.2495/MPF090291

URLs:

<http://www.elsevier.com/locate/cej>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 7971

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The students' feedback on WWW-course "Electricity, Electronics and Environment"

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Vesapuisto, M., Vekara, T., Korpinen, L., Koskiranta, M., Lehtelä, R.

Number of pages: 4

Pages: 99-102

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Elektronika ir Elektrotechnika

Volume: 102

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 1392-1215

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.216 SNIP 0.329

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.ktu.lt/lt/mokslas/zurnalai/meniu.asp>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9548

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Rural energy survey and scenario analysis of village energy consumption: A case study in Lao People's Democratic Republic

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Mustonen, S. M.

Pages: 1040-1048

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Energy Policy

Volume: 38

Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0301-4215
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2010): SJR 1.478 SNIP 1.844
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.1016/j.enpol.2009.10.056
URLs:
<http://www.elsevier.com/locate/enpol>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8824
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Mental symptoms and the use of new technical equipment

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R.
Pages: 385-400
Publication date: 2009
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: International Journal of Occupational Safety and Ergonomics
Volume: 15
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 1080-3548
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2009): SJR 0.284 SNIP 0.688
Original language: English
URLs:
<http://www.ciop.pl/jose>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 10519
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Effect of geometrical parameters on vortex-induced vibration of a splitter plate

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pärssinen, T., Eloranta, H., Saarenrinne, P.
Number of pages: 9
Pages: 1-9
Publication date: 2009
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Fluids Engineering: Transactions of the ASME
Volume: 131
Issue number: 3, 031203
ISSN (Print): 0098-2202
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2009): SJR 0.546 SNIP 1.039

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1115/1.2844584

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 11068

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Vesiyhtymien toiminnan kehittäminen

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Takala, A., Hukka, J., Katko, T., Pietilä, P.

Pages: 14-18

Publication date: 2008

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 13613

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Hydrolysed cellulose material as sulfate reduction electron donor to treat metal- and sulfate containing waste water

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Lakaniemi, A., Nevatalo, L., Kaksonen, A., Puhakka, J.

Pages: 326-326

Publication date: 2007

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Advanced Materials Research

Volume: 20-21

ISSN (Print): 1022-6680

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2007): SJR 0.18 SNIP 0.753

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.4028/www.scientific.net/AMR.20-21.326

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14835

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Diversity of microcystin-producing cyanobacteria in spatially isolated regions of Lake Erie

The diversity of microcystin-producing cyanobacteria in the western basin of Lake Erie was studied using sequence analysis of *mcyA* gene fragments. Distinct populations of potentially toxic *Microcystis* and *Planktothrix* were found in spatially isolated locations. This study highlights previously undocumented diversity of potentially toxic cyanobacteria.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: The University of Tennessee, Knoxville
Contributors: Rinta-Kanto, J. M., Wilhelm, S. W.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 5083-5085
Publication date: Jul 2006
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Applied and Environmental Microbiology
Volume: 72
Issue number: 7
ISSN (Print): 0099-2240
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2006): SJR 2.076 SNIP 1.6

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1128/AEM.00312-06

URLs:

<http://www.mendeley.com/research/diversity-microcystinproducing-cyanobacteria-spatially-isolated-regions-lake-erie>

Source: Mendeley

Source ID: 5780da10-f76e-31e8-b554-bfc0ff481d10

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Comparison of the total mercury content in sediment samples with a mercury sensor bacteria test and *Vibrio fischeri* toxicity test

The suitability of a luminescent bacterial sensor strain *Escherichia coli* MC1061(pTOO11) [Virta, M.; Lampinen, J.; Karp, M. *Anal Chem* 1995, 67, 667-669] for the measuring of mercury from sediment samples was evaluated. The sensor strain is based on the control of expression of a reporter gene, firefly luciferase, by a mercury sensitive regulation unit. The sensor responds to mercury by increased luminescence as a consequence of increased production of the reporter protein luciferase. The method is simple to perform since the luminescence is recorded with a portable luminometer and the sensor bacteria are freeze-dried. The results obtained from river sediment samples were compared with the total mercury content of the samples, which was measured by atomic absorption spectrometry and Leco(R) Mercury analyzer and the modified photobacteria luminescence inhibition test (Lappalainen, J.; Juvonen, R.; Vaajasaari, K.; Karp, M. *Chemosphere* 1999, 38, 1069-1083). The correlation between the bacterial sensor results with the total mercury content, ranging from 0.01 mg/kg to 16 mg/kg, was significant with 32 samples tested (R-2 UP to 0.8115). There was no correlation between the total mercury content and toxicity measured with *Vibrio fischeri* in this sample panel, (C) 2000 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: University of Turku
Contributors: Lappalainen, J. O., Karp, M. T., Juvonen, R., Virta, M. P. J., Nurmi, J.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 443-448
Publication date: Dec 2000
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Toxicology

Volume: 15

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 1520-4081

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.623 SNIP 1.106

Original language: English

Keywords: heavy metal, biosensor, mercury, sediment, REPORTER, ARSENITE, ENVIRONMENT, ANTIMONITE, BIOSENSOR, STRAIN

DOIs:

10.1002/1522-7278(2000)15:5<443::AID-TOX12>3.0.CO;2-L

Source: WOS

Source ID: 000165446600012

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

Detecting bioavailable toxic metals and metalloids from natural water samples using luminescent sensor bacteria

We have generated microbial sensors for analyzing the presence of various metals or metalloids by recombinant DNA technology. The strains are based on strictly regulated promoters controlling the expression of the firefly luciferase gene in microbial cells. The regulator-reporter constructs are located in shuttle plasmids capable of replicating in gram-negative or -positive microbial organisms. The sensors developed are real-time indicators of metal responsive gene expression giving results in approximately 30 min, with optimal induction times ranging from 60 to 240 min. We describe here the performance of these metal sensing bacteria for the assessment of different water samples spiked with lead, arsenic, mercury or cadmium. We show that these bacteria are sensitive detectors of metal bioavailability, which is difficult or even impossible to measure by traditional analytical chemistry methods. All measurements were done using freeze-dried bacteria, which makes these sensors reagent-like and also easy to use in field conditions. (C) 2000 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Univ Turku, University of Turku, Dept Biotechnol
Contributors: Tauriainen, S. M., Virta, M. P. J., Karp, M. T.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 2661-2666
Publication date: Jul 2000
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water Research
Volume: 34
Issue number: 10
ISSN (Print): 0043-1354
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2000): SJR 1.308 SNIP 1.639
Original language: English
Keywords: luciferase, luc-gene, environment, cadmium, mercury, arsenite, ESCHERICHIA-COLI, ARSENITE, LUCIFERASE, ANTIMONITE, MERCURY, LEAD, EXPRESSION, BIOSENSOR, CADMIUM, GENES
DOIs:
10.1016/S0043-1354(00)00005-1
Source: WOS
Source ID: 000087436600004
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Water supply and sanitation as an entry point to human development: Vision21- Knowledge synthesis.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka
Contributors: Hukka, J., Katko, T. S.
Publication date: 1999
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vision21- Knowledge synthesis.
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

<www.wsscc.org/vision21/docs/index.html>
Research output: Contribution to journal › Comment/debate › Scientific › peer-review

A recombinant Escherichia coli sensor strain for the detection of tetracyclines

A bioluminescent Escherichia coli K-12 strain for the specific detection of the tetracycline group of antibiotics is described. A sensor plasmid, containing five genes from bacterial luciferase operon of Photobacterium luminescens inserted under the control of tetracycline-responsive elements of the transposon Tn10, was constructed. Usage of the full-length luciferase operon in the sensor resulted in tetracycline-dependent light production without additions, i.e., self-luminescent phenotype, since all the substrates were intrinsically produced by the recombinant organism. The time needed for optimal induction of light emission was 90 min. Maximal induction of similar to 100-fold over uninduced levels by using 20 ng of tetracycline, and picomole sensitivities for the seven different tetracyclines tested, were obtained without added Mg²⁺ ions. The higher

the pH and the magnesium ion concentration in the assay medium the higher was the amount of membrane-impermeable tetracycline-Mg²⁺ chelate complex. In consequence, by adjusting the pH and the Mg²⁺ ion concentration, the sensitivity of the assay can be modified for different analytical purposes. Different non-tetracycline antibiotics did not cause induction of light emission.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Univ Turku, University of Turku, Dept Biotechnol, University of Turku
Contributors: Korpela, M. T., Kurittu, J. S., Karvinen, J. T., Karp, M. T.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 4457-4462
Publication date: 1 Nov 1998
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Analytical Chemistry
Volume: 70
Issue number: 21
ISSN (Print): 0003-2700
Original language: English
Keywords: XENORHABDUS-LUMINESCENS, EXPRESSION, ANTIMONITE, PROMOTER, ARSENITE, BACTERIA, BINDING, CLONING, GENES
DOIs:
10.1021/ac980740e
Source: WOS
Source ID: 000076839000011
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

The need for “champions” in rural water supply

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Pages: 19-22
Publication date: 1994
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Waterlines
Volume: 12
Issue number: 3
Original language: English
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

Enhancement in Lifespan of Halide Perovskite Solar Cells

While perovskite solar cells have skyrocketed in recent years to power conversion efficiencies competitive with those of silicon and thin-film photovoltaics, the lagged behind stability stands in the way of commercialisation. In this review, we discuss the reasons and factors that induce the degradation in photovoltaic performance of perovskite solar cells, and furthermore, we summarise the most promising strategies to enhance the lifespan. We show that each component of the device, including charge selective contacts, perovskite layer, and electrodes, can be engineered to reduce the influence of heat, UV light, oxygen, moisture and their synergetic effect on the operating lifetime of devices. We conclude that inorganic contacts and inorganic perovskite compositions are the most promising direction toward stable perovskite solar cells.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Chemistry & Advanced Materials, Helmholtz Zentrum Berlin Mat & Energie, Helmholtz Association, Helmholtz-Zentrum Berlin (HZB), Sapienza University, Institute of Advanced Energy Materials, Fuzhou University, Fuzhou, Fujian 350002, China., Department of Chemical, Materials and Production Engineering, University of Naples Federico II, Piazzale Tecchio 80, 80125 Fuorigrotta, Naples Italy
Contributors: Wang, Q., Phung, N., Di Girolamo, D., Vivo, P., Abate, A.

Pages: 865-886
Publication date: Mar 2019
Peer-reviewed: Yes
Early online date: 7 Dec 2018

Publication information

Journal: Energy & Environmental Science
Volume: 12

Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1754-5692

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 56 SJR 13.024 SNIP 4.706

Original language: English

Keywords: perovskite solar cells, stability, lifetime

DOIs:

10.1039/C8EE02852D

Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) › [Review Article](#) › [Scientific](#) › [peer-review](#)

Recycling mine tailings in chemically bonded ceramics - A review

Mine tailings account for most of the environmental incidents related to the extractive industry, with risks increasing due to steadily rising tonnage of low-grade ore and extreme weather events. Recycling of tailings in raw-material-intensive applications presents an interesting alternative to costly tailings management with associated restoration efforts.

Chemically bonded ceramics may offer a route to upgrading mine tailings into raw materials for ceramics. In this review such chemically bonded ceramic methods that may be used to recycle mine tailings as raw materials, are reviewed while focusing in particular on two methods: 1) geopolymerization/alkali activation and 2) chemically bonded phosphate ceramics. The aim of the review is not to give exhaustive review on the wide topic, but to scope the required boundary conditions that need to be met for such utilization. According to the findings, alkali activation has been studied for 28 separate silicate minerals in the scientific literature, and presents a viable method, which is already in commercial use in calcium-rich cement-like binder applications. Phosphate bonding literature is more focused on phosphate containing minerals and waste encapsulation. Very little work has been done on low-calcium tailings utilization with either technology, and more knowledge is needed on the effect of different pre-treatment methods to increase reactivity of mine tailings in chemically bonded ceramics.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Materials Science, Research group: Ceramic materials, University of Oulu, Geologian tutkimuskeskus

Contributors: Kinnunen, P., Ismailov, A., Solismaa, S., Sreenivasan, H., Räsänen, M., Levänen, E., Illikainen, M.

Pages: 634-649

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 26 Oct 2017

Publication information

Journal: Journal of Cleaner Production

Volume: 174

ISSN (Print): 0959-6526

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 8.7 SJR 1.62 SNIP 2.317

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1016/j.jclepro.2017.10.280

Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) › [Review Article](#) › [Scientific](#) › [peer-review](#)

Asset Life Cycle Management in Finnish Water Utilities

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Rajala, R., Hukka, J.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 587-595

Publication date: 2018

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: JOURNAL OF WATER RESOURCE AND PROTECTION

Volume: 10

Issue number: 6

ISSN (Print): 1945-3094

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

JWARP_2018062714190526

DOIs:

10.4236/jwarp.2018.106033

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201808102062>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Conversion of Solid Waste into Functional Carbon Materials: A Review

Population explosion and increasing living standard of people resulted in generation of more than a Giga ton of waste per annum worldwide. Hence waste is one of the global problems in 21st century and expected that waste generation continues in future also. Every human activity is left with some waste. There are some major sectors for waste generation, such as manufacturing sector, agricultural sector (in the form of biomass) and municipality waste etc. These wastes are having minimal value or even negative values and creating problem or burden to the environment, human health etc. Therefore, it is utmost important to process and manage those wastes properly. The existing waste management processes involves: recycling, dumping and landfilling, incineration/combustion etc., which are neither sufficient to nullify the adverse effect of the waste nor economic process. These management processes involve human intervention and thereby resulting huge expenses. Nowadays, there is a paradigm shift from management of waste into conversion of waste producing fertilizer, fuel, energy as well as carbon materials etc. In this review, effort is given exclusively to summarize the different processes of waste conversion into functional carbon material such as activated carbon, porous carbon, carbon nanotube, graphene, carbon dot, carbon fibre etc. It has been discussed with the help of illustrative examples from the literatures.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Materials Science, Research group: Plastics and Elastomer Technology

Contributors: Gogoi, M., Layek, R., Vuorinen, J., Mahato, M.

Pages: 52-68

Publication date: 1 Mar 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Energy and Environment Focus

Volume: 6

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 2326-3040

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1166/eef.2017.1237

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Sata vuotta Suomen suurimmasta lavantautiepidemiasta

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 12-14

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Volume: 2017
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi/vesitalous-lehdet/vesien-historia/>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Valkea kaupunki, mustat vedet

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 15-17
Publication date: 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Volume: 2017
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: English
URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi/vesitalous-lehdet/vesien-historia/>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Vesihuolto kaupungistuvissa yhteiskunnissa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 32-39
Publication date: 2017
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Alue ja Ympäristö
Volume: 46
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 1235-4554
Original language: Finnish
Additional files:

2017 katsaus_katko_pietila_1-2017 Alue ja ymp

Bibliographical note

<https://aluejaymparisto.journal.fi/article/view/64905>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Recent advances in nutrient removal and recovery in biological and bioelectrochemical systems

Nitrogen and phosphorous are key pollutants in wastewater to be removed and recovered for sustainable development. Traditionally, nitrogen removal is practiced through energy intensive biological nitrification and denitrification entailing a major cost in wastewater treatment. Recent innovations in nitrogen removal aim at reducing energy requirements and recovering ammonium nitrogen. Bioelectrochemical systems (BES) are promising for recovering ammonium nitrogen from nitrogen rich waste streams (urine, digester liquor, swine liquor, and landfill leachate) profitably. Phosphorus is removed from the wastewater in the form of polyphosphate granules by polyphosphate accumulating organisms. Alternatively, phosphorous is removed/recovered as Fe-P or struvite through chemical precipitation (iron or magnesium dosing). In this article, recent advances in nutrients removal from wastewater coupled to recovery are presented by applying a waste

biorefinery concept. Potential capabilities of BES in recovering nitrogen and phosphorous are reviewed to spur future investigations towards development of nutrient recovery biotechnologies.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Nancharaiah, Y. V., Venkata Mohan, S., Lens, P. N. L.
Pages: 173–185
Publication date: Sep 2016
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology
Volume: 215
ISSN (Print): 0960-8524
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 9.9 SJR 2.215 SNIP 1.945
Original language: English
ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal
Keywords: Microbial fuel cells, Nitrogen removal, Phosphorus removal, Waste biorefinery, Wastewater
DOIs:
10.1016/j.biortech.2016.03.129
Source: Scopus
Source ID: 84962019395
Research output: [Contribution to journal](#) > [Review Article](#) > [Scientific](#) > [peer-review](#)

Microbial electrochemical technologies with the perspective of harnessing bioenergy: Maneuvering towards upscaling

Microbial electrochemical technologies have gained much attention in the recent years during which basic research has been carried out to provide proof of concept by utilizing microorganisms for generating bioenergy in an electro redox active environment. However, these bio-electrocatalyzed systems pose significant challenges towards up-scaling and practical applications. Various parameters viz., electrodes, materials, configuration, biocatalyst, reaction kinetics, fabrication and operational costs, resistance for electron transfer etc. will critically govern the performance of microbial catalyzed electrochemical systems. Majorly, the surface area of electrode materials, biofilm coverage on the electrode surface, enrichment of electrochemically active electrode respiring bacteria and reduction reactions at cathode will aid in increasing the reaction kinetics towards the upscaling of microbial electrochemical technologies. Enrichment of electroactive microbial community on anode electrode can be promoted with electrode pretreatment, controlled anode potential or electrical current, external resistance, optimal operation temperature, chemical additions and bioaugmentation. Inhibition of the growth of methanogens also increases the coulombic efficiency, an essential parameter that determines the efficacy of bioelectricity generation. Considering the practical implementation of these microbial electrochemical technologies, the current review addresses the challenges and strategies to improve the performance of bio-electrocatalyzed systems with respect to the operational, physico-chemical and biological factors towards scale up. Besides, the feasibility for long term operation, the scope for future research along with the operational and maintenance costs are discussed to provide a broad spectrum on the role of the system components for the implementation of these bio-electrochemical technologies for practical utility.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi, India, Department of Environmental Engineering, Yildiz Technical University, Department of Chemical Engineering, Bioengineering and Environmental Sciences (BEES), CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (CSIR-IICT), Sustainable Environenergy Research Laboratory (SERL), Indian Institute of Technology Delhi
Contributors: Butti, S. K., Velvizhi, G., Sulonen, M. L. K., Haavisto, J. M., Oguz Koroglu, E., Yusuf Cetinkaya, A., Singh, S., Arya, D., Annie Modestra, J., Vamsi Krishna, K., Verma, A., Ozkaya, B., Lakaniemi, A., Puhakka, J. A., Venkata Mohan, S.
Pages: 462-476
Publication date: Jan 2016
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews
Volume: 53
ISSN (Print): 1364-0321

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 12.9 SJR 2.998 SNIP 3.543

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Renewable Energy, Sustainability and the Environment

Keywords: Biocatalyst, Bioelectrochemical system, Electrode materials, Fuel cell design, Microbial fuel cell

DOIs:

10.1016/j.rser.2015.08.058

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84942275042

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Metals removal and recovery in bioelectrochemical systems: A review

Metal laden wastes and contamination pose a threat to ecosystem well being and human health. Metal containing waste streams are also a valuable resource for recovery of precious and scarce elements. Although biological methods are inexpensive and effective for treating metal wastewaters and in situ bioremediation of metal(loid) contamination, little progress has been made towards metal(loid) recovery. Bioelectrochemical systems are emerging as a new technology platform for removal and recovery of metal ions from metallurgical wastes, process streams and wastewaters. Biodegradation of organic matter by electroactive biofilms at the anode has been successfully coupled to cathodic reduction of metal ions. Until now, leaching of Co(II) from LiCoO_2 particles, and removal of metal ions i.e. Co(III/II), Cr(VI), Cu(II), Hg(II), Ag(I), Se(IV), and Cd(II) from aqueous solutions has been demonstrated. This article reviews the state of art research of bioelectrochemical systems for removal and recovery of metal(loid) ions and pertaining removal mechanisms.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology, Bhabha Atomic Research Centre

Contributors: Nancharaiah, Y. V., Venkata Mohan, S., Lens, P.

Number of pages: 13

Pages: 102-114

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Early online date: 17 Jun 2015

Publication information

Journal: Bioresource Technology

Volume: 195

ISSN (Print): 0960-8524

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2015): CiteScore 9.2 SJR 2.243 SNIP 1.899

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Environmental Engineering, Waste Management and Disposal

Keywords: Bioelectrochemical treatment (BET), Biorecovery, Heavy metals, Microbial fuel cells, Wastewater treatment

DOIs:

10.1016/j.biortech.2015.06.058

URLs:

<http://www.scopus.com/inward/record.url?scp=84931864864&partnerID=8YFLogxK> (Link to publication in Scopus)

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84945442633

Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Bilateral collaboration in municipal water and wastewater services in Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Kurki, V. O., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. E.

Pages: 815-825

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Water
Volume: 2
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 2073-4441
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SNIP 0
Original language: English
DOIs:
10.3390/w2040815

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8494
Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Ikääntyvä infra - vesihuollon keskeisin haaste

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O., Katko, T., Takala, A.
Pages: 22-24
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8050
Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Vesitalous - monipuolisesti vesialalta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A2 Review article in a scientific journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Jaatinen, T., Katko, T., Pynnönen, S.
Pages: 45-47
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: Yes

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8187
Research output: Contribution to journal › Review Article › Scientific › peer-review

Measures for Energy Efficient and Low Emission Private Mobility

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne

Contributors: Liimatainen, H.

Publication date: 2020

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Affordable and Clean Energy. Encyclopedia of the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

Publisher: Springer

ISBN (Electronic): 978-3-319-71057-0

Publication series

Name: Encyclopedia of the UN Sustainable Development Goals

ISSN (Electronic): 2523-7403

DOIs:

10.1007/978-3-319-71057-0_57-1

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Historical development paths and means for winning the challenge of aging water services infrastructure

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Rajala, R., Juuti, P., Hukka, J., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 16

Pages: 15-30

Publication date: 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being

Publisher: IWA Publishing

ISBN (Print): 9781780409764

ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771

DOIs:

10.2166/9781780409771_0015

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Nature and extent of potable water consumption in Tampere (Finland) and Carletonville (South Africa)

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Rajala, R., Juuti, P., Nealer, E.

Number of pages: 14

Pages: 149-162

Publication date: 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being

Publisher: IWA Publishing

ISBN (Print): 9781780409764

ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Relevance of the resilience concept and long-term thinking for WSS providers

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P., Mattila, H., Rajala, R., Schwartz, K., Staddon
Number of pages: 10
Pages: 227-236
Publication date: 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being. IWA Publishing
Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 9781780409764
ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Resiliency is the key for sustainable water services.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P., Mattila, H., Rajala, R., Schwartz, K., Staddon, C.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 1-8
Publication date: 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being. IWA Publishing
Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 9781780409764
ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water security and resilience

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering
Contributors: Staddon, Juuti, P., Katko, T. S., Mattila, H., Rajala, R., Schwartz, K.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 9-14
Publication date: 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being
Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 9781780409764
ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Technical suitability of the fine fraction of municipal solid waste incineration bottom ash to the landfill capping liner

To protect the natural aggregates and promote the circular economy the suitable secondary aggregates have been studied intensively in last decades in Finland. One promising secondary aggregate is bottom ash from the municipal solid waste incineration (MSWI) process.

The municipal incinerator bottom ash (MIBA, also called MSWI BA) contains heavy metals and other contaminants limiting its environmental acceptability. The fines contain typically the highest concentrations of contaminants. The portion of inert particles such as rock, glass and mineral waste is higher in coarser fractions.

The aim of the study was to assess the suitability of the fines of MIBA to the mineral liner in landfill capping. Based on the environmental permit, the target permeability value for capping liner is $k \leq 1 \cdot 10^{-9}$ m/s. The permeability of the fines of MIBA is typically around $1 \cdot 10^{-7}$ m/s when well compacted. In order to achieve the required permeability, bentonite or other additives are needed. The grains are porous and the pH is high, typically 10-12, which effect on the amount of bentonite required. In addition, the MIBA contain high concentrations of diluting chlorides, sulfides and calcium, which decrease the swelling properties of the bentonite. The swelling capacity of bentonite decreases when permeating aggressive leakages with high cation concentration. Therefore a special polymer treated bentonite were chosen for the tests. The addition of superabsorbent polymers, which have much higher resistance to aggressive leakages, greatly improve the performance and self-healing capacity of bentonite.

First, laboratory tests were performed to estimate the proper amount and quality of the bentonite needed to achieve the permeability required. Two bentonite types were tested, the common natural bentonite and a special polymer modified bentonite produced by Cetco. The swelling index of both types of bentonite were tested by a eluate of MIBA. Several permeability tests were performed to evaluate the effect of dry density, bentonite quality and dose, and portion of coarser grains (2-5 mm).

After laboratory testing, a test area was constructed on an old waste fill to the Ämmässuo. During the construction, it was noticed that the water content effects significantly on the compaction result. The mineral liner was covered by a 1,5 mm thick LLDPE geomembrane and protective geotextile. The liner structure is covered only by a 0,5 m thick drainage layer from crushed rock. No surface layer were constructed.

After one year, the liner was exposed and studied. The quality of the structures, especially the mineral liner were visually evaluated and gas emissions were measured from the surface. The density of the layer was measured by volymeter and troxler and the water content and permeability were measured in laboratory. Based on the visual inspection the surface of the mineral liner was smooth, and the layer homogenous and hardened

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Earth Constructions

Contributors: Leppänen, M., Sarkkila, J., Hämäläinen, H., Rinkinen, J.

Pages: 168-175

Publication date: 6 Jun 2018

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 10th International Conference on the Environmental and Technical Implications of Construction with Alternative Materials WASCON 2018 : No Gradle, No Grave - Circular Economy into Practice

Publisher: RIL - Finnish Association of Civil Engineers

Editors: Raasakka, V., Lahtinen, P.

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-758-631-3

Keywords: municipal solid waste bottom slag, Landfill cover, bentonite, chemical incompatibility

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water Cooperatives in Tampere, Finland: the case of Pispala

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 23-32

Publication date: 2018

Host publication information

Title of host publication: WATERLAT GOBACIT network. Working papers. Challenges and opportunities facing water-service co-operatives: cases from Argentina and Finland

Volume: 5

Publisher: WATERLAT-GOBACIT Research Network

Edition: 4

Publication series

Name: WATERLAT GOBACIT

Volume: 5

No.: 4

ISSN (Print): 2056-4856

ISSN (Electronic): 2056-4864

Electronic versions:

waterlatPispalaJuutiRajala2019June

DOIs:

10.5072/zenodo.316861

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202001311704>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Yhdyskuntien vesihuolto – kehityksen ja elämän ehto

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R.
Number of pages: 34
Pages: 197-231
Publication date: 5 Oct 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Miten Suomesta tuli tekniikan maa. Luku 4: Mikä maa, mikä tekniikka? Tekniikan Museon julkaisuja 8. : How Finland Became a Country of Technology
Volume: 8
Place of publication: Helsinki
Publisher: Tekniikan museo
Editor: Männistö-Funk, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-95233-7-8

Publication series

Name: Tekniikan Museon julkaisuja 8
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Operationalising the right to water and sanitation and gender equality via appropriate technology in rural Nepal

Can a tap, a squat toilet, or an improved cooking stove – all simple rural technologies – make a contribution to achieving human rights and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)? What are the ‘soft’ elements, beyond the technology, that are needed? This article explores how, the principles of human rights based approach (HRBA), gender equality and social inclusion (GESI) are mainstreamed and operationalized through two bilateral rural water projects in Nepal - the Finland and Nepal-funded Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project in Western Nepal (RWSSP-WN) and the Rural Village Water Resources Management Project (RVWRMP). The projects utilise a combination of hands-on technical assistance, community participation and appropriate technologies to achieve the Right to Water and Sanitation, as well as making a contribution to the SDGs. The technologies include water supply systems; renewable energy, including micro-hydropower schemes, improved cooking stoves, improved water mills and hydraulic ram pumps; as well as water seal toilets. However, simply providing technology is not enough. It is critical that it is applied within a strong planning and implementation framework, integrated in local government and communities, but supported with skilful facilitation. This case study focuses on the results achieved and critical lessons learned regarding gender equality and empowerment (SDG 5), and access to water and sanitation (SDG 6). The lessons learned, including the important role of the technical staff in the project modality, are valuable for planners and implementers of water and sanitation projects elsewhere.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: White, P., Rautanen, S., Nepal, P. R.
Number of pages: 23
Pages: 217-239
Publication date: 1 Mar 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Human Rights and Technology
Place of publication: Costa Rica
Publisher: University of Peace, Costa Rica
Editor: Garrido Villareal, M.
ISBN (Electronic): 978-9930-542-00-2
Keywords: 214 Mechanical engineering, Water and Sanitation, 5203 Development Studies, Human Rights, Gender, Nepal, Social Inclusion
Source: Bibtex
Source ID: urn:de56f6bb4591a0c82a8d620136c3fd9c
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Unipoli Green - Four Universities Working Together for Sustainability

This paper introduces the Finnish context for promoting sustainable development in higher education and describes and analyzes the development of cooperation in Tampere, Finland: its benefits, challenges and limitations. The expectations for universities to promote sustainable development are rising while the resources for sustainability work are scarce. In Tampere there are four universities, Police University College, Tampere University of Applied Science, Tampere

University of Technology and University of Tampere, educating and employing over 40,000 people. Promoting sustainability is in different phases at each of these universities. The coordinators of sustainable development in these universities met in spring 2014 and agreed on information sharing and cooperation in the form of concrete events and thematic days. This initiative was supported by the existence of the universities' cooperation platform UNIPOLI. Later the cooperation has found three major fields: (1) awareness raising, (2) sharing information and influencing management and (3) curriculum development. Possibility of sharing knowledge and experiences and building a community has enabled more efficient actions in all these fields, but the vague mandate of network has caused confusion and hindered realization of some ideas.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Facilities and Infrastructure

Contributors: Asikainen, E., Hellman, S., Parjanen, L., Puputti, M., Raatikainen, S., Schroderus, M.

Number of pages: 17

Pages: 257-273

Publication date: 2 Dec 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Handbook of Theory and Practice of Sustainable Development in Higher Education: Volume 3

Publisher: Springer International Publishing

Editors: Leal Filho, W., Mifsud, M., Shiel, C., Pretorius, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-3-319-47894-4

ISBN (Electronic): 978-3-319-47895-1

Publication series

Name: World Sustainability Series

ISSN (Electronic): 2199-7373

DOIs:

10.1007/978-3-319-47895-1_16

Source: RIS

Source ID: Asikainen2017

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water services heritage and institutional diversity

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P., Pietilä, P., Rajala, R.

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water and Heritage: material, conceptual and spiritual connections

Publisher: Sidestone Press

Editors: Willems, W., van Schaik, H.

ISBN (Print): 9789088902789

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

History of water and sanitation services in Finland in the urban-rural mixture : The Case of the City of Tampere, Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S.

Number of pages: 22

Pages: 498-519

Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: A History of Water: Water and Urbanization: Series III, Volume 1

Place of publication: London

Publisher: I. B. Tauris
Editors: Tvedt, T., Oestigaard, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-1780764474

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-11
Publisher name: I. B. Tauris
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 681
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water services and cooperation

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Hukka, J. J., Mashauri, D., Nyangeri, E.
Number of pages: 9
Pages: 231-239
Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Global water : issues and insights
Place of publication: Australia
Publisher: ANU Press, Australian National University Press
Editors: Grafton, R. Q., Wyrwoll, P., White, C., Allendes, D.
ISBN (Print): 978-1925021660
ISBN (Electronic): 978-1925021677
URLs:
<http://press.anu.edu.au?p=281381>
<http://press.anu.edu.au/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-09-17
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 680
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Jätehuollon, -politiikan ja -lainsäädännön institutionaalinen kuvaus

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O., Kallio, O., Valkama, P., Siitonen, P.
Number of pages: 18
Pages: 33-50
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu
Editor: Valkama, P.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2273

Päätelmät yhdyskuntajätehuollon markkinainnovaatioista - taustat, kiistat ja sovellukset

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Valkama, P., Heino, O., Kallio, O.
Number of pages: 12
Pages: 159-170
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu
Editor: Valkama, P.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3634

Diversity of the water supply and sanitation sector: roles of municipalities in Europe

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Pietilä, P.
Number of pages: 13
Pages: 99-111
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Services Management and Governance : Lessons for a Sustainable Future
Publisher: IWA Publishing
Editors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S., Schwartz, K., Rajala, R. P.
ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3150

Jätehuollon tekniset vaihtoehdot

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O.
Number of pages: 24
Pages: 51-74
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu

Editor: Valkama, P.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1

URLs:

<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2269

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Gestao e organizacao dos servicos de saneamento : Abordagens europeias.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Seppälä, O., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 135-155

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Política pública e gestão de serviços de saneamento

Place of publication: Belo Horizonte; Rio de Janeiro

Publisher: Editora da Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais (UFMG); Editora Focruz

Editors: Heller, L., Esteban Castro, J.

ISBN (Print): 978-85-7041-953-8

Bibliographical note

Política Pública e Gestão de Serviços de Saneamento (Public Policy and Management of Water and Sanitation Services)
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3400

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Developing community water services and cooperation in Finland and the South

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Rautavaara, A.

Number of pages: 5

Pages: 240-244

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Free Flow - Researching Water Security Through Cooperation

Publisher: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; Unesco Publishing; Tudor Rose

Editors: Griffiths, J., Lambert, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-92-3-104256-0

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2525

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Yhdyskuntajätehuollon markkinainnovaatiot tutkimuskaupungeissa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Kallio, O., Heino, O., Valkama, P., Autero, A.
Number of pages: 30
Pages: 114-143
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu
Editor: Valkama, P.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2474
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Sidosryhmien näkemykset jätehuollon markkinoistumisesta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Kallio, O., Heino, O., Valkama, P., Autero, A.
Number of pages: 15
Pages: 144-158
Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu
Editor: Valkama, P.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2473
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Safety of lead water pipes: history and present

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Vuorinen, H. S., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 7
Pages: 89-96

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Services Management and Governance : Lessons for a Sustainable Future

Publisher: IWA Publishing

Editors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S., Schwartz, K., Rajala, R. P.

ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3724

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Paradigma alternativo : O papel das cooperativas e das autoridades locais

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 24

Pages: 214-237

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Política pública e gestão de serviços de saneamento

Place of publication: Belo Horizonte; Rio de Janeiro

Publisher: Editora da Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais (UFMG); Editora Fiocruz

Editors: Heller, L., Esteban Castro, J.

ISBN (Print): 978-85-7041-953-8

Bibliographical note

Política Pública e Gestão de Serviços de Saneamento (Public Policy and Management of Water and Sanitation Services)
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2331

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Jätehuollon jakautuminen osamarkkinoihin ja yritystoiminta

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Kallio, O., Valkama, P., Siitonen, P., Heino, O.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 99-113

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu

Editor: Valkama, P.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1

URLs:

<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2475

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Integration of water and wastewater utilities

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Kurki, V. O., Juuti, P. S., Rajala, R. P., Seppälä, O. T.

Number of pages: 12

Pages: 29-40

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Services Management and Governance : Lessons for a Sustainable Future

Publisher: IWA Publishing

Editors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S., Schwartz, K., Rajala, R. P.

ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2524

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Tuotanto- ja operointi-innovaatiot - case vesihuolto

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O.

Number of pages: 19

Pages: 120-138

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Huomispäivän infrastruktuuri. Kuntaliiton verkkojulkaisu. Acta 240

Publisher: Suomen Kuntaliitto

Editors: Malinen, P., Anttiroiko, A., Haahtela, T., Siitonen, P.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-213-915-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-213-916-0

URLs:

http://shop.kunnat.net/download.php?filename=uploads/acta240_sisaltoebook.pdf

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2271

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Biological methane oxidation in landfill cover soil - constrained by concurrent decomposition processes and sulphide oxidation?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Maanoja, S., Palmroth, M., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 65-72

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Biotechniques for air pollution control and bioenergy

Place of publication: Paris

Publisher: Presses des MINES

Editor: Luc, M.

ISBN (Print): 978-2-35671-058-1

Bibliographical note

Biotechniques 2013, Biotechniques for Air Pollution Control & Bioenergy, 10-13 September 2013, Nimes, France

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1

Portfolio EDEND: 2013-10-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2841

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Technology development theories and water services evolution

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Antila, K., Katko, T. S., Mattila, H.

Number of pages: 15

Pages: 13-27

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Services Management and Governance : Lessons for a Sustainable Future

Publisher: IWA Publishing

Editors: Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S., Schwartz, K., Rajala, R. P.

ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1

Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1929

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Tutkimuksen teoreettinen viitekehys

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Valkama, P., Kallio, O., Heino, O.

Number of pages: 17

Pages: 16-32

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Markkinainnovaatiot yhdyskuntajätehuollossa : tutkimus jätehuoltopalvelujen markkinoiden evoluutiosta, sovelluksista ja jännitteistä kunnallisen ja yksityisen sektorin rajapinnassa

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampereen yliopisto, Johtamiskorkeakoulu

Editor: Valkama, P.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-9163-4

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-9164-1

URLs:

<http://www.uta.fi/jkk/yhteystiedot/hallintotiede/valkama/projects/subprojects/VALKAMA3kirjapainojune2013.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1

Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3636

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Biofiltration of odours in dry toilet air

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Palmroth, M. R., Kolha, V., Ramos Garcia, A., Richter, C., Crosnier, F., Perrier, L., Tuhkanen, T.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 291-297

Publication date: 2013

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Biotechniques for air pollution control and bioenergy

Place of publication: Paris

Publisher: Presses des MINES

Editor: Malhautier, L.

ISBN (Print): 978-2-35671-058-1

Bibliographical note

Biotechniques 2013, Biotechniques for Air Pollution Control & Bioenergy, 10-13 September 2013, Nimes, France

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-10-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3086

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Urban water conflicts in recent European history: Changing interactions between technology, environment and society

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Barraque, B., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 15-32

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Urban water conflicts

Publisher: Taylor & Francis and UNESCO Publishing; A Balkema book

Editor: Barraque, B.

ISBN (Print): 978-0-415-49862-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-46-654690-5

Publication series

Name: Urban water series, UNESCO IHP

Publisher: Taylor & Francis and UNESCO Publishing; A Balkema book

Volume: 7

ISSN (Print): 1749-0790

URLs:

<http://www.crcpress.com/product/isbn/9780415498630>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 9.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 3892

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Identification of Wastewater Leaching into the Wells by HPLC-SEC Using UV and Fluorescence Detection

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Szabo, H. M., Tuhkanen, T.
Pages: 893-897
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Survival and Sustainability : Environmental concerns in the 21st Century
Publisher: Springer Berlin Heidelberg
Editors: Huseyin, G., Umut, T., James, W. L.
ISBN (Print): 978-3-540-95990-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-3-540-95991-5

Publication series

Name: Environmental Earth Sciences
Publisher: Springer Berlin Heidelberg
DOIs:
10.1007/978-3-540-95991-5_84

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 17.5.2014
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 7342

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Ja alussa oli vesi

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 15-18
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön
Place of publication: Saarijärvi
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Vesihuollon alkutaival – kehitys 1910 asti

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 19-50
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön
Place of publication: Saarijärvi
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Kasvun ja veden kausi – I vesilaitoksesta II maailmansotaan

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 51-74

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön

Place of publication: Saarijärvi

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Laajentumisen aika

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 75-118

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön

Place of publication: Saarijärvi

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesihuoltoa kuntiin

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 119-176

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön

Place of publication: Saarijärvi

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Uuden vuosituhannen tiennäyttäjät – HS-Veden alkutaival

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 177-222

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön

Place of publication: Saarijärvi

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesi on parasta kylmänä – loppusanat

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 223-231

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vinttikaivosta vesiyhtiöön

Place of publication: Saarijärvi

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-92-8428-3

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8409-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8409-4>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Kinetics of biomass pyrolysis

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Kokko, L., Tolvanen, H., Hankalin, V., Raiko, R.

Pages: 39-45

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: BioRefine Yearbook 2010. Tekes Rewiew

Editors: Mäkinen, T., Alakangas, E., Kauppi, M.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-457-511-9

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8410

UV irradiation for Micropollutant removal from aqueous solution in the presence of H₂O₂

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Tuhkanen, T. A., Cajal Marinosa, P.
Pages: 295-320
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Treatment of Micropollutants in Water and Wastewater. Integrated Environmental Technology Series
Editors: Virkutyte, J., Varma, R., Jegatheesan, V.
ISBN (Print): 1843393166

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb kem,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 9423
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Pintavedestä pohjaveteen ja tekopohjaveteen

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T.
Pages: 236-311
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Näkymätönt Porrii. Porin Veden historia
Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Louekari, S., Rajala, R.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8311
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water and sanitation services in history: Motivations, expectations and experiences

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Nygård, H., Katko, T. S.
Pages: 231-249
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: A History of Water, Series II, Volume 1: Ideas of Water from Ancient Societies to the Modern World
Editors: Tvedt, T., Oestigaard, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-1-84511-980-5

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8247

Asteittain kohti keskitettyä jätevedenpuhdistusta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T.
Pages: 312-369
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Näkymätönt Porrii. Porin Veden historia
Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Louekari, S., Rajala, R.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8310
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Mihin jätevedenpuhdistusta tarvitaan?

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 13-35
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Metropoli ja meri - 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-952-6604-09-1>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Jätevedenpuhdistuksen ja viemäroinnin vaiheita Helsingissä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 36-90
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Metropoli ja meri - 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-952-6604-09-1>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Pääkaupunkiseudun moderni jätevedenpuhdistus ja Viikinmäen puhdistamo

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 91-113
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Metropoli ja meri - 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-952-6604-09-1>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Tavoitteena puhdas asuinympäristö

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 114-134
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Metropoli ja meri - 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-952-6604-09-1>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Kohti puhtaampaa Itämeriä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 135-142
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Metropoli ja meri - 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-952-6604-09-1>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Johdanto: vesirikas Riihimäki

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Pietilä, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 26-33
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Pohjavesi, meidän vesi

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Rajala, R.
Pages: 110-147
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): ISBN 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesilinna, Riihimäen maamerkki

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 148-183
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Verkoston varrella

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Rajala, R.
Pages: 184-229
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): ISBN 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesihuollon haasteet ennen ja nyt

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 278-299

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5

ISBN (Electronic): ISBN 978-951-44-8136-9

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Hyvien yhteyksien ja hyvän veden kaupunki

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P.

Pages: 314-333

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8136-9

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Kaivoista ja käymälöistä kohti kunnallista vesihuoltoa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P.

Pages: 34-63

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8136-9

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

"Poika, nyt lähdettiin hommiin" - vesilaitos syntyy

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P.
Pages: 64-109
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesihuollon historia pähkinänkuoressa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P.
Pages: 300-313
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
ISBN (Electronic): ISBN 978-951-44-8136-9
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8136-9>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Asiakkaat, verkostot ja henkilöstö

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Rajala, R.
Pages: 370-491
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Näkymätönt Porii : Porin Veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Louekari, S., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5414-80-6
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-8215-1
URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-8215-1>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesihuoltoa espoossa ennen kunnallista vesilaitosta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 5-26
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vesihuoltoyhteistyötä yli rajojen : PK-seudun yhteistyöhankkeet ja yhdistämissuunnitelmat ennen ja nyt Espoon näkökulmasta
Publisher: University of Tampere
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-559-0
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Päijänne-tunneli ja kolmisopimus

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 27-38
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vesihuoltoyhteistyötä yli rajojen : PK-seudun yhteistyöhankkeet ja yhdistämissuunnitelmat ennen ja nyt Espoon näkökulmasta
Publisher: University of Tampere
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-559-0
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Ensimmäiset fuusiosuunnitelmat

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 39-76
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vesihuoltoyhteistyötä yli rajojen : PK-seudun yhteistyöhankkeet ja yhdistämissuunnitelmat ennen ja nyt Espoon näkökulmasta
Publisher: University of Tampere
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-559-0
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Yhdistymishankkeet 2000-luvulla

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Pages: 77-130
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vesihuoltoyhteistyötä yli rajojen : PK-seudun yhteistyöhankkeet ja yhdistämissuunnitelmat ennen ja nyt Espoon näkökulmasta

Publisher: University of Tampere

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-559-0

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Loppuluku – haasteita riittää tulevaisuuteen

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Rajala, R.

Pages: 131-144

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Vesihuoltoyhteistyötä yli rajojen : PK-seudun yhteistyöhankkeet ja yhdistämissuunnitelmat ennen ja nyt Espoon näkökulmasta

Publisher: University of Tampere

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-559-0

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Palo, jano, terveys, hygienia

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 13-20

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Virta: Kajaani, kaupunki joen varrella

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 21-36

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Syntymä ja kuolema: Laitoksen perustamiseen johtanut kehitys

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 37-46

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Tuli: Pelko ja pelastus

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 47-64

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vesi: Vesilaitoksen alkutaival 1920-luvulta 1970-luvulle

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 65-92

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Lähde: Pohjavedenottamot

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 93-136

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Saasta: Jätevesien puhdistus ja viemäröinti

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 137-174

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Kokemus: Kajaanin vesihuollon ammattilaisten kokemukset ja näkemykset

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 175-228

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Yhteistyö

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.
Pages: 229-256
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Visio: Historian havinaa ja tulevaisuuden haasteita

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.
Pages: 257-270
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Fire, Thirst, Health and Hygiene: Root Causes for the Introduction of Water Supply and Sanitation in Kajaani

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T. S.
Pages: 275-286
Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Elämän virta : Kajaanin veden historia
Publisher: TamPub
Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-800-320-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7657-0
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7657-0>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Introduction: Evolution and futures of water management: strategic decisions, challenges and effectiveness

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R. P.
Pages: 6-20
Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water: a Matter of Life - Long-term strategic thinking in water services. 193 p. KehräMedia Inc
Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T. S., Rajala, R.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 12417

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Tausta: Jätevedenpuhdistuksen alku, tehtävän määrittely ja keskeiset käsitteet

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 7-18

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamaa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tulevaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Vesihuollon alku Espoossa: ensimmäiset päätökset

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 19-38

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamaa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tulevaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific > peer-review

Yhteistyötarpeet ja synergiaedut : miksi hoitaa kaikkien jätevedet?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 39-64

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamoa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tuelvaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Vaatus paremmasta puhdistustuloksesta ohjaa jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksentekoa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 65-72

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamoa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tuelvaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Espoo päättää siirtyä kärkipaikalle

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 73-76

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamoa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tuelvaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Tutkimustoiminnalla turvallisuutta ja toimintavarmuutta: päätös panostaa omaan jätevesilaboratorioon

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 77-84

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamaa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tuelvaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Voimaa historiallisesta yhteistyöstä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Tampere

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

Pages: 85-100

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Ei jätevedenpuhdistamaa minun takapihalleni : Jätevedenpuhdistuksen päätöksenteko, päätäntäprosessit ja julkinen keskustelu Espoossa historiassa, nyt ja tuelvaisuudessa

Publisher: TamPub

Editors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-857-540-8

ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-44-7511-5

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:978-951-44-7511-5>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Part II: Period of Slow Development. Ch 8. Introduction: pp. 99-102. Conclusions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Number of pages: 4

Pages: 99-102

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.

IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14499

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Part III: Modern Urban Infrastructure. Ch 20 Introduction

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 509-510

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.
IWA Publishing
Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14500

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Water is the Beginning of All: Global Water Services and Challenges

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 3-8

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.
IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14502

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Conclusions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 259-262

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.
IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14494

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Conclusions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 501-506

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.
IWA Publishing
Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 14495
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Expanding rural water supplies in historical perspective: Six cases from Finland and South Africa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Mäki, H., Toivio, H.
Pages: 355-380
Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation
Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 14489
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Part III: Modern urban infrastructure. Introduction

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.
Pages: 265-269
Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation
Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 14491
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Part I: Early systems and innovations. Ch 3 Introduction: Early cultures and water

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.
Pages: 11-16
Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.
IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14498

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Part III: Modern Urban Infrastructure. Ch 20 Introduction

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 265-270

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.

IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14501

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Conclusions: Does History Matter? Present Water Governance Challenges and Future Implications

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 589-592

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.

IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14496

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Epilogue: Local Solutions Based on Local Conditions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 593-598

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.

IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14497

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Birth and expansion of public water supply and sanitation in Finland until World War II

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T.

Pages: 117-130

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation

Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14486

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Privatisation of water services in historical context, Mid-1800s to 2004

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Hukka, J.

Pages: 235-257

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation

Editors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14487

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Conclusions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vuorinen, H. S.

Pages: 93-96

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2007. Environmental History of Water - Global views on community water supply and sanitation.

IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti P.S., K. T., Vuorinen, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14493

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Historical development of water and sanitation services

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 25-38

Publication date: 2005

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water, Time and European Cities. History matters for the Futures

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampere University Press

Editors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

ISBN (Print): 951-44-6337-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:951-44-6337-4>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 18529

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Comparative analysis and discussion

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 219-240

Publication date: 2005

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water, Time and European Cities. History matters for the Futures

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampere University Press

Editors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

ISBN (Print): 951-44-6337-4

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:951-44-6337-4>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 18528

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

Long-term strategic decisions in 13 countries and 29 cities

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A3 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 50-72

Publication date: 2005

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water, Time and European Cities. History matters for the Futures
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampere University Press
Editors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.
ISBN (Print): 951-44-6337-4
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/urn:isbn:951-44-6337-4>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 18530
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific › peer-review

The role of inorganics in modelling of biomass gasification

In this work, a summary of the research carried out about the role of inorganic elements in biomass gasification is presented. The research work has focused on the catalytic effects of alkali and alkaline earth metals in char gasification. The work has included gasification experiments using thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) and fluidized beds as well as modeling techniques. The results of the research presented in this paper indicate that the laboratory measured TGA reactivity numbers and correlations (including the effect of fuel ash inorganics) are possible to be converted to numbers predicting carbon conversion in a large scale fluidized bed gasification reactor. The model, called Carbon Conversion Predictor, is a relatively simple and transparent tool for the comparison of the gasification reactivity of different fuels in fluidized bed gasification.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Bio- and Circular Economy, Univ Seville, University of Sevilla, Chem & Environm Engn Dept, Bioenergy Grp, Escuela Super Ingenieros, Åbo Akademi University, Process Chemistry Center
Contributors: Konttinen, J., Kramb, J., DeMartini, N., Gomez-Barea, A.
Number of pages: 5
Pages: 443-447
Publication date: 13 Jun 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: EUBCE 2017 Online Conference Proceedings
Publisher: ETA-Florence Renewable Energies
Editors: Ek, L., Ernrooth, H., Scarlat, N., Grassi, A., Helm, P.
ISBN (Electronic): 978-88-89407-17-2

Publication series

Name: European biomass conference and exhibition proceedings
Publisher: ETA Florence renewable energies
ISSN (Electronic): 2282-5819
DOIs:
[10.5071/25thEUBCE2017-2BO.6.4](https://doi.org/10.5071/25thEUBCE2017-2BO.6.4)
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Modelling of seep through of humidity to electric connector with stochastic processes

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Materials Science, Research group: Tribology and Machine Elements, Automation and Hydraulic Engineering, Research group: Autonomous heavy duty vehicles, Sandvik Mining and Construction Oy
Contributors: Ojala, P., Hietala, J., Miettinen, J., Julkunen, P., Nieminen, I.
Publication date: 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: ESREL 2017. Safety and Reliability. Theory and Applications
Publisher: CRC Press
Editors: Cepin, M., Bris, R.
ISBN (Print): 978-1-138-62937-0
ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-351-80973-3

DOIs:

10.1201/9781315210469-384

Bibliographical note

EXT="Julkunen, Pasi"

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Sisäympäristön laadun ja terveellisyysarvioinnin energiaparannuskohteissa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research area: Structural Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Building Physics, Natl Inst Hlth & Welf, Finland National Institute for Health & Welfare, Dept Environm Hlth

Contributors: Mari, T., Leivo, V., Pekkonen, M., Aaltonen, A., Kiviste, M., Haverinen-Shaughnessy, U.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 13-18

Publication date: 16 Mar 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Sisäilmastoseminaari 2016, Sisäilmayhdistys raportti 34

Publisher: SIY SISÄILMATIETO OY

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5236-44-6

URLs:

http://sisailmayhdistys.omaverkkokauppa.fi/epages/sisailmayhdistys.sf/fi_FI/?ObjectPath=/Shops/2015081803/Products/SE16

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Need of Services and Understanding of Service Providers in Water and Sanitation: A Case of Ethiopia

Water and sanitation services are basic requirements for the development of a nation. The provision of these services should necessarily be arranged by the national government through policies, and long-term and short-term plans. Moreover, follow-up of the implementation of principle in policies and plans will determine the service level on the ground. This paper is intended to explore gaps in the policy-making and implementation in the areas of water supply in Ethiopia. Review of Ethiopian water sector policy, universal access plans, growth and transformation plans and other literature are employed to achieve the objective of this paper. Moreover, the experiences of the first author that he acquired during data collection for his doctoral study are taken into account to draw conclusions. Hence, the study shows that standards set at the federal level fail to consider the actual situation on the ground and the experts at implementation level are to interpret some aspects of the policy ambiguously. Therefore, this paper recommends the policy-makers and higher officials to consult the people in charge of putting policies in effect to have contextualized and work for uniform desired- output. Service providers need to understand the notion of the receiving community in order to provide the services that satisfy the users.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering

Contributors: Behailu, B. M., Mattila, H.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 431-440

Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the CIB World Building Congress 2016 Volume IV : Understanding impacts and functioning of different solutions

Publisher: Tampere University of Technology

Editors: Nenonen, S., Junnonen, J.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-15-3744-8

URLs:

https://tutcris.tut.fi/portal/files/6186967/WBC16_Vol_4.pdf

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-15-3744-8>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

The effects of improved energy efficiency on indoor environmental quality in multi-family buildings

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research area: Structural Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Building Physics, Natl Inst Hlth & Welf, Finland National Institute for Health & Welfare, Dept Environm Hlth, Kaunas Univ Technol, Kaunas University of Technology, Dept Environm Technol

Contributors: Du, L., Prasauskas, T., Leivo, V., Turunen, M., Kiviste, M., Martuzevicius, D., Haverinen-Shaughnessy, U.

Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Indoor Air 2016 : The 14th international conference of Indoor Air Quality and Climate Ghent, Belgium July 3-8 2016

Article number: 737

ISBN (Electronic): 978-0-9846855-5-4

URLs:

<http://www.indoorair2016.org/>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Commercialising reclaimed materials in earthworks – guidelines for productization and the process of appending these materials in the Finnish national code of practice

To decrease the use of non-renewable natural resources as well as environmental effects of earth-works, natural aggregate materials can be replaced with recycled materials acquired from surplus soil, industrial by-products and waste, etc. When wishing to increase the usage of these reclaimed materials (=“UUMA”-material), the usage must be straightforward for developers, designers and constructors alike. To make this possible, the materials must have design guidelines for their appropriate applications. They must be productized and CE marked or otherwise authorized, and the construction guidelines for the materials must be included in the Finnish general specifications for in-frastructural construction works (InfraRYL). As productization is especially important in increasing the usage of UUMA materials, guidelines for vendors are being drawn that present information on commercializing reclaimed materials to be used in earthworks. The guidelines for productization are being prepared in the Finnish national UUMA2 programme (2013-2017, www.uuma2.fi), which was created to promote the use of recycled materials in earthworks.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research area: Infrastructure Construction, Research group: Earth Constructions, Research group: Track Structures, Ramboll Finland Ltd.

Contributors: Koivisto, K., Forsman, J., Ronkainen, M., Lahtinen, P., Kolisoja, P., Kuula, P.

Number of pages: 10

Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 17th Nordic Geotechnical Meeting Reykjavik Iceland : Challenges in Nordic Geotechnic 25th - 28th of May

Place of publication: Reykjavik

Publisher: Icelandic Geotechnical Society

ISBN (Electronic): 978-9935-24-002-6

Electronic versions:

Commercialising reclaimed materials in earthworks 2016

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202005205536>

URLs:

<http://www.ngm2016.com/>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Institutional development is the key for sustainable water services in the built environment

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Hukka, J. J.
Number of pages: 12
Pages: 419-430
Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the CIB World Building Congress 2016 : Volume IV - Understanding impacts and functioning of different solutions
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampere University of Technology. Department of Civil Engineering
Editors: Nenonen, S., Junnonen, J.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-15-3744-8
URLs:
https://tutcris.tut.fi/portal/files/6186967/WBC16_Vol_4.pdf
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Learning for sustainable water and sanitation services

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Takala, A.
Pages: 250-258
Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 8th International Conference on Engineering Education for Sustainable Development (Bruges, 4-7 September 2016) : Building a circular economy together
Place of publication: Brugge
Publisher: Instituut vóór Duurzame Ontwikkeling vzw
Editor: Mazijn, B.
Article number: D.3.2
ISBN (Electronic): 978-90-903-0131-0
URLs:
http://instituutvoorduurzameontwikkeling.be/fileadmin/user_upload/eesd2016_proceedings.pdf
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Negotiating water governance: towards cooperation in contentious groundwater recharge projects

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Kurki, V.
Pages: 91-102
Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the CIB World Building Congress 2016: Volume I - Creating built environments of new opportunities
Publisher: Tampere University of Technology. Department of Civil Engineering
ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-15-3741-7
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-15-3741-7>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Modelling of anisotropic fatigue

A continuum approach for anisotropic fatigue is described. The approach is based on the idea of a moving endurance surface in the stress space where the movement is described by a back-stress type tensor. The evolution associated with the movement is described by a rate type equation. In addition, damage accumulation is governed by a rate type evolution equation, thus facilitating its use under arbitrary

complex loading conditions. The main emphasis of this paper is to discuss the possible forms of the endurance surface and pertinent evolution equations to model high-cycle anisotropic fatigue. Suggestions towards a unified model capturing the low-cycle regime are also given.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Lund University

Contributors: Holopainen, S., Kouhia, R., Ottosen, N. S., Matti, R., Saksala, T.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 1822-1823

Publication date: 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Contributions to the foundations of multidisciplinary research in mechanics : Papers presented during the 24th International Congress of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics ICTAM2016, Montreal, Canada, 21-26, Aug. 2016

Volume: 3

Publisher: IUTAM

Editor: Floryan, J.

ISBN (Electronic): 978-0-660-05459-9

URLs:

http://iutam.org/publications/ictam-proceedings/ictam_2016/

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Development of an assessment protocol: the impact of energy retrofits on indoor environmental quality and public health in the existing building stock

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research area: Structural Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Building Physics, Kaunas Univ Technol, Kaunas University of Technology, Dept Environm Technol, Natl Inst Hlth & Welf, Finland National Institute for Health & Welfare, Dept Environm Hlth

Contributors: Du, L., Leivo, V., Kiviste, M., Martuzevicius, D., Turunen, M., Prasauskas, T., Haverinen-Shaughnessy, U.

Publication date: May 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Healthy Buildings 2015 Europe (HB 2015)

Publisher: International Society for Indoor Air Quality and Climate

ISBN (Print): 978-0-9846855-4-7

URLs:

<http://hb2015-europe.org/>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Fungal treatment of landfill mining fine fraction to increase its stability and end-use potential

Landfill mining, i.e. extraction, processing, treatment and recovery of landfilled materials, is conducted to prevent pollution and to recover materials and energy from waste (Krook et al., 2012). On average, half of landfilled waste is material resembling soil, i.e. its fine fraction (FF, < 20 mm) (Kaartinen et al., 2013). The end-use potential of the FF is limited due to its organic matter content, a possible presence of harmful contaminants as well as its stability. The aim of this study was to evaluate if fungal treatment stabilises FF and removes organic contaminants thus allowing an end-use of FF as soil-like material. Basidiomycetous fungi were obtained and maintained according to Valentin et al. (2008) prior to experiments and were screened for their potential to grow in FF originally landfilled between 1967 – 1989. Screening experiments and previous experiences with contaminated soil (Valentin et al. 2008) led to the selection of *Phanerochaete velutina* for fungal treatment experiments, which were carried out at room temperature for 58 days. Two acryl columns (height 600 mm, radius 75 mm) were filled with 1 – 2 cm layer of gravel at the bottom and 5.8 kg of FF on the top as well as 500 mL of tap water. The fungal column was amended with fungal bark inoculum to the middle of the column. Two ports at the bottom of the columns were used to collect leachate and aerate columns with humidified air at 0.1 L/min, respectively. Carbon dioxide (CO₂) production was followed during the experiment with gas chromatography. The columns were covered with aluminium foil to stop germination of seeds present in FF. Total solids and volatile solids (VS) were analysed from FF according to standard SFS 3008. Organic contaminants mentioned in criteria for landfilling were analysed from FF in an accredited laboratory. Aerobic stability of FF was determined by the Oxitop method and anaerobic stability of FF was determined as biochemical methane potential. In less than one month, fungal mycelium was observed throughout the FF

in the column inoculated with *Phanerochaete velutina* while no mycelium was observed in the control column. At this stage the experiment was continued in order to allow fungal mycelium to degrade and produce CO₂. Concentrations of mineral oils (C₁₀-C₄₀) and organic matter, measured as VS, were higher in FF than in waste that can be placed to landfills. Mineral oil concentrations exceeded Finnish criteria set for contaminated soil. The aerobic stability of FF was high even initially and it did not increase in control or fungal treatments. Fungal treatment reduced organic matter content of FF and reduced mineral oil concentrations, although the criteria set in legislation could not be met in these experiments.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, University of Helsinki, Department of Food and Environmental Sciences

Contributors: Palmroth, M. R. T., Mönkäre, T. J., Steffen, K. T.

Pages: 47

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Book of abstracts of the 6th European Bioremediation Conference

Editors: Kalogerakis, N., Fava, F., Manousaki, E.

Article number: 169

ISBN (Print): 978-960-8475-23-6

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Bioengineering, Geotechnical Engineering and Engineering Geology, Environmental Engineering

Keywords: bioremediation

Bibliographical note

xabstract

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Influence of Diffusion Barriers on Thermal Ageing Behaviour of Solar Absorber Coatings on Copper

The thermal stability of magnetron sputtered and electroplated solar absorber coatings were investigated at elevated temperatures of 200-500°C. Diffusion barriers of aluminium and nickel were studied towards thermal diffusion of copper substrate atoms.

The diffusion barriers studied were experimental magnetron sputtered Al layers and an industrial electroplated Ni layer between a Cu substrate and an absorber coating. The thicknesses of Al barriers were 0.1 µm and 0.5 µm, and a Ni barrier was 3 µm thick. As absorber coatings, magnetron sputtered chromium-based coatings and industrially electroplated black chromium coatings, were studied. The sputtered absorbers were a 3-layer stack of CrOx/Cr/CrOx with layer thicknesses of 0.05/0.03/0.05 µm, respectively. The electroplated black chromium coating had a thickness of 0.2 µm. Copper was used as a substrate for all of the absorbers studied.

The degradation of the absorber surfaces and influence of diffusion barriers were analysed by optical measurements (solar absorptance with a UV/Vis/NIR spectrophotometer and thermal emittance with a FTIR spectrophotometer), microstructural analyses were performed using a field-emission scanning electron microscope (FESEM). The absorbers were aged by means of heat treatments in a circulating air furnace at 200, 300, 400 and 500°C for two hours. The experimental analyses were performed before and after the ageing studies.

The results showed that without a barrier coating copper substrate atoms can diffuse into the absorber coating and through the coating to the surface of the coating and form CuO islands on the surface. These phenomena degraded optical selectivity of the absorber surface. The diffusion can be prevented or retarded with a diffusion barrier layer between the Cu substrate and the absorber coating. The 3-µm-thick Ni barrier prevented Cu diffusion and retained optical selectivity up to 500°C for two hours and the 0.5-µm-thick Al layer up to 400°C.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Surface Engineering

Contributors: Kotilainen, M., Vuoristo, P.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 481-491

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Surface Modification Technologies XXVIII : Tampere University of Technology Tampere, Finland June 16-18, 2014

ISBN (Print): 978-81-926196-1-3

Keywords: Thermal ageing, Thin films, Absorber coating, Aluminium barrier, Copper substrate, Diffusion barrier, Magnetron sputtering, Stability

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Leveraging concepts for environmentally sustainable business management in construction - a focused review

The main objective of this paper is to advance applied conceptual knowledge about environmentally sustainable business management (BM) in construction. Environmentally sustainable BM is herein defined to encompass the utilization and development of natural resources in ways which are compatible with the maintenance of these resources, and with the conservation of the natural and built environments, for current and future generations. In principle, concept designers can incorporate environmental sustainability into their BM concepts as a dimension, an element, or an attribute of managing, or as a criterion in decision making. Readily, the 71 construction-related BM concepts have been published between 1990 and 2013. A focused review resulted in the expected findings, i.e., only the 11 (15%) construction-related BM concepts have been designed along the environmental sustainability dimension. Thus, it is posited that high-sustainability BM concepts be designed by coupling environmental sustainability with the three other necessary dimensions, i.e., content-free frames of reference on BM, schools of thought on generic BM, and focal contexts in construction, respectively. In turn, CIB-related researchers may adopt these couplings and engage themselves with cross-disciplinary BM conceptualization programs in collaboration with farsighted business managers in construction.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Digitalization in the real estate and construction sector

Contributors: Huovinen, P.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 286-296

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: CIB Proceedings 2015 : Going North for Sustainability: Leveraging Knowledge and Innovation for Sustainable Construction and Development

Place of publication: London, UK

Publisher: IBEA Publications Ltd

Editor: Egbu, C.

ISBN (Print): 978-1-326-47951-0

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Building and Construction

Keywords: business management, concept design, construction, environmental sustainability, research review

Electronic versions:

CIB 2015 Huovinen Pekka Leveraging environmentally sustainable BM concepts 121115

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201701101042>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Effect of Temperature on Fume Formation and Deposition in Kraft Recovery Boilers - a Modeling Approach

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, University of Toronto, Canada, Valmet Technologies Oy

Contributors: Leppänen, A., Tran, H., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 38-47

Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2014 International Chemical Recovery Conference, Proceedings - Volume 2

Publisher: Suomen Soodakattilayhdistys, The Finnish Recovery Boiler Committee; TAPPI

Editors: Nieminen, M., Lampinen, P.

ISBN (Print): 978-952-68166-0-9

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-28166-1-6

Bibliographical note

2014 International Chemical Recovery Conference, 9-12 June, 2014, Tampere, Finland
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-06-27
Publisher name: Suomen Soodakattilayhdistys, The Finnish Recovery Boiler Committee; TAPPI

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 923

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Examples of using the moodle virtual learning environment for teaching technical university students

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Gonzalez-Sosa, J., Tepsa, K.

Pages: 981-990

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: EDULEARN12 Proceedings, 4th International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies, 2-4 July, 2012, Barcelona, Spain

Place of publication: Barcelona

Publisher: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Editors: Gomez Chova, L., Candel Torres, I., Lopez Martinez, A.

ISBN (Print): 978-84-695-3491-5

Publication series

Name: International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 19.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4529

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Measurers' Exposure to Extremely Low Frequency Magnetic Fields at 400 kV Substations

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Kuisti, H., Tarao, H., Pääkkönen, R.

Pages: 282-285

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: PIERS 2012 Moscow Proceedings, August 19-23, 2012, Moscow, Russia

Publisher: Electromagnetics Academy

ISBN (Print): 978-1-934142-22-6

Publication series

Name: Progress in Electromagnetics Research Symposium

ISSN (Print): 1559-9450

ISSN (Electronic): 1559-9450

URLs:

<http://www.piers.org>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 19.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Electromagnetics Academy

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4533

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

The Possible Exposure of Children to Extremely Low Frequency Magnetic Fields in the Home

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Gobba, F., Pääkkönen, R., Tarao, H., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 286-288
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: PIERS 2012 Moscow Proceedings, August 19-23, 2012, Moscow, Russia
Publisher: Electromagnetics Academy
ISBN (Print): 978-1-934142-22-6

Publication series

Name: Progress in Electromagnetics Research Symposium
ISSN (Print): 1559-9450
URLs:
<http://www.piers.org>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 13.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Electromagnetics Academy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4093
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Occupational Exposure to Extremely Low Frequency Electric Fields in Office Work

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, R., Tarao, H., Gobba, F., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 823-825
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: PIERS 2012 Moscow Proceedings, August 19-23, 2012, Moscow, Russia
Publisher: Electromagnetics Academy
ISBN (Print): 978-1-934142-22-6

Publication series

Name: Progress in Electromagnetics Research Symposium
ISSN (Print): 1559-9450
URLs:
<http://www.piers.org>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 27.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Electromagnetics Academy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4997
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Comparison the portable service platforms influence to electric field exposure at 110 kV substations

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, R., Kuisti, H., Gonzalez, J. A., Tarao, H., Gobba, F., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 215-217
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: The Bioelectromagnetics Society 34th Annual Meeting, June 17, 2012 - June 22, 2012, Brisbane, Australia
Publisher: The Bioelectromagnetics Society
ISBN (Print): 978-0-646-57844-6

Publication series

Name: The Bioelectromagnetics Society Annual Meeting

URLs:

<http://www.bems.org>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 27.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: The Bioelectromagnetics Society

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4996

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Environmental impact of micropollutants present in urine

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Pynnönen, S., Tuhkanen, T.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 1-8

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Dry Toilet Conference 2012, 4th International Dry Toilet Conference, Full Papers, 22-24 August 2012, Tampere, Finland

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: Global Dry Toilet Association of Finland

Publication series

Name: International Dry Toilet Conference

URLs:

http://www.drytoilet.org/dt2012/full_papers/4/Sanna_Pynnonen.pdf

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 28.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Global Dry Toilet Association of Finland

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5123

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Two Years after Donor Funding Ended: Success Factors for Schools to Keep their Urine-Diverting Dry Toilets (UDDTs) Clean and Well Maintained

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Pynnönen, K., Tuhkanen, T., Rieck, C., von Munch, E.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 1-10

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Dry Toilet Conference 2012, 4th International Dry Toilet Conference, Full Papers, 22-24 August 2012, Tampere, Finland

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: Global Dry Toilet Association of Finland

Publication series

Name: International Dry Toilet Conference

URLs:

http://www.drytoilet.org/dt2012/full_papers/6/Kirsikka_Pynnonen-Tuhkanen-Rieck-Munch.pdf

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 28.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Global Dry Toilet Association of Finland
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 5122
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Examples to Reduce the EMF Generated by HV Power Transmission Lines of Different Design

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Okun, A., Korpinen, L.
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings - 7th International Workshop on Biological Effects of Electromagnetic Fields, 7th IWSBEEMF, 8 - 12 October 2012, Valletta, Malta
Publisher: Electromagnetic Research Group - EMRG (Malta); Department of Physics, University of Malta
ISBN (Print): 978-99957-0-361-5

Publication series

Name: International Workshop on Biological Effects of Electromagnetic Fields
URLs:
<http://www.um.edu.mt/events/emf2012/proceedings>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 27.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Electromagnetic Research Group - EMRG (Malta); Department of Physics, University of Malta
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4979
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Effect of Tissue Conductivity on Internal Body Resistances of Numerical Human Model at Power Frequency

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Tarao, H., Hayashi, N., Korpinen, L., Gonzalez, J. A., Matsumoto, T., Isaka, K.
Pages: 197-199
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: The Bioelectromagnetics Society 34th Annual Meeting, June 17, 2012 - June 22, 2012, Brisbane, Australia
Publisher: The Bioelectromagnetics Society
ISBN (Print): 978-0-646-57844-6

Publication series

Name: The Bioelectromagnetics Society Annual Meeting
URLs:
<http://www.bems.org>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: The Bioelectromagnetics Society
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 5403
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

CFD-Modeling of Fume Formation in Kraft Recovery Boilers

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio), Valmet Technologies Oy, University of Toronto, Canada
Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A., Tran, H.
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: TAPPI PEERS Conference Proceedings 14.-18.10.2012, Savannah, USA
Publisher: TAPPI

Publication series

Name: TAPPI PEERS Conference

URLs:

<http://www.tappi.org/Downloads/Conference-Papers/2012/2012-PEERS-Conference/12PEERS38.aspx>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 21.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: TAPPI

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4695

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Experiences of integrating MSc student research projects in the "electromagnetic fields and health" area

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Pääkkönen, R., Gonzalez-Sosa, J., Gobba, F.

Pages: 1007-1010

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: EDULEARN12 Proceedings, 4th International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies, 2-4 July, 2012, Barcelona, Spain

Place of publication: Barcelona

Publisher: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Editors: Gomez Chova, L., Candel Torres, I., Lopez Martinez, A.

ISBN (Print): 978-84-695-3491-5

Publication series

Name: International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 19.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4536

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Gender comparison - The university students' exam results in the environmental and energy area

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Pitkänen, A., Raiko, R., Korpinen, L.

Pages: 3299-3308

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: INTED 2012 Proceedings, 6th International Technology, Education and Development Conference, March 5th-7th, 2012, Valencia, Spain

Place of publication: Spain

Publisher: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Editors: Gomez Chova, L., Lopez Martinez, A., Candel Torres, I.

ISBN (Print): 978-84-615-5563-5

Publication series

Name: International Technology, Education and Development Conference

URLs:

<http://www.iated.org>

Bibliographical note

INTED2012 abstracts cd isbn 978-84-615-5562-8; INTED2012 proceedings cd isbn: 978-84-615-5563-5.Ei UT-numeroa 28.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5074

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

A comparison of occupational electric field exposures during working tasks at 400 kV and 110 kV substations

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Korpinen, L., Kuisti, H., Pääkkönen, R., Gobba, F.

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings - 7th International Workshop on Biological Effects of Electromagnetic Fields, 7th IWSBEMF, 8 - 12 October 2012, Valletta, Malta

Publisher: Electromagnetic Research Group - EMRG (Malta); Department of Physics, University of Malta

ISBN (Print): 978-99957-0-361-5

Publication series

Name: International Workshop on Biological Effects of Electromagnetic Fields

URLs:

<http://www.um.edu.mt/events/emf2012/proceedings>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 19.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Electromagnetic Research Group - EMRG (Malta); Department of Physics, University of Malta

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4532

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Removal of odours in dry toilets by biofiltration

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Palmroth, M., Kolha, V., Ramos Garcia, A., Perrier, L., Richter, C., Tuhkanen, T.

Number of pages: 4

Pages: 1-4

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: ECO STP, EcoTechnologies for Wastewater Treatment, Technical, Environmental & Economic Challenges, Santiago de Compostela, Spain, 25-27 June 2012

Publisher: International Water Association IWA

ISBN (Print): 978-84-695-3605-6

Publication series

Name: EcoTechnologies for Wastewater Treatment, IWA International Conference

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 27.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Water Association IWA

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5010

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

The experiences of technical university students on an "environmental health" course

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Gonzalez-Sosa, J., Korpinen, L.

Pages: 1586-1592

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: EDULEARN12 Proceedings, 4th International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies, 2-4 July, 2012, Barcelona, Spain

Place of publication: Barcelona

Publisher: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Editors: Gomez Chova, L., Candel Torres, I., Lopez Martinez, A.

ISBN (Print): 978-84-695-3491-5

Publication series

Name: International Conference on Education and New Learning Technologies

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 13.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Association of Technology, Education and Development IATED

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4103

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Exposure to Extremely Low Frequency Magnetic Fields: a Personal Monitoring Study in a Large Group of Workers

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Gobba, F., Rossi, P., Contessa, G. M., Korpinen, L.

Pages: 63-64

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: II National Conference ICEmB 27.-29.6.2012, Bologna, Italy

Place of publication: Genova

Publisher: The Inter-university research Centre into Interactions between Electromagnetic fields and Biosystems ICEmB

Publication series

Name: National Conference ICEmB

URLs:

http://www.icemb.org/bologna/dosimetria/DOS4_GobbaICEmB_BO12def.pdf

<http://www.icemb.org/bologna/html/Dosimetria.html>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 13.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: The Inter-university research Centre into Interactions between Electromagnetic fields and Biosystems ICEmB

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4094

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

The technical students' feedback from the course issues on environmental health

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Lehtelä, R., Vesapuisto, M., Vekara, T.
Pages: 119-123
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 22nd EAEEIE Annual Conference - EAEEIE 2011, Maribor, Slovenia, June 13-15, 2011
Place of publication: Maribor
Publisher: University of Maribor, Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
ISBN (Print): 978-961-248-281-7

Publication series

Name: EAEEIE Annual Conference
Publisher: University of Maribor, Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 22.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6420
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Calculation of Induced Electric Fields in Human Models Exposed to ELF Magnetic and Electric Fields

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Tarao, H., Hayashi, N., Korpinen, L., Matsumoto, T., Isaka, K.
Pages: 44-44
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: ISH 2011, 17th International Symposium on High Voltage Engineering, August 22-26, 2011, Hannover, Germany
Place of publication: Hannover
Publisher: Leibnitz Universität Hannover
Editors: Gockenbach, E., Eichler, C., Mohsen, F., Fischer, M., Gratz, O., Pham, K., Zhang, X.
ISBN (Print): 978-3-8007-3364-4

Publication series

Name: International Symposium on High Voltage Engineering ISH
Publisher: Leibnitz Universität Hannover

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 7360
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Study of Aerosols of Black Liquor Combustion

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology
Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.
Number of pages: 11
Pages: 1-11
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 11th International Conference on Energy for Clean Environment, 5-8 July 2011, Lisbon Portugal

Place of publication: Lisbon
Publisher: Clean Air conference series

Publication series

Name: International Conference on Energy for Clean Environment
Publisher: Clean Air conference series

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 5.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6600

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Reduction of combustion-generated emissions by means of multiobjective optimization and computational fluid dynamics

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Oksanen, A., Saario, A. J.

Number of pages: 17

Pages: 1-17

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: CFD & Optimization 2011, Methods and Applications, ECCOMAS Thematic Conference, 23-25

May 2011, Antalya, Turkey

Place of publication: Antalya

Publisher: ECCOMAS

ISBN (Print): 978-605-61427-4-1

Publication series

Name: ECCOMAS Thematic Conference on CFD & Optimization, Methods and Applications

Publisher: ECCOMAS

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 26.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6920

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Modeling of Fine Particles and Alkali Metal Compounds in Kraft Recovery Boiler Furnace

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion

Technology, Urban circular bioeconomy (UrCirBio)

Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 1-8

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: The 2011 TAPPI PEERS Conference, 2-5 October 2011, Oregon Convention Center in Portland,

Oregon USA

Place of publication: Norcross, GA

Publisher: TAPPI

Publication series

Name: TAPPI PEERS Conference

Publisher: TAPPI

URLs:

<http://www.tappipeers.org>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 5.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6599

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Examples of occupational ELF electric and magnetic field exposure in Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Alanko, T., Pääkkönen, R., Lahtinen, S., Korpinen, L.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 1-2

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 10th International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association, 21-24 February 2011, Rome, Italy

Place of publication: Rome

Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

ISBN (Print): 978-88-8286-231-2

Publication series

Name: International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association

Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

URLs:

http://proceedings.ebea2011.org/modules/request4b6d.pdf?module=oc_program&action=view.php&id=5262

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 19.10.2013
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5679

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Sustainability competencies of engineers in the field of water supply and sanitation

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Takala, A.

Pages: 180-181

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: World Sustainable Building Conference SB11, October 18-21, 2011, Helsinki, Finland

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: RIL - Finnish Association of Civil Engineers

ISBN (Print): 978-951-758-534-7

Publication series

Name: World Sustainable Building Conference SB11

Publisher: RIL - Finnish Association of Civil Engineers

Volume: 2

ISSN (Print): 0356-9403

Bibliographical note

poistettu tupla r=3722.Ei ut-numeroa 17.5.2014
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 7348

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

The doors of operating devices mitigation influence to the electric field exposure at 110kV substation tasks on service platforms

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, R., Lahtinen, S., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 2 p
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 10th International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association, 21-24 February 2011, Rome, Italy
Place of publication: Rome
Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

Publication series

Name: International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association
Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 26.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6939
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Comparison between the Occupational ELF magnetic field exposure in Finland and in Italy

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L., Lahtinen, S., Gobba, F.
Pages: 2 p
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 10th International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association, 21-24 February 2011, Rome, Italy
Place of publication: Rome
Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

Publication series

Name: International Conference European Bioelectromagnetics Association
Publisher: European Bioelectromagnetics Association

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 22.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6419
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

CFD Based Modelling for Predicting Fouling and Corrosion in Kraft Recovery Boilers

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Research group: Power Plant and Combustion Technology
Contributors: Leppänen, A., Välimäki, E., Oksanen, A.
Pages: 1033-1040
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 19th European Biomass Conference and Exhibition, 6-10 June 2011, Berlin Germany
Place of publication: Berlin
Publisher: European Biomass Conference and Exhibition
ISBN (Print): 978-88-89407-55-7

Publication series

Name: European Biomass Conference and Exhibition
Publisher: European Biomass Conference and Exhibition
DOIs:
10.5071/19thEUBCE2011-OA10.3
URLs:
<http://www.conference-biomass.com>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 5.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6598
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Developing and testing characterization methods for droplet compustion - part II

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, A., Pitkänen, A., Mäkiranta, R., Saario, A., Oksanen, A.
Number of pages: 10
Pages: 1-10
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 9th European Conference on Industrial Furnaces and Boilers, Estoril, Portugal, 26-29 April, 2011
Place of publication: Estoril
Publisher: INFUB

Publication series

Name: European Conference on Industrial Furnaces and Boilers
Publisher: INFUB

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 26.4.2014
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6938
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Adjustable hydrophilicity and hydrophobicity on paperboard by liquid flame spray process

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering, Department of Physics
Contributors: Stepien, M., Saarinen, J. J., Teisala, H., Tuominen, M., Aromaa, M., Kuusipalo, J., Mäkelä, J., Toivakka, M.
Pages: 6 p
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2010 TAPPI Advanced Coating Fundamentals Symposium, October 11-13, 2010, Munich, Germany

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=fys,FACT2=0.5
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 9324
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Exposure to electric and magnetic fields at 110 kV substation while performing the task 'Changing a bulb from a man hoist' in the Tampere region

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Pääkkönen, R., Holm, A., Korpinen, L.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 1-2
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Bioelectromagnetics Society 32nd Annual Meeting (BEMS), June 14-18, 2010, Seoul, Korea
URLs:
<http://www.bioelectromagnetics.org/bems2010/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8922
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Kirjastolta uutta tiedonhankinnan opetusta tukemaan opetusta antavien yksiköiden toimintaa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Library, Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Lepistö, K., Korpinen, L.
Pages: 136-138
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: ReflekTori 2010 Tekniikan opetuksen symposium 9.-10.2010, Espoo. Dipoli-raportit B
Editor: Myller, E.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-60-3477-5

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Contribution: organisation=kir,FACT2=0
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 8616
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

An example of exposure to magnetic fields in the home

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Österholm, L., Pääkkönen, R., Lehtelä, R., Holm, A., Korpinen, L.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 1-2
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Bioelectromagnetics Society 32nd Annual Meeting (BEMS), June 14-18, 2010, Seoul, Korea
URLs:
<http://www.bioelectromagnetics.org/bems2010/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8914

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Forgotten infrastructure - In the quest for development, sustainability and security

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Hukka, J., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. E., Seppälä, O., Vinnari, E. M.

Pages: 318-325

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the Conference on Security in Futures - Security in Change, 3-4 June 2010, Turku, Finland. FFRC eBook

Editors: Auffermann, B., Kaskinen, J.

Bibliographical note

poistettu tupla r=3725
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8108

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Perfusion characterization using flow simulations and μ PIV measurements

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Automation Science and Engineering, Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Kreutzer, J., Honkanen, M., Laaksonen, J., Kallio, P.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 1-9

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 2nd European Conference on Microfluidics - Microfluidics 2010, Toulouse, December 8-10, 2010

ISBN (Print): 978-2-906831-85-8

Bibliographical note

poistettu tupla r=3190
Contribution: organisation=ase aci,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT2=0.5

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8467

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Requirements for rainfall retention and storage in cold climate

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Inha, L., Paavilainen, P., Pietilä, P., Katko, T.

Pages: 343-349

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Conference Proceedings. IWRM Integrated Water Resources Management, 24-25 November 2010, Karlsruhe

Editor: Steusloff, H.

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8156

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Long-term measurement of free time exposure to low frequency magnetic fields in Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Holm, A., Korpinen, L.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 1-2

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Bioelectromagnetics Society 32nd Annual Meeting (BEMS), June 14-18, 2010, Seoul, Korea
URLs:

<http://www.bioelectromagnetics.org/bems2010/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8089

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Geometry of plate fins for maximizing heat transfer

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Mechanics and Design, Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Karvinen, R., Karvinen, T.

Number of pages: 10

Pages: 1-10

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 14th International Heat Transfer Conference IHTC-14, August 8-13, 2010, Washington DC, USA
Publisher: ASME

Bibliographical note

50 % Mec, 50 % Epr, poistettu tupla r=3301
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=mec,FACT2=0.5

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8302

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific > peer-review

Influence of atmospheric plasma treatment on surface properties and inkjet printability of plastic packaging film

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Lahti, J., Eiroma, K., Tenhunen, T., Pykönen, M., Toivakka, M.

Number of pages: 7

Pages: 1-7

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Iarigai 2010 Montreal, Advances in Printing and Media Technology, Montreal, Canada, September 12-15, 2010

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8548

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Use of analytical expressions of convection in conjugated heat transfer problems

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Karvinen, R.

Number of pages: 13

Pages: 1-13

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the International Heat Transfer IHTC-14, August 8-13, 2010, Washington DC, USA

Publisher: ASME

URLs:

<http://asmeconferences.org/IHTC14>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8301

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Atmospheric plasma enhanced hybrid barrier films through reel-to-reel process

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Nikkola, J., Mannila, J., Vartiainen, J., Tuominen, M., Nättinen, K.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 1-11

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: ICNP-2010, Second International Conference on Natural Polymers, Bio-Polymers, Bio-Materials, their Composites, Blends, IPNs and Gels Polyelectrolytes and Gels: Macro to Nano Scales, September 24-26, 2010, Espoo, Finland

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8851

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Managing water and sewerage services in a cold, four-seasons climate

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka

Contributors: Hukka, J., Katko, T., Pietilä, P., Vinnari, E.

Pages: 17-18

Publication date: 2007

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 8th ISCORD Symposium, Tampere, Finland, September 25-27, 2007

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14364

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Environmental history of water: Global view of community water supply and sanitation

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A4 Article in a conference publication

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Vuorinen, H.

Pages: 631-636

Publication date: 2006

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Symposium Preprint Book: 1st IWA International Symposium on Water and Wastewater Technologies in Ancient Civilizations, Iraklio, Greece, 27.10.2006

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 16568

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific › peer-review

Book Review: Time for Customer Orientation in Water Utilities Customer experience management for water utilities. Marketing urban water supply

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Rajala, R. P.

Pages: 228-230

Publication date: 2019

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management & Policy

Volume: 24

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1087-724X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2019): CiteScore 1.9 SJR 0.448 SNIP 1.183

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.1177/1087724X18820014

Research output: Contribution to journal › Literature review › Scientific

Editorial

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Länsivaara, T.

Number of pages: 1

Publication date: 17 Dec 2018

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Environmental Geotechnics

Volume: 5
Issue number: 6
ISSN (Print): 2051-803X
Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 3.4 SJR 0.602 SNIP 0.899

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Environmental Engineering, Environmental Chemistry, Water Science and Technology, Geotechnical Engineering and Engineering Geology, Waste Management and Disposal, Geochemistry and Petrology, Nature and Landscape Conservation, Management, Monitoring, Policy and Law

DOIs:

10.1680/jenge.2018.5.6.309

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 85059019429

Research output: Contribution to journal › Editorial › Scientific

Kirja-arviointi:Yliopistomme vaarassa hukkaa byrokraatiaan. Pekka Kauppi. Kahlittu yliopistomme. Miten vapaudumme byrokraatiasta ja opetuksen ylenkatsomisesta. Into Kustannus Oy. 2017.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 58-60

Publication date: Jun 2018

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Tiedepolitiikka

Volume: 43

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 0782-0674

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

http://www.tiedeliitto.net/tiedepolitiikka_lehti/tp1_18.htm

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Water Services Development and Governance in Finland. Feature Article. JAWWA. 110, 5: 50-55.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 50-55

Publication date: May 2018

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Journal American Water Works Association

Volume: 110

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 0003-150X

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): CiteScore 1.2 SJR 0.345 SNIP 0.603

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Water Science and Technology, Engineering(all)

Keywords: Aging and deteriorating infrastructure, Legislation, History, Sustainable development, Futures, Water services infrastructure

DOIs:

10.1002/awwa.1079

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Finland's Water Services: Looking to its Past to Figure Out its Future.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Publication date: Mar 2018

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Water and Wastewater International

ISSN (Print): 0891-5385

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2018): SJR 0.106

Original language: English

URLs:

<http://www.waterworld.com/articles/wwi/print/volume-33/issue-1/technology-case-studies/finland-s-water-services.html>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Kirja-arviointi: Kuinka vesiensuojelu saatiin pääosin kuntoon?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 46-47

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Volume: 58

Issue number: 4

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Energistä utopiaa?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Sorri, J.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 38-39

Publication date: 2017

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Futura

Volume: 36

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 0785-5494

Original language: Finnish

Research output: Contribution to journal › Book/Film/Article review › Scientific

Editorial to "The best papers from the 32nd International Symposium on Automation and Robotics in Construction and Mining (ISARC 2015)"

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Responsible Construction, Univ of Oulu

Contributors: Malaska, M., Heikkilä, R.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 1

Publication date: 1 Nov 2016

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Automation in Construction

Volume: 71

ISSN (Print): 0926-5805

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 7.8 SJR 1.395 SNIP 2.754

Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Control and Systems Engineering, Civil and Structural Engineering, Building and Construction

DOIs:

10.1016/j.autcon.2016.08.045

Source: Scopus

Source ID: 84988322453

Research output: Contribution to journal > Editorial > Scientific

Vieraskynä : Vesialan osaamista kehitettävä yhteiskunnan tarpeista

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 51-51

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Issue number: 1/2014

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi/fi/lehtiarkisto-/lehtiarkisto.html>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-11

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 679

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Book review : Oestigaard, T. 2013. Water, Christianity and the rise of capitalism. London, New York: I.B. Tauris. ISBN 978-1-78076-066-7, 209 pages

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 2
Pages: 273-274
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Water Alternatives
Volume: 7
Issue number: 1
Ratings:
Scopus rating (2014): CiteScore 3.3 SJR 1.117 SNIP 1.422
Original language: English
URLs:
<http://www.water-alternatives.org/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-02-15
Publisher name: Water Alternatives Association
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 678
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Kuka päättää vesihuollon tulevaisuudesta? (Who decides on the future of the water supply?)

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Rajala, R., Juuti, P., Katko, T.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 33-34
Publication date: 2014
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Volume: 51
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
http://www.vesitalous.fi/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/1_2010.pdf

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-09-16
Publisher name: Maa- Ja Vesitekniiikan Tuki
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 1334
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Pääkirjoitus : Vesihuoltolaitosten historiat imagon nostajana / Editorial : Relevance of history for current water services management and governance

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 3
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1799-6953

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No22013/YFJEH%20nro%202%202013-2.pdf>

<http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No2>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29
Publisher name: IEHG

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2521

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Tulevaisuuden vesiosaajat

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Takala, A., Heinonen, U., Innala, T., Lundgren, K., Mattila, H., Vahala, R., Vuola, S.

Pages: 6-7

Publication date: 2012

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Volume: 53

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Talotekniikka-Julkaisut Oy yhteistyössä Suomen Vesiyhdistys ry.

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 5387

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Lyhyestä tiede kaunis?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T.

Pages: 55-55

Publication date: 2011

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Tiedepolitiikka

Volume: 36

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 0782-0674

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6326

Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Pääkirjoitus. Veden keskeinen merkitys yhteiskunnassa ja yhdyskunnissa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T.
Pages: 4-7
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History
Volume: 1
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1799-6953
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No0211/Yfjeh022011.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Environmental History Group (IEHG)
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6327
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Editorial. Central role of water in society and community

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T.
Pages: 8-11
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History
Volume: 1
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1799-6953
Original language: English
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No0211/Yfjeh022011.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: International Environmental History Group (IEHG)
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6325
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific

Editorial Note: "Pasts and Futures of Water"

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Vinnari, E. M.
Pages: 167-171
Publication date: 2010
Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Environment and History

Volume: 16

Issue number: a

ISSN (Print): 0967-3407

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.195 SNIP 0.93

Original language: English

DOIs:

10.3197/096734010X12699419057214

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8246

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Turning up the heat on printability**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Lahti, J., Tuominen, M.

Pages: 7-7

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Packaging Professional (The Magazine of the Packaging Society)

Volume: 33

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 1477-8467

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8551

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Turning up the heat on printability**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Lahti, J., Tuominen, M.

Pages: 15-15

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Materials World

Volume: 18

Issue number: 10

ISSN (Print): 0967-8638

Ratings:

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.103 SNIP 0

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8552

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Book Review: Graham, S. (Ed.), Disrupted Cities: When Infrastructure Fails

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B1 Article in a scientific magazine

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T.

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: No

Publication information

Journal: Public Works Management & Policy, Vol. 14, Nr 4, April 2010

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8309

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific

Foreword Towards More Resilient Water Services

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 5

Pages: 9-13

Publication date: Sep 2019

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Resilient water services and systems: the foundation of well-being

Publisher: IWA Publishing

Editors: Juuti, P., Mattila, H., Rajala, R., Schwartz, K., Staddon, C.

ISBN (Print): 9781780409764

ISBN (Electronic): 9781780409771

DOIs:

10.2166/9781780409771

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific

The Mermaid of Helsinki, Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: School of Architecture, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Hynynen, A. J., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 5

Pages: 107-111

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Fountains in the Worldscape

Place of publication: Kangasala

Publisher: International Water History Association and Kehrämedia Inc.

Editors: Ari, J. H., Petri, S. J., Tapio, S. K.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-98151-8-3

Bibliographical note

Ei UT-numeroa 14.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=ark ays,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT2=0.5

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4281

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific

Part V: Comparative Analysis of the Omnipresent Water Fountains

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: School of Architecture, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Hynynen, A. J., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.

Pages: 137-212

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Fountains in the Worldscape

Place of publication: Kangasala

Publisher: International Water History Association and Kehrämedia Inc.

Editors: Ari, J. H., Petri, S. J., Tapio, S. K.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-98151-8-3

Bibliographical note

Ei UT-numeroa 14.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=ark ays,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT2=0.5

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4280

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific

"Rocky Fountains" of Keciören, Turkey

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Pages: 128-131

Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Fountains in the Worldscape

Place of publication: Kangasala

Publisher: International Water History Association and KehräMedia

Editors: Ari, J. H., Petri, S. J., Tapio, S. K.

ISBN (Print): 978-951-98151-8-3

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 4443

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Scientific

The Fountain A Harbinger of a New Era in Case Tampere

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book

Organisations: School of Architecture, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Hynynen, A., Juuti, P., Katko, T.

Pages: 63-70

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Water Fountains in the Cityscape. Essays in Public Works History

Place of publication: Kansas City,MO

Publisher: Public Works Historical Society
Editors: Hynynen, A. J., Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S.
ISBN (Print): 978-1-60675-029-2

Publication series

Name: Essays in Public Works History
Publisher: Public Works Historical Society
Volume: 30
ISSN (Print): 1047-5257

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 15.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=ark ays,FACT1=0.33
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT2=0.67

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6156

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific

Values and Attitudes in Engineering Education

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B2 Part of a book or another research book
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Korhonen-Yrjänheikki, K., Takala, A., Mielityinen, I.
Pages: 65-83
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: It's just People with People - Views of Corporate Social Responsibility. Aalto University
Publication Series Crossover
Editor: Lappalainen, P.
ISBN (Print): 978-952-60-0036-7
ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-60-0037-4

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 22.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6413

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Chapter > Scientific

A method for design of sound insulation of glazed balconies against traffic noise

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Building Acoustics, A-Insinöörit Suunnittelu Oy
Contributors: Kovalainen, V., Kylliäinen, M., Huhtala, T.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 3834-3841
Publication date: Aug 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the INTER-NOISE 2016, 45th International Congress and Exposition on Noise Control Engineering : Towards a Quieter Future, August 21-24, 2016, Hamburg, Germany

Place of publication: Hamburg

Publisher: German Acoustical Society (DEGA)

Article number: 503

ISBN (Electronic): 978-3-939296-11-9

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Acoustics and Ultrasonics

URLs:

<http://pub.dega-akustik.de/IN2016/data/articles/000503.pdf>

<http://www.internoise2016.org/>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding > Conference contribution > Scientific

A laboratory listening experiment on subjective and objective rating of impact sound insulation of concrete floors

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Building Acoustics, Turku University of Applied Sciences

Contributors: Kylliäinen, M., Hongisto, V., Oliva, D., Rekola, L.

Number of pages: 9

Pages: 894-902

Publication date: Aug 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the INTER-NOISE 2016, 45th International Congress on Noise Control

Engineering : Towards a Quieter Future, August 21-24, 2016, Hamburg, Germany

Place of publication: Hamburg

Publisher: German Acoustical Society (DEGA)

Article number: 193

ISBN (Electronic): 978-3-939296-11-9

URLs:

<http://pub.dega-akustik.de/IN2016/data/articles/000193.pdf>

<http://www.internoise2016.org/>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Stabilization of fine fraction from landfill mining in leach bed reactor

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Mönkäre, T., Palmroth, M., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 1-11

Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings SUM 2014, Second Symposium on Urban Mining, Bergamo, Italy, 19-21 May, 2014 :

Organised by IWWG - International Waste Working Group

Publisher: CISA Publishers

ISBN (Print): 978-88-6265-031-1

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-06-27
Publisher name: CISA Publishers

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 1097

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Characterization of fine fraction from landfill mining for evaluating methane potential

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Mönkäre, T., Palmroth, M., Rintala, J.

Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Fifth International Symposium on Energy from Biomass and Waste, Venice 2014 Proceedings, Island of San Servolo, Venice, Italy, 17-20 November 2014

Place of publication: Italy

Publisher: CISA Publisher

ISBN (Print): 978-88-6265-085-4

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: CISA Publisher
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 1098
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Metering the quality of water supply and sewage network maintenance services

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Välisalo, T., Heino, O., Luomanen, T.
Number of pages: 9
Pages: 1-9
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 2012 IFME World Congress on Municipal Engineering. Sustainable Communities, June 4-10, Helsinki, Finland
Publisher: International Federation of Municipal Engineering IFME
ISBN (Print): 978-951-758-541-5

Publication series

Name: International Federation of Municipal Engineering World Congress
ISSN (Print): 0356-9403

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 21.9.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Publisher name: International Federation of Municipal Engineering IFME
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 5492
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Career paths of experts on water supply and sanitation services

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Takala, A. J.
Number of pages: 6
Pages: 1-6
Publication date: 2012

Host publication information

Title of host publication: YWPC2012, 6th IWA International Conference for Young Water Professionals, (IWA YWPC 2012), 10-13 July 2012, Budapest, Hungary. Conference Proceedings
Publisher: IWA, International Water Association; Hungarian Water Utility Association
Article number: IWA-9929

Publication series

Name: International YWP Conference
URLs:
<http://www.iwa-ywpc.org/>

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 30.8.2013
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: IWA, International Water Association; Hungarian Water Utility Association
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 5388
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

The factors controlling combustion and gasification kinetics of solid fuels

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Tolvanen, H., Kokko, L., Raiko, R.
Number of pages: 14
Pages: 1-14
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Swedish-Finnish Flame Days, "Challenges in Combustion Technology today", January 26-27, 2011, Sweden
Place of publication: Piteå
Publisher: IFRF and the Scandinavian-Nordic Section of the Combustion Institute

Publication series

Name: Swedish-Finnish Flame Days
Publisher: IFRF and the Scandinavian-Nordic Section of the Combustion Institute

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 7395
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Significance of Wild Cards and Weak Signals for Sustainability : Case of Water Services

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O. A., Takala, A. J.
Pages: 410-422
Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Trends and Future of Sustainable Development, Proceedings of the Conference "Trends and Future of Sustainable Development", 9 - 10 June 2011, Tampere, Finland
Publisher: Finland Futures Research Centre, University of Turku
Editors: Lakkala, H., Vehmas, J.
Article number: 15
ISBN (Print): 978-952-249-131-2
ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-249-131-2

Publication series

Name: FFRC eBOOK
ISSN (Print): 1797-1322
URLs:
http://ffrc.utu.fi/julkaisut/e-julkaisuja/eBook_2011-15.pdf

Bibliographical note

ei ut-numeroa 8.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Finland Futures Research Centre, University of Turku
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6061
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Finnish engineering education for the benefit of people and environment

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Takala, A., Korhonen-Yrjänheikki, K.
Number of pages: 10
Pages: 1-10
Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: International Conference Engineering Education in Sustainable Development, EESD'10, 19-22 September 2010, Gothenburg, Sweden

Bibliographical note

Konferenssiartikkeli CD:llä
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9361

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Unsteady computational methods to study jet behaviour in large fluidized bed boiler

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Tiitinen, K., Ylitalo, M., Oksanen, A.

Number of pages: 22

Pages: 1-22

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: AFRC 2010 Pacific Rim Combustion Symposium, September 26-29, 2010 Sheraton Maui, Hawaii

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9404

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Experimental study of oxy-fuel combustion in a drop tube reactor

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Rodriguez, A. M., Raiko, R.

Number of pages: 11

Pages: 1-11

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: AFRC 2010 Pacific Rim Combustion Symposium, September 26-29, 2010 Sheraton Maui, Hawaii

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9124

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Rural household electricity load profiles with a load simulation tool

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Poudyal, A., Mustonen, S., Paatero, J.

Pages: 1358-1366

Publication date: 2010

Host publication information

Title of host publication: International Conference on Applied Energy (ICAE 2010), Energy Solutions for a Sustainable World, 21-23 April 2010, Singapore

URLs:

<http://www.icae2010.org/>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 9035

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Hybrid barrier films by atmospheric inline plasma deposition on sol-gel coated PE-cardboard**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Nättinen, K., Nikkola, J., Mannila, J., Vartiainen, J., Tuominen, M., Lavonen, J.

Pages: 8 p

Publication date: 2009

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Coatings for Plastics at NPE 2009, June 23-24, 2009, McCormick Place, Chicago, IL

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 10943

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Changing energy production structures and CO2 emissions in the ASEAN countries: Decomposition analysis of drivers behind the changes**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Vehmas, J., Luukkanen, J., Mustonen, S., Kaivo-oja, J., Snäkin, J., Jusi, S.

Pages: 5 p

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: International Conference on Energy Security and Climate Change: Issues, Strategies, and Options (ESCC 2008). 6-8 August 2008, Bangkok, Thailand

Bibliographical note

Conference Proceedings CD-Rom
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 13746

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Rural electrification of remote areas - Case studies of two renewable energy projects in Laos and The Philippines**General information**

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Mustonen, S.

Pages: 8 p

Publication date: 2008

Host publication information

Title of host publication: International Conference on Environment 2008 (ICENV 2008), 15-17 December, 2008, Penang, Malaysia

Bibliographical note

Conference Proceedings CD-Rom / electronic
Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 13098

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Modeling of autonomous power systems - A mathematical model of a hybrid power system

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: Energia- ja prosessiteknikka

Contributors: Mustonen, S., Nanthavong, K.

Pages: 6 p

Publication date: 2006

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 2nd Joint International Conference on "Sustainable Energy and Environment (SEE 2006)" 21-23 November, 2006, Bangkok, Thailand

Bibliographical note

Conference Proceedings CD-Rom
Contribution: organisation=ener,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 17171

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Full scale landfill bottom liner test structures at Ämmässuo landfill, Espoo, Finland

Full scale test structures were constructed in summer 1996 to the Ämmässuo landfill to gather experience on quality control during the construction and long term behaviour of mineral liner and combination liners. Actual leachate was used to create the chemical loading and a hydraulic pressure of one meter. The leachate was implemented in October 1996, and the structures were monitored for two years. The structures were continuously monitored by temperature and soil moisture sensors installed into the liner. The leachate seeping through the liner structure was collected to the lysimeter basins and further to the lysimeter wells, in which the amount of the water was measured automatically by pressure sensors. In addition, frost penetration and infiltration measurements were performed and samples were taken for laboratory tests during the two-year period. The structures were pulled down under control in November 1998.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: B3 Non-refereed article in conference proceedings

Organisations: SCC Viatek Ltd.

Contributors: Leppänen, M., Kaartokallio, A., Loukola, E.

Number of pages: 8

Pages: 173-180

Publication date: Oct 1999

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Sardinia 99, Seventh International Waste Management and Landfill Symposium, 4-8 October, S. Margherita di Pula, Cagliari, Sardinia, Italy. Proceedings, Vol. I-V.

Volume: III

Editors: Christensen, T. H., Cossu, R., Stegmann, R.

Keywords: Landfill

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Scientific

Finnish water services: Experiences in global perspective

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 288

Publication date: 7 Jul 2017

Publication information

Place of publication: London
Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Electronic): 9781780408743
Original language: English
Keywords: Water services, History, Development, Leadership, Institutions, Governance
Additional files:
Finnish Water Services_eBook_IWA

Bibliographical note

<https://www.iwapublishing.com/books/finnish-water-services-experiences-global-perspective>
Research output: Book/Report > Book > Scientific > peer-review

Historian hajuiata tuoksujuen tulevaisuuteen: pääkaupunkiseudun jätevedenpuhdistuksen keskeiset päätökset Espoon näkökulmasta

"From Stinky History to Fragrant Future. Waste water treatment of the metropolitan area - central decisions on the point of view of Espoo is written by Adjunct Professor, PhD Petri S Juuti. The book examines how water and waste water services started and developed in Espoo from the 1950s to the 2000s. Furthermore, it is discussed what are the challenges of the future looked from the point of view of the professionals of the water sector."

Tässä kirjassa käydään läpi pk-seudun jätevedenkäsittelyn historia ja yhteistyövaiheet aina 1950-luvulta 2010-luvulle asti Espoon näkökulmasta. Tutkimuksen pääkysymyksiä ovat mm.:

- Miksi jätevesien puhdistaminen on keskitetty vain yhteen puhdistamoon?
- Miksi Espoossa tehdään ylikunnallista yhteistyötä jätevesienpuhdistuksessa?
- Miten jätevesien puhdistusyhteistyö on alkanut ja muuttunut vuosien varrella?
- Miksi puhdistetaan naapurikuntien jätevesiä?
- Millaista keskustelua jätevedet ovat herättäneet menneisyydessä ja millaista tulevaisuutta koskevaa keskustelua niistä on käyty?

Oikean strategian toteuttamisessa tarvitaan yhteistyötä ja osaavaa johtamista. Espoo on voinut historiassa käyttää omien resurssiensa lisäksi vesihuollossa myös naapurikuntien resursseja. Nyt tarkastelukohteena olevan jätevesienpuhdistuksen osalta tämä on tarkoittanut sitä, että naapurikunnat ovat maksaneet osansa ja osin enemmänkin kuin osansa jätevesiensä puhdistamisesta ja varsinkin Suomenojan jätevedenpuhdistamosta. Näiden lisäresurssien turvin historian saatossa kertyneet resurssit ovat mahdollistaneet nykyisen hyvän tilanteen pitkän tähtäimen strategisten päätösten avulla. Näistä strategisista päätöksistä yksi konkreettisin näyttö ovat jätevesiä koskevat sopimukset naapurikuntien kanssa. Sopimukset ja niiden takana olleet päätökset ovat hyvin kaukonäköisiä ja kaikkia osapuolia sitovia.

Ne osaltaan mahdollistavat, että valittavana on ollut kehityspolkuja, joita kaikkialla ei ole ollut käytössä. Vuoden 2010 alusta alkaen Espoon vesihuolto on toiminut yhdessä pk-seudun organisaatioissa alueen muiden vesilaitosten kanssa, HSY:n organisaation alaisuudessa.

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P.
Number of pages: 280
Publication date: 2017

Publication information

Publisher: Tampere University Press
ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-03-0420-1
Original language: Finnish
DOIs:
10.26530/OAPEN_628607
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-03-0420-1>
URLs:
<http://www.oapen.org/search?identifier=628607>
Research output: Book/Report > Book > Scientific > peer-review

Finnish water services: Experiences in global perspective

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 288
Publication date: 4 Nov 2016

Publication information

Place of publication: Helsinki
Publisher: Finnish Water Utilities Association
ISBN (Print): 978-952-6697-26-0
Original language: English
Keywords: Water services, History, Development, Leadership, Institutions, Governance
URLs:

<http://www.finnishwaterservices.fi> (intoductory pages, ordering instructions)

<http://www.vvy.fi/shop> (ordering)

Research output: [Book/Report](#) > [Book](#) > [Scientific](#) > [peer-review](#)

Hanaa! Suomen vesihuolto - kehitys ja yhteiskunnallinen merkitys

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 501
Publication date: 2013

Publication information

Place of publication: Helsinki
Publisher: Suomen Vesilaitosyhdistys ry
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5000-97-9
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

http://www.vvy.fi/ajankohtaista/hanaa!_tietoteos.4044.news?29_o=20

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-06-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2520

Research output: [Book/Report](#) > [Book](#) > [Scientific](#) > [peer-review](#)

Hyvän veden ja hyvien yhteyksien kaupunki : Riihimäen Veden historia

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R. P., Pietilä, P. E., Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 336
Publication date: 2010

Publication information

Publisher: Riihimäen Vesi
ISBN (Print): 978-952-5571-29-5
Original language: Finnish
Electronic versions:

[juuti_hyvan_veden_ja_hyvien_yhteyksien_kaupunki.pdf](#)

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tyy-2011041513430>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8244

Research output: Book/Report › Book › Scientific › peer-review

Näkymätönt Porii. Porin veden historia

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S., Katko, T. S., Louekari, S. M., Rajala, R. P.

Publication date: 2010

Publication information

Place of publication: Pori

Publisher: Porin Vesi

ISBN (Print): 978-952-5414-80-6

Original language: Finnish

Electronic versions:

juuti_nakymatont_porii.pdf

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-2011041513487>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8245

Research output: Book/Report › Book › Scientific › peer-review

Metropoli ja meri. 100 vuotta jätevedenpuhdistusta Helsingissä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R., Katko, T.

Number of pages: 158

Publication date: 2010

Publication information

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: HSY Helsingin seudun ympäristöpalvelut

ISBN (Print): 978-952-6604-09-1

Original language: Finnish

Publication series

Name: HSY:n julkaisuja

Publisher: HSY Helsingin seudun ympäristöpalvelut

Volume: 6/2010

Electronic versions:

juuti_metropoli_ja_meri.pdf

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-2011041513515>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8243

Research output: Book/Report › Book › Scientific › peer-review

Yhteistä vettä: Tuusulan seudun vesilaitos kuntayhtymä 1967-2007

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C1 Separate scientific books
Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka
Contributors: Katko, T.
Number of pages: 185
Publication date: 2007

Publication information

Publisher: Tuusulan seudun vesilaitos kuntayhtymä
Original language: English
Electronic versions:
katko_yhteista_vetta.pdf
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-2011041513405>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 14582
Research output: Book/Report › Book › Scientific › peer-review

Resilient Water Services and Systems: The Foundation of Well-Being

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C2 Edited books
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering , HAMK University of Applied Sciences
Contributors: Juuti, P. (ed.), Mattila, H. (ed.), Rajala, R. (ed.), Schwartz, K. (ed.), Staddon, C. (ed.)
Publication date: 2019

Publication information

Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 9781780409764
Original language: English
Research output: Book/Report › Anthology › Scientific › peer-review

Prologue

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C2 Edited books
Organisations: Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.), Schwartz, K. (ed.)
Number of pages: 3
Publication date: 2013

Publication information

Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Epilogue r=1592
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2442
Research output: Book/Report › Anthology › Scientific › peer-review

Epilogue

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.), Schwartz, K. (ed.)
Number of pages: 5
Publication date: 2013

Publication information

Publisher: IWA Publishing
ISBN (Print): 978-1-78040-022-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-1-78040-073-0
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Prologue r=1587
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-09-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2441
Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

FSSES 2013, Finnish Conference of Environmental Sciences, 2-3 May 2013, Tampere, Finland. Proceedings

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C2 Edited books
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Pynnönen, S. (ed.), Tuhkanen, T. (ed.)
Number of pages: 156
Publication date: 2013

Publication information

Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampere University of Technology
ISBN (Print): 978-952-15-3049-4
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 3202
Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Water Fountains in the Worldscape

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: C2 Edited books
Organisations: School of Architecture, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Hynynen, A. J. (ed.), Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.)
Publication date: 2012

Publication information

Place of publication: Kangasala
Publisher: International Water History Association and Kehrämedia Inc.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-98151-8-3
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

on johdanto (Prologue s. 11-18, Epilogue s. 213-214)
Contribution: organisation=ark
ays,FACT1=0.5
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT2=0.5
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4282
Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Water Fountains in the Cityscape

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books

Organisations: School of Architecture, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Hynynen, A. J. (ed.), Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.)

Publication date: 2011

Publication information

Place of publication: Kansas City,MO

Publisher: Public Works Historical Society

ISBN (Print): 978-1-60675-029-2

Original language: English

Publication series

Name: Essays in Public Works History

Publisher: Public Works Historical Society

Volume: 30

ISSN (Print): 1047-5257

Bibliographical note

poistettu tupla r=3993. ei ut-numeroa 15.3.2014
Contribution: organisation=ark ays,FACT1=0.33
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT2=0.67

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6155

Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Governance in water sector - comparing development in Kenya, Nepal, South Africa and Finland

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. (ed.), Katko, T. (ed.), Mäki, H. (ed.), Nyanchaga, E. (ed.), Rautanen, S. (ed.), Vuorinen, H. (ed.)

Publication date: 2007

Publication information

Publisher: Unknown Publisher

ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-6950-3

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

juuti_governance_in_water_sector.pdf

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-2011061614705>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14488

Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Environmental history of water : global views on community water supply and sanitation

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.), Vuorinen, H. S. (ed.)

Publication date: 2007

Publication information

Place of publication: London

Publisher: IWA Publishing

ISBN (Print): 978-1-84339-110-4

ISBN (Electronic): 1-84339-110-4

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14492

Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

5th IWHA Conference.Tampere Finland 2007. Pasts and Futures of Water. University of Tampere 13-17 June 2007

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Hautamäki, I. (ed.), Juuti, P. (ed.), Katko, T. (ed.), Rajala, R. (ed.), Vinnari, E. (ed.)

Publication date: 2007

Publication information

Publisher: Unknown Publisher

ISBN (Print): 978-951-44-6971-8

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 14274

Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Water, Time and European Cities : History matters for the Futures

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: C2 Edited books

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Department of Civil Engineering, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P. S. (ed.), Katko, T. S. (ed.)

Publication date: 2005

Publication information

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampere University Press

ISBN (Print): 951-44-6337-4

Original language: English

Electronic versions:

juuti_katko_water_time_and_european_cities.pdf

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:ty-2011061614704>

Bibliographical note

DT=a3 muutettu DT=c2 : Introduction p. 13-18, Conclusions p. 241-243 : Yhdistetty conclusions tähän ja poistettu TUT Portfoliosta conclusions-tietue r=56583 (r=4261 portfolio12) : Hyväksytty aiemmin, julk2005, r=27792 jossa dt=toim cy=xx : poistettu r=27792 ja tämä tietue korvaa sen : IWA International Water Association - Marketing and Communications Award 2006: Best popular presentation of water science, Highly recommended, 12.9.2006

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1

nonValidatingUrl:urn:isbn:951-44-6337-4

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 18531

Research output: Book/Report > Anthology > Scientific > peer-review

Koulutus ja tutkimus kehityksen moottorina

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES

Contributors: Hukka, J., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 13
Publication date: Dec 2019
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Econetin asakaslehti AQ
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1799-7763
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
http://digimag.econetgroup.fi/digimag/3-19-suomi/qfi0319_12-jpg
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vetoa vesihuoltopalveluihin täydennyskoulutuksen kautta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES
Contributors: Inha, L., Juuti, P., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R., Pietilä, P.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 6-7
Publication date: 25 Oct 2019
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Volume: 73
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon koulutus ja tutkimus lähemmäksi rakennettua ympäristöä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 24-25
Publication date: Aug 2019
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Volume: 60
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
<http://www.vesitalous.fi/fi/lehtiarkisto-/lehtiarkisto.html>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-11
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon instituutiot vaativat taitavaa jalkapallopelejä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Inha, L., Katko, T. S., Rajala, R.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 38-40
Publication date: Jun 2019
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Rakennustekniikka
Volume: 75
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 0033-913X
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

https://www.ril.fi/media/2019/rakennustekniikka/rt-2019-3_low_linkit.pdf

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuolto yhdyskuntien ympäristön turvaajana: uskomuksia ja todellisuuksia

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Inha, L., Rajala, R.
Publication date: May 2019
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristökasvatus
Issue number: 2
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

<https://feesuomi.fi/lehti/vesihuolto-yhdyskuntien-ympariston-turvaajana-uskomuksia-ja-todellisuuksia/>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

WC-tilat ja -opasteet vain likana silmissämme?

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 1
Pages: 45
Publication date: 2018
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Volume: 72
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish
URLs:

<https://kuntatekniikka.fi/lehtiarkisto/>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuoltopalvelujen tutkimus-, kehittämis- ja innovaatioklusterin (VEPATUKI) ensimmäinen vuosi keskittyy saneeraustarpeeseen

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering

Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 21-23
Publication date: 2018
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Kapkaupungin pysyvä vesikriisi – ratkeako vesipula, jos lisää vettä pumpataan vuotavaan verkostoon

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Research group: Capacity Development of Water and Environmental Services CADWES, Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P., Rajala, R.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 39-42
Publication date: 2018
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Yli 60 tonnin yhdistelmät parantaneet kuljetusten tehokkuutta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Liimatainen, H.
Pages: 30-32
Publication date: 4 Sep 2017
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Tie ja Liikenne
Volume: 2017
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0355-7855
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
https://issuu.com/tieyhdistys/docs/tl_4-2017
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon globaalit haasteet ja instituutioiden roolit

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 1
Pages: 15
Publication date: 9 May 2017
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Econetin asiakaslehti AQ

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1799-7763

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

http://digimag.econetgroup.fi/digimag/117-suomi/aqfi0117_14-xml

URLs:

<http://www.econetgroup.fi/uutiset/2017/05/09/vesihuollon-globaalit-haasteet-ja-instituutioiden-roolit> (Uutisversio. 09.05.2017.)

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Global challenges and role of institutions in water services

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 15

Publication date: 9 May 2017

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Econetin asiakaslehti AQ

Issue number: 1

ISSN (Print): 1799-7763

Original language: English

URLs:

http://digimag.econetgroup.fi/digimag/117-english/aqen0117_01-xml

<http://www.econetgroup.fi/en/news/2017/05/09/global-challenges-and-role-of-institutions-in-water-services> (News. 09.05.2017.)

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Toimiva vesihuolto ei ole itsestäänselvyys.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 17

Publication date: Apr 2017

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Promaint

Volume: 29

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1797-2000

Original language: Finnish

Keywords: good governance , aging infrastructure

URLs:

https://issuu.com/promaintlehti/docs/promaint_2_2017

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon strateginen kehittäminen haltuun: Ydin- ja tukitoiminnon tarpeen hahmottaa selkeästi

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Hukka, J. J.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 12-13
Publication date: 2016
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Volume: 70
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
<http://kuntatekniikka.fi/lehtiarkisto/022016/kansi-6>
URLs:
<http://kuntatekniikka.fi/lehtiarkisto/022016/vesihuollon-strateginen-kehittaminen>
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesiosuuskunnat - minä ne tulisi nähdä?

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O.
Number of pages: 1
Pages: 51-51
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Osuustoiminta
Volume: 106
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 1236-4835
Original language: Finnish
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Simulointi nopeuttaa käyttöiän määrittystä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Tribology and Machine Elements, Department of Mechanical Engineering and Industrial Systems, Research group: Kokeellinen virtaustekniikka, Research area: Applied Mechanics, Department of Intelligent Hydraulics and Automation, Research group: Fluid power automation in mobile machines, Department of Electrical Engineering, Research area: Reliability
Contributors: Ojala, P., Saarenrinne, P., Miettinen, J., Multanen, P., Kiilunen, J., Hietala, J., Kolu, A., Pippola, J., Mostofizadeh, M., Ylönen, M.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 24-27
Publication date: 2015
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Promaint
Volume: 2
ISSN (Print): 1797-2000
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

ORG=mol,0.25
ORG=mei,0.25
ORG=iha,0.25

ORG=dee,0.25

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Tampereelta valmistuneiden vesihuoltoalan diplomi-insinöörien sijoittuminen ja odotukset yliopisto-opetukselle

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Tampere University of Technology, University of Tampere

Contributors: Katko, T. S., Lukka, A., Rajala, R.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 45-47

Publication date: 2015

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

ORG=keb,1

ORG=rak,0

AUX=orc,"Lukka, Anna"

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Osuuskunnat mukaan infrastruktuuripolitiikkaan

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Anttiroiko, A.

Number of pages: 1

Pages: 54-54

Publication date: 2014

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Osuustoiminta

Volume: 105

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 1236-4835

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2015-01-15

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 440

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Geo + Ympäristö = Ympäristögeotekniikka?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Earth Constructions

Contributors: Leppänen, M.

Number of pages: 2

Pages: 6-7

Publication date: Mar 2013

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Geofoor

Issue number: 39

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<http://www.getunderground.fi/getfile.ashx?cid=221157&cc=3&refid=52>

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Johtoja ja joukkuehenkeä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 11-13

Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous

Issue number: 3

ISSN (Print): 0505-3838

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<http://www.vesitalous.fi>

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2270

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon kehitys ja yhteiskunnallinen merkitys : Hapertuvatko hanat?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Number of pages: 3

Pages: 14-16

Publication date: 2013

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 1238-125X

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 2522

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Heikot signaalit vesihuollossa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Heino, O., Takala, A.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 29-31
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesitalous
Issue number: 4
ISSN (Print): 0505-3838
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-12-12
Publisher name: Maa- Ja Vesitekniikan Tuki
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2276
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Professional

Käänteiset perusrakenteet : Suuntana hajautettu infrastruktuuripolitiikka?

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Heino, O., Anttiroiko, A.
Number of pages: 3
Pages: 40-42
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
<http://lehti.kuntatekniikka.fi/sites/default/files/KT0113-PDF-WWW-HQ.pdf>

Bibliographical note

Affiliationissa ei mainintaa TTY:stä
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2272
Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Professional

Dags att syna utmaningarna inom vattenförsörjningen

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 2
Pages: 30-31
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Finlands Kommuntidning
Volume: 19
Issue number: 8
ISSN (Print): 1235-9343
Original language: Swedish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2014-02-15
Publisher name: Finlands Kommunförbund
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2518
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuolto osana näkymätöntä kaupunkia

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 18-21
Publication date: 2013
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: RY Rakennettu ympäristö
Volume: 50
Issue number: 5
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-11-29
Publisher name: Rakennustarkasturyhdistys RTY ry; Rakennustietosäätiö RTS
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 2523
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Focus and Change of Water Management in Finland – Analysis of Vesitalous Journal, 1960-2009

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry
Contributors: Jaatinen, T. T. O., Katko, T. S., Pynnönen, S. T., Vihanta, J. S.
Pages: 10-32
Publication date: 14 Sep 2012
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Ympäristöhistoria: Finnish Journal of Environmental History
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1799-6953
Original language: English
URLs:
<http://www.uta.fi/yky/tutkimus/historia/projektit/iehg/Ymparistohistoria/No32012/YFJEH%2003%202013%20webo.pdf>
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Testattua tahdistusta

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering
Contributors: Korpinen, L.
Pages: 24-26
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Sähkö & Tele
Volume: 85
Issue number: 3
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Sähköinsinööriliitto ry; Fin-El Oy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4528
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Ulkoistaminen apuväline vesihuoltoverkoston kunnossapitoon?

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Heino, O.
Pages: 10-12
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Promaint
Volume: 26
Issue number: 5
ISSN (Print): 1797-2000
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Portfolio EDEND: 2013-07-29
Publisher name: KP-Media Oy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4196
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon historian lyhyt oppimäärä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S.
Pages: 22-22
Publication date: 2012
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Econetin asiakaslehti AQ
Issue number: 3
ISSN (Print): 1799-7763
Original language: Finnish
URLs:
http://www.econetengineering.fi/econetgroup_etusivu

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Econet Oy
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 4444
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

KUPERA-kaupunkien teknisen sektorin johto kaipaa toimintakulttuuriin muutosta : Haasteista innovatiivisiin mahdollisuuksiin

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Leponiemi, U., Heino, O.
Pages: 51-52
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Issue number: 7
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Affiliation: Johtamiskorkeakoulu, Tampereen Yliopisto
Contribution: organisation=keb,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6593
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Lack of water engineers hampering development. North-South cooperation in higher education is a must

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering
Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. P.
Pages: 58-61
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Rakennustekniikka
Volume: 66
Issue number: 2
ISSN (Print): 0033-913X
Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 6114
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Helsinki sai ensimmäisen puhdistamonsa 1910; Helsinki gained its first wastewater treatment plant 1910

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal
Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Former organisation of the author
Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T., Rajala, R.
Pages: 49-50
Publication date: 2011
Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka
Volume: 66
Issue number: 1
ISSN (Print): 1238-125X
Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6247

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Syytä olla ylpeä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Hukka, J. J., Katko, T. S., Pietilä, P. P.

Pages: 40-40

Publication date: 2011

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kehitys

Issue number: 2

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Kolumni
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 6115

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Vesihuollon ylikunnalliset sopimukset lisääntymässä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Kurki, V.

Pages: 18-18

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka

Issue number: 2

ISSN (Print): 1238-125X

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8493

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

TTY:ssä panostetaan pakkausalaan

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Contributors: Kuusipalo, J., Lahti, J.

Pages: 35-35

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Pakkaus

Issue number: 5

ISSN (Print): 0031-0131

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=epr pap,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8500

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Yhdysvaltain vesihuollossa julkissektori avainasemassa. Haasteina niukentuvien vesivarojen hallinta ja ikääntyvä infrastruktuuri

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T. S.

Pages: 44-47

Publication date: 2010

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Kuntatekniikka

Issue number: 8

ISSN (Print): 1238-125X

Original language: Finnish

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 8312

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Missä, missä se kaivo on?

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Katko, T.

Pages: s. 8

Publication date: 2009

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: Vesimittari, HS-Veden asiakaslehti

Issue number: 1

Original language: English

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 10373

Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Hätä ei häviä käymälöitä poistamalla

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D1 Article in a trade journal

Organisations: Bio- ja ympäristötekniikka, Former organisation of the author

Contributors: Juuti, P., Katko, T.

Pages: 7 s

Publication date: 2005

Peer-reviewed: Unknown

Publication information

Journal: www.huussi.net
Original language: English
URLs:
http://www.huussi.net/juuti_kaymalakulttuuri.pdf

Bibliographical note

Contribution: organisation=bio,FACT1=1
Source: researchoutputwizard
Source ID: 18525
Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Professional

Tempoilevasta tiede- ja koulutuspolitiikasta kohti laajempaa näkemystä

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D2 Article in professional manuals or guides or professional information systems or text book material
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Katko, T. S., Hukka, J. J.
Number of pages: 8
Pages: 32-39
Publication date: Oct 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Koulutuksen ja tutkimuksen murros yliopistoissa uuden vuosikymmenen kynnyksellä
Place of publication: Tampere
Publisher: Tampereen dosenttiyhdistys
Editors: Juuti, P., Uusi-Rasi, K.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-97614-2-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-97614-3-5

Publication series

Name: Tampereen dosenttiyhdistyksen julkaisuja
URLs:
<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-951-97614-3-5>
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Professional

Ympäristö- ja vesihistorian tutkimuksesta 2000-luvulla Suomessa

General information

Publication status: Published
MoE publication type: D2 Article in professional manuals or guides or professional information systems or text book material
Organisations: Civil Engineering
Contributors: Juuti, P.
Number of pages: 4
Pages: 44-48
Publication date: 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Koulutuksen ja tutkimuksen murros yliopistoissa uuden vuosikymmenen kynnyksellä
Volume: 3
Publisher: Tampereen dosenttiyhdistys
Editors: Juuti, P., Uusi-Rasi, K.
ISBN (Print): 978-951-97614-2-8
ISBN (Electronic): 978-951-97614-3-5
URLs:
https://tampub.uta.fi/bitstream/handle/10024/102204/koulutuksen%20ja%20tutkimuksen_2017.pdf?sequence=1
Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Professional

Liite 6: Yleistä kaivannaisjätealueista ja patoturvallisuudesta

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D2 Article in professional manuals or guides or professional information systems or text book material

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Earth Constructions

Contributors: Leppänen, M., Välisalo, T. (ed.), Laasonen, J.

Publication date: 2014

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Kaivosten stressitesti 2013

Publisher: Ympäristöministeriö

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-4269-7

Publication series

Name: Ympäristöministeriön raportteja

URLs:

http://www.ym.fi/fi-FI/Ajankohtaista/Julkaisut/YMra_22014_Kaivosten_stressitesti_2013%2828221%29

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Chapter › Professional

Kokeellinen tutkimus savupiipun läpivientieristeen orgaanisen aineen palamisen vaikutuksesta paloturvallisuuteen

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Responsible Construction

Contributors: Leppänen, P., Malaska, M.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 15-20

Publication date: 29 Aug 2017

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Pelastustieto : Palotutkimuksen päivät 2017, erikoisnumero

Publisher: Palo- ja pelastustieto ry

Publication series

Name: Pelastustieto

ISSN (Print): 0031-0476

URLs:

https://issuu.com/pelastustieto/docs/ptp_2017_36e7f91f6c7cf2

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Deterioration mechanisms and life cycle of concrete monoblock railway sleepers in Finnish conditions

Thirty eight sleepers aged 30 to 40 years old were removed from Finnish railway lines and were loaded. Twelve new sleepers were also tested. The old sleepers fulfilled most of the requirements specified for the new ones. The old sleepers were also much more resistant to loading than predicted by structural calculations. The purpose of field tests was to establish the role of traffic loads in the life-cycle of sleepers: the actual stresses and moments in sleepers due to traffic loads; the distribution of the load through the underside of the sleeper to the ballast; and the variation in ballast-sleeper reaction on different sections of track in different seasons. Strain changes at the top surfaces of sleepers were measured on tracks while the rail was loaded by passing trains. Ballast-sleeper reactions tended to be concentrated under the rail along a length of sleeper of approximately 350 mm towards the centre of the track. The mean bending moments determined at the rail seat and centre of sleepers were about ± 2.5 kNm, and the maximum moments were up to ± 10 kNm. The purpose of fatigue loading tests was to analyse the long term properties of the sleepers and the effect of fatigue on the stiffness of sleepers. Several load levels were chosen in order to estimate the significance of the fatigue in a real operating situation. The fatigue limit determined based on the loading tests and the computational limit state of crack formation were clearly higher than the bending moments measured in the field tests.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Vaativat rakenteet, Research group: Concrete and Bridge Structures, Research group: Track Structures

Contributors: Kerokoski, O., Rantala, T., Nurmikolu, A.

Publication date: 31 May 2016

Host publication information

Title of host publication: WCRR 2016 Proceedings : 11th World congress on railway research, 29.5-2.6.2016, Milano

URLs:

<http://www.wcrr2016.org/>

Bibliographical note

ei isbn 8.12.16

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Dry Toilet Sanitation as an Alternative Solution to the Rural Ethiopia

This paper intended to explore the sanitation situation of the rural Ethiopia and evaluate how the existing situation can welcome dry toilet as an alternative for sanitation. The study was based on the field survey, literature reviews and field observation during November–December of 2012 and 2013, and June 2014. The survey found out that a lot has been done in the area, but it is too early to declare that the question is solved. In terms of DT sanitation policy and promotion intra-ministerial collaborations are improving. Moreover, the traditional use of night soil for the crops that are eaten cooked is an interesting part to be taken into account when considering dry toilet.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering

Contributors: Behailu, B. M.

Number of pages: 7

Publication date: Aug 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Dry Toilet 2015 : 5th International Dry Toilet Conference

Electronic versions:

Dry_Toilet_Sanitation_as_an_Alternative

URLs:

http://www.huussi.net/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/Beshah-M.-Behailu_Full-paper_DT2015.pdf

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201708071661>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Are Finns walking the talk?: Examining the national collaboration process on engineering education for sustainable development five years later

In 2009, the National Collaboration Group for Finnish Engineering Education published a proposal for action on sustainable development (SD). The aim of this paper is to analyze how the three main universities providing engineering education have fulfilled their commitments. The study consists of interviews with key stakeholders supplemented with the analysis of documented material. It is argued that the studied universities are now committed to SD in their strategies. However, a lot of work remains to be done before the strategies are implemented and SD is integrated to all degree programmes. Recommendations for the next steps are presented.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, The Education Fund

Contributors: Takala, A., Korhonen-Yrjänheikki, K.

Publication date: 1 Jun 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Conference on Engineering Education for Sustainable Development (7th : 2015 : Vancouver, B.C.)

DOIs:

10.14288/1.0064702

URLs:

<https://open.library.ubc.ca/cIRcle/collections/52657/items/1.0064702>

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Test in scala reale su argille sensibili: l'esperienza finlandese

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Foundation Structures

Contributors: D'Ignazio, M.

Publication date: May 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: 5 IAGIG, Incontro Annuale dei Giovani Ingegneri Geotecnici

Place of publication: Rome

URLs:

http://www.iagig.unisa.it/iagig_2015/iagig2015atti

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Erosion testing of filled and/or reinforced vinyl ester composites in water medium at elevated temperature

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Materials Science, Research group: Plastics and Elastomer Technology, Outotec Research Center

Contributors: Siljander, S., Kiviniemi, M., Sarlin, E., Lindgren, M., Suihkonen, R., Vuorinen, J.

Number of pages: 10

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Proceedings of the 20th International Conference on Composite Materials

URLs:

<http://iccm20.org/fullpapers/file?f=BJk14rEQqP>

Bibliographical note

ISBN kysytty, ei löydy / TL

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Factors affecting the elimination capacity of a passive methane biofilter

Passive biofilters are used for controlling CH₄ emissions from different sources with the help of methanotrophic bacteria. The CH₄ elimination capacity of a biofilter can be affected by different factors, such as the structure and composition of the filter material and formation of bacterial exopolymeric saccharides (EPS). Recognising these factors and resolving their effect on the elimination capacity is important for efficient greenhouse gas emission control. Hence, we studied the evolution of the elimination capacity of a passive CH₄ biofilter containing soil as low-cost filter material. We aimed at identifying the factors affecting the elimination capacity and tested the effectiveness of a mechanical regeneration method for improving the operation efficiency. A laboratory-scale biofilter containing landfill soil was operated for 148 days. The CH₄ removal efficiency reached 70 % in the beginning of the operation (0–7 days), but stabilised at 25 % after 50 days. The filter bed was mixed and loosened twice during the operation. As a result, the glucose content of the soil representing the clogging agent secreted by bacteria (EPS) remained stable throughout the experiment (23 mg g_{dw}⁻¹) and O₂ penetrated deeper in the filter bed indicating improved gas diffusion. However, the CH₄ removal efficiency did not increase from 25–30 %. The reason for this remained unknown, but the results indicated that soil as filter material was able to maintain its elimination capacity despite the formation of EPS. Mixing was shown to be an effective and necessary method for improving the gas diffusion properties of the filter bed.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry

Contributors: Maanoja, S., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 6

Pages: 83-88

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: BioTechniques Ghent 2015 The 6th international conference on biotechniques for air pollution control : Conference Proceedings

Keywords: Methane, Biofiltration, Passive operation, Landfill soil

Bibliographical note

ISBN kysytty, HO.

Ei ole, HO.

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

A study of a condensing heat exchanger and electrostatic precipitator combination for small-scale wood combustion

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Physics, Research area: Aerosol Physics, Research area: Optics, Research group: The Instrumentation, Emissions, and Atmospheric Aerosols Group

Contributors: Grigonyte, J., Sippula, O., Tissari, J., Laitinen, A., Keskinen, J., Kortelainen, M., Lamberg, H., Jokiniemi, J.

Publication date: 2015

Host publication information

Title of host publication: European Aerosol Conference 2015 : EAC 2015, Milan, Italy

Article number: 2COA_P021

Bibliographical note

ISBN kysytty, HO.

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

L'oxydation chimique pour la remediation des sols contamines par des composes recalcitrants. Cas de la chlordecone

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D3 Professional conference proceedings

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering

Contributors: Tuhkanen, T.

Pages: 8-11

Publication date: 2011

Host publication information

Title of host publication: Remediation a la pollution par la chlordecone aux Antilles, No 9-10, Avril 2011

Publisher: Le Lamentin

Publication series

Name: Les Cahiers du PRAM

ISSN (Print): 1638-3974

Bibliographical note

Chapter in a book + oral presentation
Contribution: organisation=keb bio,FACT1=1
Publisher name: Le Lamentin

Source: researchoutputwizard

Source ID: 7404

Research output: Chapter in Book/Report/Conference proceeding › Conference contribution › Professional

Merkittävimmät päästövähennystoimet ilmastonmuutoksen hillitsemiseksi

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute, Luonnonvarakeskus, Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Auvinen, K., Maanavilja, L., Seppälä, J., Sankelo, P., Mäkinen, J., Sarkkola, S., Helonheimo, T., Saikku, L., Lounasheimo, J., Riekkinen, V.

Number of pages: 4

Publication date: 15 May 2020

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus (SYKE)

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-5164-4

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

<https://issuu.com/suomenymparistokeskus/docs/canemure->

[bestpractices_paastovahennystoimet?fr=sYzFmYTE0MDE4OTQ](https://issuu.com/suomenymparistokeskus/docs/canemure-bestpractices_paastovahennystoimet?fr=sYzFmYTE0MDE4OTQ)

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Autolaskurin käyttöopas ja laskennan perusteet

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute, University of Helsinki

Contributors: Seppälä, J., Munther, J., Viri, R., Liimatainen, H., Weaver, S., Ollikainen, M.

Publication date: 13 Dec 2019

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ilmastopaneeli

Volume: 11

Edition: 2019

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

https://www.ilmastopaneeli.fi/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/Ilmastopaneeli_autolaskuri_k%C3%A4ytt%C3%B6opas-ja-laskennan-perusteet_FINAL.pdf

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Sähköautoilla suuri vähennys päästöihin - pian myös kilpailukykyiseen hintaan

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute, Helsingin yliopisto, University of Helsinki

Contributors: Seppälä, J., Munther, J., Viri, R., Liimatainen, H., Weaver, S., Ollikainen, M.

Publication date: 13 Dec 2019

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ilmastopaneeli

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

https://www.ilmastopaneeli.fi/wp-content/uploads/2019/12/Ilmastopaneeli_raportti_sahkoautoA4_v03.pdf

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Joukkoliikenteellä on tärkeä rooli liikenteen päästöjen vähentämisessä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Mäkinen, J., Mela, H.

Number of pages: 4

Publication date: 28 Nov 2019

Publication information

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus (SYKE)

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-5114-9

Original language: Finnish

Electronic versions:

Canemure-BestPractices_Joukkoliikenne_28-11-2019

URLs:

<http://www.hiilineutraalisuomi.fi/download/noname/%7BC3B35663-2258-464D-B5BB-7A9ACA201C25%7D/151880>

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202001311730>

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Vaihtoehtoisten käyttövoimien hyödyntäminen kaupunkiliikenteen linja-autoissa

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Judl, J., Mäkinen, J.

Number of pages: 4

Publication date: 28 Nov 2019

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus (SYKE)

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-5116-3

Original language: Finnish

Electronic versions:

Canemure-BestPractices_Kaupunkiliikenteen-linja-autot_28-11-2019

URLs:

<http://www.hiilineutraalisuomi.fi/download/noname/%7B3FCB097D-B044-4C1F-9BF4-9C9FBCE1EF91%7D/151882>

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tuni-202001311729>

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Utilising alternative fuels and technologies in city buses

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne, Suomen ympäristökeskus SYKE - Finnish Environment Institute

Contributors: Judl, J., Mäkinen, J.

Number of pages: 4

Publication date: 28 Nov 2019

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus (SYKE)

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-5142-2

Original language: English

URLs:

https://issuu.com/suomenymparistokeskus/docs/canemure-bestpractices_buses_28-11-2019?fr=sYWY5ZDEyNDU1ODA

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Sähköautoilun edistäminen vaatii latausmahdollisuuksien kehittämistä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne

Contributors: Liimatainen, H., Utriainen, R., Viri, R.

Number of pages: 7

Publication date: 29 Aug 2018

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ilmastopaneeli

Original language: Finnish

Electronic versions:

Julkaisu

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:NBN:fi:tty-201812172861>

<https://www.ilmastopaneeli.fi/tiedotteet/kunnilla-ja-taloyhtiolla-on-merkittava-rooli-sahkoautoilun-edistamisessa-nyt-taloyhtion-paatos-voi-estaa-latauspisteiden-rakentamisen/>

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional

Puurakenteiden uudelleenkäyttömahdollisuudet

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Service Life Engineering of Structures, Architecture, Research group: Built Environment in Transition

Contributors: Huuhka, S., Köliö, A., Annala, P., Poti, A.

Number of pages: 63

Publication date: Jan 2018

Publication information

Place of publication: Tampere

Publisher: Tampere University of Technology

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-15-4075-2

Original language: Finnish

Publication series

Name: Muuttuva rakennettu ympäristö

Publisher: Tampere University of Technology. Architecture.

No.: 4

ISSN (Electronic): 2489-4281

Name: Rakennetekniikka. Tutkimusraportti.

Publisher: Tampere University of Technology. Civil Engineering.

No.: 165

Electronic versions:

Puurakenteiden_uudelleenkäyttömahdollisuudet

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-15-4075-2>

Research output: Book/Report > Commissioned report > Professional

Reducing CO2 emissions from freight: Recent developments in freight transport in the Nordic countries and instruments for CO2 reductions

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering, Research group: Transport Research Centre Verne

Contributors: Pinchasik, D., Hovi, I. B., Vierth, I., Mellin, A., Liimatainen, H., Kristensen, N.

Number of pages: 129

Publication date: 2018

Publication information

Publisher: NORDIC COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

ISBN (Print): 978-92-893-5901-6

ISBN (Electronic): 978-92-893-5902-3

Original language: English

Publication series

Name: Temanord

ISSN (Print): 0908-6692

DOIs:

10.6027/TN2018-554

Research output: Book/Report > Commissioned report > Professional

Liikenteen päästötavoitteiden saavuttaminen 2030 - politiikkatoimenpiteiden tarkastelu

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Civil Engineering

Contributors: Liimatainen, H., Viri, R.

Publication date: 30 May 2017

Publication information

Publisher: Suomen ilmastopaneeli

Original language: Finnish

URLs:

http://www.ilmastopaneeli.fi/uploads/selvitykset_lausunnot/Ilmastopaneeli_Liikenne_2017.pdf

Research output: Book/Report > Commissioned report > Professional

Rakennusten energiankulutuksen perusskenaario Suomessa 2015-2050

Ilmaston lämpenemistä aiheuttavista kasvihuonekaasupäästöistä noin 80 % on peräisin energian tuotannosta ja kulutuksesta (ml. liikenne), mikä tarkoittaa, että energia- ja ilmastopolitiikka ovat tiivis kokonaisuus. Vuonna 2016 Suomessa valmisteltiin uutta energia- ja ilmastostrategiaa, johon kuuluu myös skenaarioiden valmistelu. Tässä raportissa esitetty työ tukee strategian valmistelutyötä. Raportti jakaantuu kahteen osaan: rakennuskannan energiankäytön ennustamiseen ja puun pienpolton lisäämisen tarkasteluihin. Työssä tehtiin rakennustyypeittäin perusskenaarion mukainen tarkastelu, joka jatkaa tulevaisuuteen energiatilastojen lukuja vuodesta 2015 aina vuoteen 2050. Perusskenaariolla arvioidaan jo päätettyjen ja toimeenpantujen politiikkatoimien vaikutusta tulevaisuuden kehitykseen. Rakennuskannan energiankäytön osalta tehtiin ennuste peruskehityksestä ja lisäksi matalamman talouskasvun ennuste. Energiankulutus on esitetty sekä hankitun energian tasolla että hyötyenergiana. Varsinaisten asuinrakennusten (pientalot, rivi- ja ketjutalot, asuinkerrostalot) hankitun energian määrässä on pieni laskeva trendi, mutta energiantarve pysyy oleellisesti samalla tasolla tarkasteluajanjaksolla. Aurinkolämmön kehitykselle muodostettiin maltillinen lineaariseen kasvuun perustuva ennuste. Toiseksi työssä tarkasteltiin puun pienpolton lisäämisestä aiheutuvia pienhiukkaspäästöjä ja niiden vaikutusta väestöaltistukseen. Laskentaesimerkin perusteella voidaan todeta, että myös modernien, verrattain vähäpäästöisten varaavien takkojen kasvava käyttö lisää hengitysilman pienhiukkaspitoisuuksia.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Department of Civil Engineering, Research group: Real estate development

Contributors: Mattinen, M., Heljo, J., Savolahti, M.

Number of pages: 66

Publication date: 13 Sep 2016

Publication information

Place of publication: Helsinki

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus

ISBN (Electronic): 978-952-11-4644-2

Original language: Finnish

Publication series

Name: Suomen ympäristökeskuksen raportteja

Publisher: Suomen ympäristökeskus

No.: 35/2016

ISSN (Electronic): 1796-1726

Keywords: rakennuskanta, energiankulutus, skenaario, pienhiukkaset, päästöt, strategiatyö

URLs:

<https://helda.helsinki.fi/handle/10138/166673>

Research output: Book/Report > Commissioned report > Professional

Ravinnevisio: Selvitys Pirkanmaan puhdistamolietteiden ja biojätteiden ravinteista ja niiden potentiaalisesta käytöstä

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: D4 Published development or research report or study

Organisations: Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Research group: Industrial Bioengineering and Applied Organic Chemistry, Natural Resources Institute Finland (Luke)

Contributors: Mönkäre, T., Kinnunen, V., Tampio, E., Ervasti, S., Lehtonen, E., Kettunen, R., Rasi, S., Rintala, J.

Number of pages: 56

Publication date: Jun 2016

Publication information

Publisher: Pirkanmaan ELY-keskus

ISBN (Print): 978-952-314-489-7

Original language: Finnish

Publication series

Name: Raportteja

Publisher: Pirkanmaan ELY-keskus

No.: 74

ISSN (Electronic): 2242-2854

URLs:

<http://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-314-489-7>

Research output: Book/Report › Commissioned report › Professional