

Approximate Controllability for Navier–Stokes Equations in 3D Rectangles Under Lions Boundary Conditions

The 3D Navier–Stokes system, under Lions boundary conditions, is proven to be approximately controllable provided a suitable saturating set does exist. An explicit saturating set for 3D rectangles is given.

General information

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MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Mathematics, Johann Radon Institute for Computational and Applied Mathematics

Contributors: Phan, D., Rodrigues, S. S.

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ASJC Scopus subject areas: Control and Systems Engineering, Algebra and Number Theory, Numerical Analysis, Control and Optimization

Keywords: Approximate controllability, Navier–Stokes equations, Saturating set

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Research output: Contribution to journal > Article > Scientific > peer-review

A graph theoretic approach to construct desired cryptographic boolean functions

In this paper, we present four product operations to construct cryptographic boolean functions from smaller ones with predictable Walsh spectrum. A lot of cryptographic properties of boolean functions can be presented by their Walsh spectrum. In our method, we use the product of Cayley graphs to present new boolean functions with desired Walsh spectrum and investigate their non-linearity, algebraic and correlation immunity.

General information

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Organisations: Computing Sciences, Research group: Predictive Society and Data Analytics (PSDA), Teacher Training University, University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria, School of Management, Hall in Tyrol, Nankai University

Contributors: Ghorbani, M., Dehmer, M., Taghvayi-Yazdelli, V., Emmert-Streib, F.

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Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Analysis, Algebra and Number Theory, Mathematical Physics, Logic, Geometry and Topology

Keywords: Algebraic immunity, Boolean functions, Cayley graphs, Non-linearity, Walsh spectrum

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Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

A note on distance-based entropy of dendrimers

This paper introduces a variant of entropy measures based on vertex eccentricity and applies it to all graphs representing the isomers of octane. Taking into account the vertex degree as well (degree-ecc-entropy), we find a good correlation with the acentric factor of octane isomers. In particular, we compute the degree-ecc-entropy for three classes of dendrimer graphs.

General information

Publication status: Published

MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Computing Sciences, Research group: Computational Medicine and Statistical Learning Laboratory (CMSL), Research group: Predictive Society and Data Analytics (PSDA), Shahid Rajaei Teacher Training University, University of Applied Sciences Upper Austria, Hall in Tyrol, Nankai University, The City College of New York (CUNY)

Contributors: Ghorbani, M., Dehmer, M., Zangi, S., Mowshowitz, A., Emmert-Streib, F.

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ISSN (Print): 2075-1680

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Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Analysis, Algebra and Number Theory, Mathematical Physics, Logic, Geometry and Topology

Keywords: Dendrimer, Graph entropy, Vertex eccentricity

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Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

On the spectral and Frobenius norm of a generalized Fibonacci r-circulant matrix

Consider the recursion $g_0 = a$, $g_1 = b$, $g_n = g_{n-1} + g_{n-2}$, $n = 2, 3, \dots$. We compute the Frobenius norm of the r-circulant matrix corresponding to g_0, \dots, g_{n-1} . We also give three lower bounds (with equality conditions) for the spectral norm of this matrix. For this purpose, we present three ways to estimate the spectral norm from below in general.

General information

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MoE publication type: A1 Journal article-refereed

Organisations: Mathematics, Lulea University of Technology

Contributors: Merikoski, J. K., Haukkanen, P., Mattila, M., Tossavainen, T.

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Publication information

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Original language: English

ASJC Scopus subject areas: Algebra and Number Theory, Geometry and Topology

Keywords: Euclidean norm, Frobenius norm, generalized Fibonacci numbers, r-circulant matrix, spectral norm

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Toward measuring network aesthetics based on symmetry

In this exploratory paper, we discuss quantitative graph-theoretical measures of network aesthetics. Related work in this area has typically focused on geometrical features (e.g., line crossings or edge bendiness) of drawings or visual representations of graphs which purportedly affect an observer's perception. Here we take a very different approach, abandoning reliance on geometrical properties, and apply information-theoretic measures to abstract graphs and networks directly (rather than to their visual representations) as a means of capturing classical appreciation of structural symmetry. Examples are used solely to motivate the approach to measurement, and to elucidate our symmetry-based mathematical theory of network aesthetics.

General information

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Organisations: Faculty of Biomedical Sciences and Engineering, Research group: Computational Medicine and Statistical Learning Laboratory (CMSL), Research group: Predictive Society and Data Analytics (PSDA), Nankai University, Institute for Bioinformatics and Translational Research, The City College of New York (CUNY)

Contributors: Chen, Z., Dehmer, M., Emmert-Streib, F., Mowshowitz, A., Shi, Y.

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Original language: English

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Research output: Contribution to journal › Article › Scientific › peer-review

On homomorphisms between products of median algebras

Homomorphisms of products of median algebras are studied with particular attention to the case when the codomain is a tree. In particular, we show that all mappings from a product (Formula presented.) of median algebras to a median algebra (Formula presented.) are essentially unary whenever the codomain (Formula presented.) is a tree. In view of this result, we also characterize trees as median algebras and semilattices by relaxing the defining conditions of conservative median algebras.

General information

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Organisations: Mathematics, Université de Lorraine, TEI of Epirus
Contributors: Couceiro, M., Foldes, S., Meletiou, G. C.
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Application and theory of Petri nets and other models of concurrency: Special issue of selected papers from Petri Nets 2015

General information

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Organisations: Department of Mathematics, Research group: MAT Computer Science and Applied Logics
Contributors: Devillers, R., Valmari, A., Penczek, W.
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Constructing Minimal Coverability Sets

This publication addresses two bottlenecks in the construction of minimal coverability sets of Petri nets: the detection of situations where the marking of a place can be converted to ω , and the manipulation of the set A of maximal ω -markings that have been found so far. For the former, a technique is presented that consumes very little time in addition to what maintaining A consumes. It is based on Tarjan's algorithm for detecting maximal strongly connected components of a directed graph. For the latter, a data structure is introduced that resembles BDDs and Covering Sharing Trees, but has additional heuristics designed for the present use. Results from a few experiments are shown. They demonstrate significant savings in running time and varying savings in memory consumption compared to an earlier state-of-the-art technique.

General information

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Organisations: Department of Mathematics, Research group: MAT Computer Science and Applied Logics
Contributors: Piipponen, A., Valmari, A.
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Keywords: antichain data structure, coverability set, Tarjan's algorithm

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